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DOE/PC/88882-1(App.A-I)  
(DE92000454)

**ANCILLARY OPERATIONS IN COAL PREPARATION INSTRUMENTATION  
ON-LINE LOW COST SULFUR AND ASH ANALYZER  
Final Report**

**By  
M. L. Malito**

**July 1991**

**Work Performed Under Contract No. AC22-88PC88882**

**For  
U.S. Department of Energy  
Pittsburgh Energy Technology Center  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania**

**By  
The Babcock & Wilcox Company  
Alliance, Ohio**

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Report DOE/PC/88882-1  
(B&W RDD 91:4554-07-01:01)

Prepared by

M. L. Malito

Sponsored by

The U.S. Department of Energy  
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P.O. Box 10940  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15236

Work Performed under Contract DE-AC22-88PC88882

The Babcock & Wilcox Company  
Research and Development Division  
Alliance Research Center  
1562 Beeson Street  
Alliance, Ohio 44601



APPENDIX A

GRINDER TESTING AT NETZSCH LABORATORIES



**NETZSCH INCORPORATED**

GRINDING & DISPERSION EQUIPMENT DEPARTMENT

January 10, 1990

Dr. Randy Sarkis  
Babcock & Wilcox  
1562 Beeson Avenue  
Alliance, OH 44601

Dear Randy:

Attached please find the test data for grinding the Pittsburgh # 8 and upper freeport coals.

Should you have any further questions please do not hesitate contacting either our sales representative, Maroon Chemical, (216) 333-0020, or our office.

Best regards,

Harry Way  
Manager, Customer Service Laboratory

CC: Mr. Mark Reichard



## LABORATORY TEST DATA SHEET

Date of test: 01/05/90	Test Number: 2/2528/90
Company Name	Babcock & Wilcox
Present From Customer	
Present from Netzsch	Brad Titus, Harry Way
Product	Coal, Illinois # 6, Upper Freeport

	# 6	# 6	UF	UF	
PASS / VARIATION	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	
Pigment Solids (%)	20.0	5.0	20.0	5.0	
Dispersant (% by weight of coal)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Solvent (%)	80.0	95.0	80.0	95.0	
Inlet Product Viscosity (cp)					
Inlet Product Temp. (C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	
Mill Type	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4	
Motor Power (Hp)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Max. Amperage at 480 Volts	7.6	7.6	76.0	7.6	
Pump Type	NES20	NES20	NES20	NES20	

Media Type	Steel	Steel	Steel	Steel	
Media Size (mm)	1.1 x 1.1	1.1 x 1.10	1.1 x 1.10	1.1 x 1.10	
Media Charge (%)	90	90	90	90	
Cooling Water Inlet Temp. (C)	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	
Cooling Water Outlet Temp. (C)					
Cooling Water Flow Rate (l/min)	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
Agitator Speed (rpm)	1890	1989	1832	1843	
Production Rate (l/min)	1	1	1	1	
Residence Time (min)	1.91	1.91	1.91	1.91	
Product Outlet Viscosity (cp)					
Product Outlet Temp. (C)	27.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	
Chamber Pressure (bar)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Current Consumption (amps)	7.90	7.50	7.50	6.50	
Fineness Microns, 90 % <	17.73	23.1	10.21	13.64	
Obtained MV ( Mean Volume Dia.)	8.83	12.08	4.83	6.31	

Sample Identification	1	2	3	4	
Working Volume Calculations	Remarks				

LME 4 at 90 % :  
(4.15 Liters \* 0.9 \* 0.4) + (4.15 \* 0.1) = 1.91 Liters



## LABORATORY TEST DATA SHEET

Date of test:	11/17/89	Test Number:	2/2521/89
Company Name	Babcock and Wilcox		
Present From Customer			
Present from Netzsch	Brad Titus, Harry Way		
Product	Coal water slurry, Pittsburgh # 8		

PASS / VARIATION	1/1	1/2	1/3			
Pigment Solids (%)	20.0	20.0	20.0			
Dispersant (%)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Solvent (%)	79.0	79.0	79.0			
Inlet Product Viscosity (cp)						
Inlet Product Temp. (C)	20.0	20.0	20.0			
Mill Type	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4			
Motor Power (Hp)	5.0	5.0	5.0			
Max. Amperage at 480 Volts	7.6	7.6	7.6			
Pump Type	NES20	NES20	NES20			

Media Type	Steel	Steel	Steel			
Media Size (mm)	1.1 x	1.1 x	1.1 x			
Media Charge (%)	90	90	90			
Cooling Water Inlet Temp. (C)						
Cooling Water Outlet Temp. (C)						
Cooling Water Flow Rate (l/min)	30.0	30.0	30.0			
Agitator Speed (rpm)	2160	2163	2163			
Production Rate (l/min)	1	0.5	0.25			
Residence Time (min)	1.91	3.82	7.64			
Product Outlet Viscosity (cp)						
Product Outlet Temp. (C)	34.0	42.0	45.0			
Chamber Pressure (bar)	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Current Consumption (amps)	7.00	6.70	6.30			
Fineness Microns, 90 % <	12.31	11.19	10.66			
Obtained MV (Mean Volume Dia.)	5.65	5.44	5.15			
Sample Identification	1/1	1/2	1/3			
Working Volume Calculations	Remarks					

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## LABORATORY TEST DATA SHEET

Date of test:	10/20/89	Test Number:	2/2515/89
Company Name	Babcock & Wilcox		
Present From Customer	Randy Sarkis		
Present from Netzsch	Harry Way		
Product	Coal Water slurry, upper freeport, cleaned		

PASS / VARIATION	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4
Pigment Solids (%)	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Solvent (%)	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
Inlet Product Viscosity (cp)				
Inlet Product Temp. (C)				
Mill Type	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4
Motor Power (Hp)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Max. Amperage at 480 Volts	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6
Pump Type	NES20	NES20	NES20	NES20

Media Type	Steel	Steel	Steel	Steel
Media Size (mm)	2	2.00	2.00	2.00
Media Charge (%)	80	80	80	80
Cooling Water Inlet Temp. (C)	9.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Cooling Water Outlet Temp. (C)	12.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Cooling Water Flow Rate (l/min)	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Agitator Speed (rpm)	2200	2200	2200	2200
Production Rate (l/min)	1	0.56	0.26	2.1
Residence Time (min)	2.16	3.90	8.30	1.00
Product Outlet Viscosity (cp)				
Product Outlet Temp. (C)	23.0	23.0	24.0	24.0
Chamber Pressure (bar)	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.20
Current Consumption (amps)	6.50	6.00	5.70	6.00
Fineness Microns, 90 % <	23.23	20.82	17.4	26.85
Obtained MV (Mean Volume Dia.)	10.78	9.53	7.91	12.34
Sample Identification	1	2	3	4

Working Volume Calculations      Remarks

LME 4 at 80 % ball charge :

(4.15 liters \* 0.80 \* 0.40) + (4.15 Liters \* 0.20) = 2.16 liters

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## LABORATORY TEST DATA SHEET

Date of test:	10/20/89	Test Number:	2/2515/89
Company Name	Babcock & Wilcox		
Present From Customer	Randy Sarkis		
Present from Netzsch	Harry Way		
Product	Coal/water slurry, Pittsburgh # 8 -100 mesh		
PASS / VARIATION	1/8	1/9	1/10
Pigment Solids (%)	20.0	20.0	20.0
Solvent (%)	80.0	80.0	80.0
Inlet Product Viscosity (cp)			
Inlet Product Temp. (C)			
Mill Type	LME 4	LME 4	LME 4
Motor Power (Hp)	5.0	5.0	5.0
Max. Amperage at 480 Volts	7.6	7.6	7.6
Pump Type	NES20	NES20	NES20
Media Type	Steel	Steel	Steel
Media Size (mm)	2	2.00	2.00
Media Charge (%)	80	80	80
Cooling Water Inlet Temp. (C)	7.0	7.0	7.0
Cooling Water Outlet Temp. (C)	10.0	10.0	10.0
Cooling Water Flow Rate (l/min)	12.0	12.0	12.0
Agitator Speed (rpm)	2200	2200	2200
Production Rate (l/min)	1	0.5	0.25
Residence Time (min)	2.16	4.30	8.60
Product Outlet Viscosity (cp)			
Product Outlet Temp. (C)	22.0	25.0	25.0
Chamber Pressure (bar)	0.10	0.00	0.00
Current Consumption (amps)	6.00	5.90	5.80
Fineness Microns, 90 % <	24.17	20.21	18.65
Obtained MV (mean volume dia.)	11.24	9.51	8.89
Sample Identification	8	9	10
Working Volume Calculations	Remarks		

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**APPENDIX B**

**TEST PLAN FOR ANALYSIS OF FIELD COLLECTED COAL SLURRIES BY ICP-AES**

ANCILLARY OPERATIONS IN COAL PREPARATION  
ON-LINE LOW-COST SULFUR AND ASH ANALYSIS

TEST PLAN

FOR

ANALYSIS OF FIELD COLLECTED COAL SLURRIES  
BY ICP-AES

Prepared by:  
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Prepared for:  
U. S. Department of Energy  
Pittsburgh Energy Technology Center  
P. O. Box 10940  
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DOE: DE-AC22-88PC88882  
B&W CRD 1222

DRAFT NOV 28,1990



## 1. Introduction/Scope

The purpose of this document is to define the testing to be performed on field collected coal slurry samples by ICP-AES (Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy). A total of 20 samples (8 from an Upper Freeport coal and 12 from an Oklahoma coal) are to be analyzed in triplicate for the elements S, Si, Al, Fe, Ca, AND Mg.

For each of the two coal slurry types (Upper Freeport and Oklahoma), a container of slurry labeled "calibration" has been prepared. These calibration slurries may be used to get the system "tuned" (note that the volume of the field collected slurries is relatively small and cannot be used to "tune" the system). The calibration slurries were made from the slurry collected from the drain from the second sampling stage during the field testing.

## 2. Equipment

a B&W ICP-AES. Model Applied Research Laboratories 35000 C ICP consisting of RF-generator, "torch box", Argon supply, Argon purged spectrometer, DEC PDP11/03L microprocessor, and DEC-writer printer.

b Nebulizer/Spray Chamber.

ARL MDSN (see figure 1)

c Slurry feed pump.

Gilson Peristaltic Pump  
Model Minipuls 3  
S/N 618A9045

d Mixer.

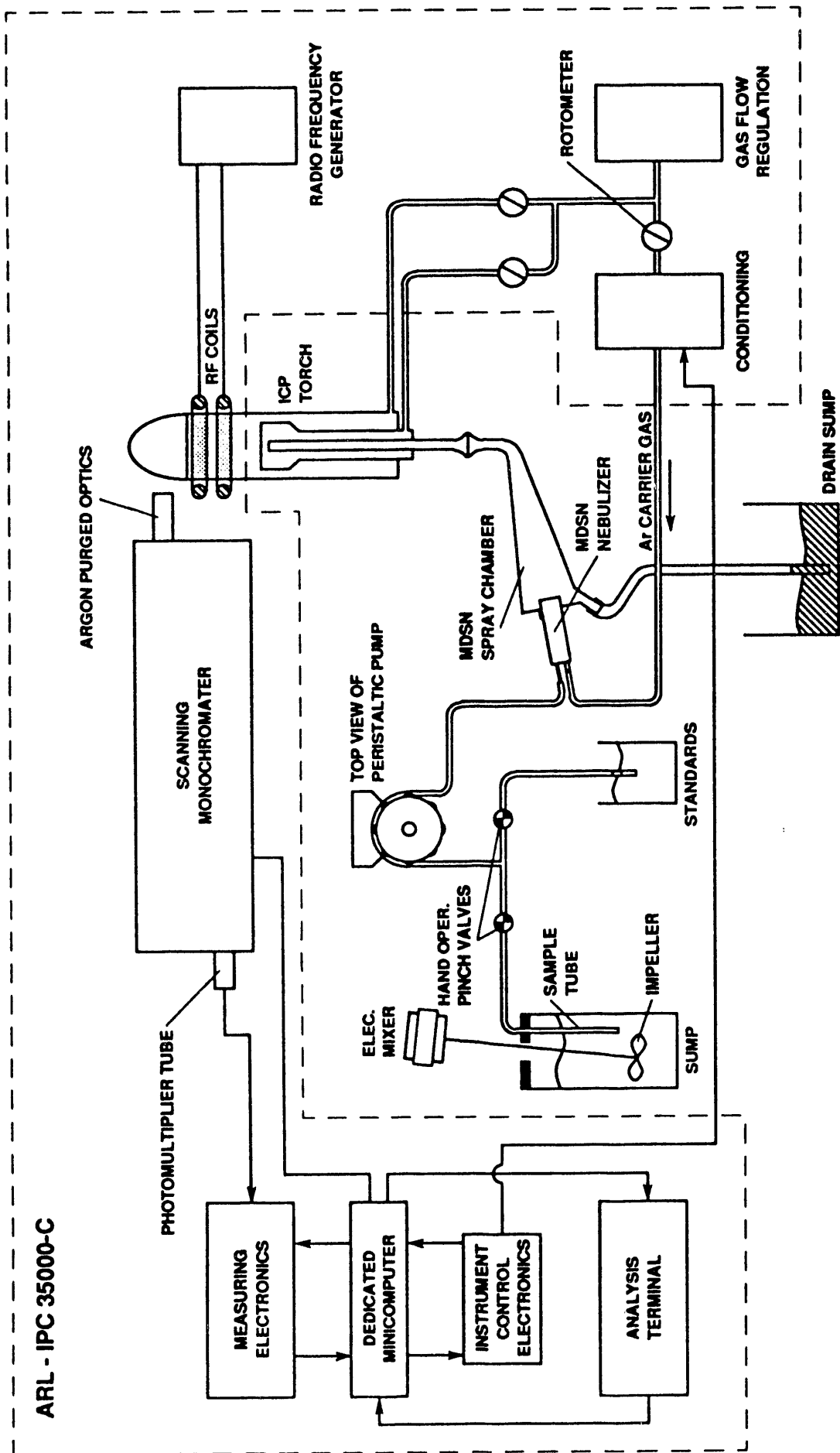
Cole Parmer Type CT21-18 motor  
Cole Parmer Model 4651 controller/mixer

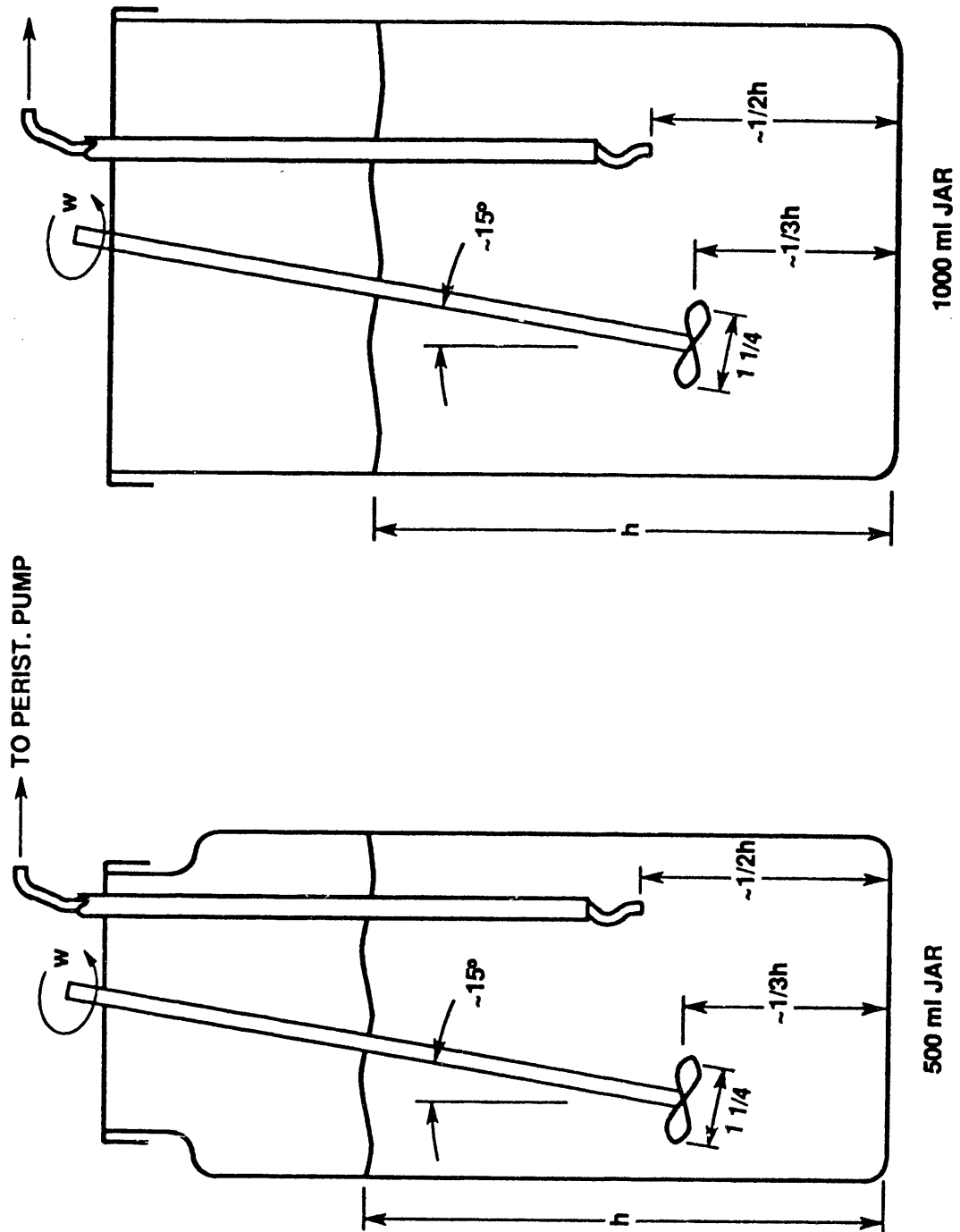
e Tygon Tubing.

Gilson 0.8 cc/m (red tabs)

f Impellers.

3 blade 1.25" dia. (for stirring 500 ml container)  
4 blade 1.75" dia. (for stirring 1000 ml container)





g Spring loaded laboratory pinch valves.

h Stopwatch

i Graduated Cylinder (0 - 10 cc)

### 3. Test Procedure

#### 3.1 Prepare Standards

Primary standards shall be prepared for the purpose of calibrating the ICP. The primary standards should contain each element to be investigated in concentrations exceeding the maximum concentration expected in the coal slurries. Secondary standards shall also be prepared for the purpose of checking the calibration accuracy periodically during testing. The secondary standards shall contain lower concentrations (e.g. approximating the average of the concentration expected in the coal slurries) of each element than the primary standards. Since two different coal slurry types will be tested (an Upper Freeport and an Oklahoma bituminous), it is desirable to prepare two sets of standards:

Element	U.F.-Standard (PPM)		Okla-Standard (PPM)	
	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
S	50	20	100	50
Si	50	20	200	100
Al	50	20	100	50
Fe	50	20	100	50
Ca	10	5	50	20
Mg	5	2	10	5

### 3.2 Set-Up Equipment

Set up the equipment as depicted in figure 1. The following parameters are suggested based upon prior testing:

$Q_{anal} = 2 - 4 \text{ ml/min}$

$Q_{Ar} = \text{as low as practical (approx. } 0.3 \text{ l/min)}$

RF-Power 1.25 kW

Mixer - 200 RPM (max speed in low gear)

- angled slightly at approx 2/3 depth of fluid height

Sample Tube - to a depth of 1/2 fluid height

### 3.3 Shake-Down Testing.

Using a stop watch, a graduated cylinder and a beaker of water, set the peristaltic pump to pump at approx. 3 ml/min.

Since the quantity of field collected samples is limited, precaution must be taken to "tune" the system prior to consuming the samples. Two liter containers of "calibration" slurry has been provided for that purpose. The calibration slurries, FGU (Upper Freeport) and CGO (Oklahoma), contain 44 PPM S and 53 PPM S respectively based upon analyses done at B&W using a LECO analyzer. These concentrations include sulfur in suspended coal as well sulfur in solution (i.e. background). The ICP shall be calibrated using primary standards and the calibration samples analyzed. The ICP parameters defined in section 3.2 may be adjusted to provide better accuracy and repeatability.

With the parameters selected, the calibration slurries shall be analyzed in triplicate for S.

At the conclusion of the shakedown testing the peristaltic pump rate shall be checked and recorded. Small changes in the rate at which the pump operates is expected due to wear of the tygon tubing. Changes of as much as 10 % can be tolerated. If the rate changes by more than 10 %, the tygon tubing on the pump head shall be replaced.

### 3.4 Analysis of FGU Sample Slurries

#### 3.4.1 ICP Calibration

Using a stop watch, a graduated cylinder and a beaker of water, set the peristaltic pump to pump at approx. 3 ml/min.

The ICP shall be calibrated using the appropriate primary standards. The results of the calibration shall be recorded on data sheet A. Be sure to not the value of  $Q_{Ar}$  since this is a critical parameter.

#### 3.4.2 Analysis of Samples

Each of the FGU samples shall be analyzed for the six elements (S, Si, Al, Fe, Ca, Mg) in triplicate. After the third trial, the secondary standard shall be analyzed. The results of the slurry analysis and the secondary standards shall be recorded on data sheet B (use a separate data sheet for each slurry sample).

Record the value of  $Q_{Ar}$  and Reflected Power regularly. If the value of  $Q_{Ar}$  or Refl. Power change, it may be necessary to clean the nebulizer and spray chamber and recalibrate the system.

At the conclusion of the sample analysis, the peristaltic pump rate shall be checked and recorded.

At the conclusion of the slurry analysis, the slurry shall be allowed to settle and a small amount of water poured through a .45 micron filter into a clean sample container. This water shall be analyzed in duplicate for the same elements using standard ICP apparatus rather than the MDSN nebulizer. The concentrations of elements in the water shall be recorded and labeled "background".

### 3.5 Analysis of CGO Sample Slurries

The procedure described above for the 8 FGU samples shall be repeated for the 12 CGO slurries.

### 3.6 Analysis of Well Water and Clarified Water.

The sample slurries that were collected at the field site were created by adding clarified water at the CQ facility to dry coal. In addition, the B&W sampling system diluted the slurry further with well water from the site (in order to ensure a slurry concentration of less than 3 % solids). Although the water from each slurry sample is analyzed for background concentrations, it is of interest to determine the concentration of elements in the push water and well water for reference. Two samples of the well water and two samples of the clarified water have been provided for analysis. These samples should be analyzed for the six relevant elements either using the set-up prepared for slurry analysis or by the normal ICP procedures (i.e. without peristaltic pump and MDSN nebulizer).

### 4.0 Test Matrix

Table 1 lists the 8 FGU slurry samples and the 12 CGO slurry samples to be analyzed. The estimated concentration of the elements in each of the slurries, ignoring the background concentrations in the water, is also presented. The estimates are based upon the tests run at the Homer City Coal Lab on the individual samples for sulfur and the reference sample (average for all samples) for the other elements. It is noted that the Homer City Coal Lab filters the slurry prior to analysis and therefore reports the elemental concentration in the suspended solids only. For certain of the elements, the background concentrations in the water may significantly increase the estimated concentrations presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1 : TEST MATRIX

FILE ICPSAMP1.WK1  
10/02/90

TEST SAMPLE ID	% SOLIDS	% ASH	ESTIMATED ELEMENTS IN SLURRY.....PPM									
			S	Si	Al	Fe	Ca	K	Mg	Na	Ti	P
FGU SC4 - 1	0.085	21.08	20	37	18	20	4.7	3.2	1.1	0.2	0.3	0.2
FGU SC4 - 2	0.097	20.71	23	42	21	23	5.3	3.7	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
FGU SC4 - 3	0.097	20.46	23	42	21	23	5.3	3.7	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
FGU SC4 - 4	0.083	21.47	21	36	18	20	4.6	3.2	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
FGU SC4 - 5	0.083	20.70	20	36	18	20	4.6	3.2	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
FGU SC4 - 6	0.090	20.32	23	39	20	22	5.0	3.4	1.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
FGU SC4 - 7	0.097	20.31	25	42	21	23	5.3	3.7	1.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
FGU SC4 - 8	0.092	20.22	23	40	20	22	5.0	3.5	1.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
CGO SC4 - 1	0.812	7.72	54	179	75	74	41.4	19.5	7.3	3.2	3.2	0.0
CGO SC4 - 2	0.780	8.20	53	172	73	71	39.8	18.7	7.0	3.1	3.1	0.0
CGO SC4 - 3	0.702	8.90	47	154	65	64	35.8	16.8	6.3	2.8	2.8	0.0
CGO SC4 - 4	0.667	9.45	44	147	62	61	34.0	16.0	6.0	2.7	2.7	0.0
CGO SC4 - 5	0.570	9.59	38	125	53	52	29.1	13.7	5.1	2.3	2.3	0.0
CGO SC4 - 6	0.570	9.91	40	125	53	52	29.1	13.7	5.1	2.3	2.3	0.0
CGO SC4 - 7	0.558	9.66	37	123	52	51	28.5	13.4	5.0	2.2	2.2	0.0
CGO SC4 - 8	0.570	9.91	37	125	53	52	29.1	13.7	5.1	2.3	2.3	0.0
CGO SC4 - 9	0.467	10.96	31	103	43	42	23.8	11.2	4.2	1.9	1.9	0.0
CGO SC4 -10	0.382	13.94	31	84	35	35	19.5	9.2	3.4	1.5	1.5	0.0
CGO SC4 -11	0.163	15.01	13	36	15	15	8.3	3.9	1.5	0.7	0.7	0.0
CGO SC4 -12	0.327	12.08	22	72	30	30	16.7	7.8	2.9	1.3	1.3	0.0
FGU CALIBR	0.05		44									
CGO CALIBR	0.289		53									
WELL WATER	0											



## 5.0 Data Sheets

The two data sheets which follow were prepared for the convenience of the ICP operator.

DOE SULFUR & ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE #: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME: \_\_\_\_\_

Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): \_\_\_\_\_

ICP POWER LEVEL: \_\_\_\_\_

PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S			
Si			
Al			
Fe			
Ca			
Mg			

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE #: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLE #: \_\_\_\_\_, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	S	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----						-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

## APPENDIX C

ALGORITHM FOR CONVERTING ICP-ELEMENT ANALYSIS TO % ASH

## APPENDIX C

ALGORITHM FOR CONVERTING ICP-ELEMENT ANALYSIS TO % ASH

### Algorithm for Converting ICP-Element Analysis to % Ash

Since the ICP is capable of measuring the element concentration in the coal, it is necessary to employ an algorithm to convert the elemental concentrations to % Ash (and thus to be able to compare to the % Ash determined by the Homer City Coal Lab in samples SC4' of test nos. 3 & 4). B&W has investigated the algorithm developed by SRI for the CONAC system under contract to EPRI (see reference 16, page 5-15):

$$\begin{aligned} W_{ASH} = & 2.139W_{Si} + 1.889W_{Al} + 1.430W_{Fe} + 1.399W_{Ca} \\ & + 1.348W_{Na} + 1.205W_{K} + 1.668W_{Ti} + W_{MgO} + W_{SO_3} \end{aligned} \quad 1]$$

where: W = % weight of dry coal or, in the case of the oxides, % weight of dry ash.

The constants in equation [1] are the inverse of the gravimetric factors with the exception of the oxide terms MgO and SO<sub>3</sub>. The appearance of these two oxide forms causes two computational complications. The first complication is that, of the sulfur measured in the dry coal, only a small portion stays in the ash. Therefore the ICP sulfur measurement, as a % of the dry coal, alone is not sufficient to determine W<sub>SO<sub>3</sub></sub>. The amount of SO<sub>3</sub> retained in the ash (as determined by ASTM D-3174) has been found to be related to the amount of calcium in (or alkalinity of) the ash<sup>3,4</sup>. For lignite, relationships between the sulfur and calcium in the coal are sometimes used to estimate W<sub>SO<sub>3</sub></sub>. For bituminous and subbituminous coals, the amount of sulfur in the ash is, however, negligible and may be ignored when computing the % ash in coal.

The second complication is the need to know the value of W<sub>ash</sub> prior to computing W<sub>MgO</sub>, where the following equation relates the MgO content of the ash to the measured Mg in the coal:

$$W_{MgO} = (100 W_{Mg}) / (W_{ash} GF) \quad [2]$$

where: W<sub>MgO</sub> = % weight of MgO in ash  
W<sub>Mg</sub> = % weight of Mg in coal  
W<sub>ash</sub> = % weight of ash in coal  
GF = Gravimetric Factor  
= (Mol.Wt. of Mg) / (Mol.Wt. of MgO)

For coals in which MgO is a small portion of the total ash, W<sub>ash</sub> used in the above equation may be approximated by W<sub>ash</sub> calculated using all elements other than Mg. If more accuracy is desired, the calculation may be repeated a second time with the recalculated value of W<sub>ash</sub>.

This particular algorithm, eqn. [1] was applied to the three coals tested in the screening test phase of the current contract. The algorithm was used twice - once using all terms except W<sub>SO<sub>3</sub></sub> and the second using only the first three terms (i.e. W<sub>Si</sub>, W<sub>Al</sub>, and W<sub>Fe</sub>).

**APPENDIX D**

**DATA SHEETS ON COAL USED DURING FIELD TESTING**

# UPPER FREEPORT DATA SHEET

**Penelec GPU**

Description:

HELEN UPPER FREEPORT  
RUN #89051702  
41001 CRUSHED TO 3/8" X 3/4"  
TOTAL SAMPLE

## Certificate of Analysis

Lab No.: 891100066  
From: EPRI-CQDC  
Sampled: /  
Gross Wt.: 256.6000 Kg

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

### Major Elements in Ash

% SiO <sub>2</sub>	52.70
% Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	23.30
% Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	14.17
% CaO	1.59
% MgO	1.21
% Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.36
% K <sub>2</sub> O	3.04
% TiO <sub>2</sub>	1.00
% MnO <sub>2</sub>	0.04
% P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	0.55
% SO <sub>3</sub>	0.94

TOTAL % 98.98

Grindability

72

### AS RECEIVED

% Total Moisture	3.58
% Ash	42.27
% Volatile (non-sparking)	19.32
% Fixed Carbon (by difference)	35.83

### ULTIMATE

% Carbon	45.66
% Hydrogen	2.86
% Nitrogen	0.50
% Total Sulfur	3.83
% Ash	42.27
% Oxygen (by difference)	1.29
Sulfur Forms	
% Pyritic Sulfur	2.53
% Sulfate Sulfur	2.05
% Organic Sulfur	0.25

Calorific Value (BTU/lb)

% Chlorine	7977
% Equilibrium Moisture	6.09
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	2.00
	0.02

AS RECEIVED values for Hydrogen and Oxygen do not include H and O<sub>2</sub> in sample moisture

Grindability subsample analyzed at 0.68 % Total Moisture.

Approved: DM Edlaway Date: DEC 29 1989



## OKLAHOMA DATA SHEET

## QUESTIONNAIRE ON COAL SOURCE

MINE LOCATION

STATE: OKLAHOMA  
 COUNTY: CRAIG, NOWATA & ROGERS

SEAM

NAME: CROWEBURG DIP: \_\_\_\_\_ (degrees)  
 NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_ LITHOLOGY: \_\_\_\_\_ (band, inches)  
 THICKNESS: 13 (inches)

METHOD OF MINING: Strip (continuous, strip, auger, longwall, conventional, shortwall, etc.)

TYPE OF EQUIPMENT: Dragline and Dozers (continuous miner, shearer, etc.)

MODE OF HANDLING: Truck Haulage & Rail (conveyors, skip, truck haulage, etc.)

BREAKING & CRUSHING

BREAKER TYPE: McNally Rotary Breaker (None, Stabler, Bradford, etc.)  
 CRUSHER TYPE: None (None, single, double, quad-roll, etc.)

PRE-PREPARATION

NONE (None, picking, washing)  
100 % (Yield, feed ash, product ash, refuse ash, etc.)

PRE-SCREENING

SCREEN TYPE: Grizzly (Orizzly (opening size), scalper, etc.)

SIZE

AS MINED: \_\_\_\_\_ (12" x 0, 6" x 0, 3" x), etc.)  
 AFTER BREAKER: 2" x 0 (6" x 0, 2" x 0, etc.)  
 AFTER CRUSHER: \_\_\_\_\_ (5" x 0, 2" x 0, etc.)  
 AFTER PRE-SCREENING: \_\_\_\_\_ (3" x 0, 2" x 3/8", 1" x 1/4", etc.)  
 AFTER PRE-PREPARATION: \_\_\_\_\_ (3" x 2, 2" x 1/2", etc.)

TYPICAL ANALYSIS  
Analytical Services Department OKLAHOMA DATA SHEET

Mine or Prospect: ROGERS COUNTY NO. 2  
Basis: RAW  
Date: 08/01/88      Preparer: W. B. EMKE

Seam: SEQUOYAH (Clewburg)  
State: OKLAHOMA  
Approver: J. H. ADDINGTON

PROXIMATE ANALYSIS (AS RECEIVED) (DRY)

Moisture	11.3	
Ash	12.6	14.0
Volatile Matter	28.7	32.4
Fixed Carbon	47.4	53.6
BTU	11152	12579
Sulfur	0.53	0.60
MAF BTU		14662
% SO <sub>2</sub> / M BTU		0.9

ULTIMATE ANALYSIS (DRY BASIS)

Carbon	71.4
Hydrogen	4.6
Nitrogen	1.5
Chlorine	0.15
Sulfur	0.60
Ash	14.0
Oxygen	7.75

SULFUR FORMS (DRY BASIS)

Pyritic Sulfur	0.15
Sulfate Sulfur	0.02
Organic Sulfur	0.43

WATER SOLUBLE ALKALIES (DRY BASIS)

Sodium Oxide (Na <sub>2</sub> O)	0.010
Potassium Oxide (K <sub>2</sub> O)	0.004

EQUILIBRIUM MOISTURE

8.3

FREE SWELLING INDEX

3.5

HARDGROVE GRINDABILITY INDEX

62

ASH FUSION

Reducing Atmosphere	
Initial Deformation Temp, F	2160
Softening Temp, F(H=W)	2200
Hemispherical Temp, F(H=1/2 W)	2215
Fluid Temp, F	2255
Oxidizing Atmosphere	
Initial Deformation Temp, F	2180
Softening Temp, F(H=W)	2200
Hemispherical Temp, F(H=1/2 W)	2215
Fluid Temp, F	2290

ANALYSIS OF ASH (IGNITED BASIS)

Phosphorous Pentoxide (P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> )	0.2
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	38.1
Ferric Oxide (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	8.2
Alumina (Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	14.9
Titania (TiO <sub>2</sub> )	0.7
Lime (CaO)	23.1
Magnesia (MgO)	1.7
Sulfur Trioxide (SO <sub>3</sub> )	8.0
Potassium Oxide (K <sub>2</sub> O)	2.14
Sodium Oxide (Na <sub>2</sub> O)	0.35
Strontium Oxide (SrO)	0.03
Barium Oxide (BaO)	0.04
Manganese Dioxide (MnO <sub>2</sub> )	0.34

ALKALIES AS Na<sub>2</sub>O

0.27

BASE/ACID RATIO

0.70

SILICA VALUE

52.12

SLAG VISCOSITY T250

2110

All analyses are subject to revision due to additional coring, conditions specified in the coal supply agreement, actual operating conditions at time of mining, type of preparation at time of mining, or federal and state regulations. Analysis intended for informational purposes only.

Source : PROXIMATE ANALYSIS BASED ON ANALYSIS OF 123 CORES WITH .5"  
of : EXTRANEIOUS. REMAINDER OF ANALYSIS BASED ON CORE COMPOSITE  
Information : SAMPLES.

**APPENDIX E**  
**HOMER CITY COAL LAB REPORTS**



CQ Inc.  
One Quality Center  
P.O. Box 280  
Homer City, PA 15748-0280

Phone 412•479•3503  
FAX 412•479•4181

October 1, 1990

Mr. Mike Matlito  
Babcock & Wilcox  
1562 Beeson Street  
Alliance, Ohio 44601-2196

Dear Mike:

Here is a complete set of laboratory analysis for your field test conducted at our facility for testing the sampling preparation and delivery system for your low-cost ash and sulfur analyzer. These analysis were performed by Homer City Coal Laboratory.

Enclosed is the sampling analysis for the following tests:

- Test No. FEED-NOGR-UF  
Sample No. REFERENCE  
Sample No. SQ3-1
- Test No. FEED-GR-UF  
Sample No. REFERENCE  
Sample No. SC4'-1 thru SC4'-8
- Test No. CONC-GR-OK  
Sample No. REFERENCE  
Sample No. SC4'-1 thru SC4'-12
- Test No. FEED-NOGR-OK  
Sample No. REFERENCE  
ST1-1  
SQ3-1

This should complete all the analysis results for your project. If you have any question please call.

Sincerely:

Douglas E. McCollough

Enclosures

August 27 1990

Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

B & W ANALYZER #90072501  
TEST NO. FEED-NO GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. REFERENCE  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 5008000004  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 82.6000 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
% Ash	1.19	18.04	% SiO2 49.56
% Total Sulfur	0.16	2.49	% Al2O3 21.41
% Total Moisture	93.43		% Fe2O3 17.37
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.03	% CaO 3.84
			% MgO 1.16
			% Na2O 0.26
			% K2O 2.52
			% TiO2 0.45
			% MnO2 0.06
			% P2O5 0.38
			% SO3 1.97
			TOTAL % 98.98

12

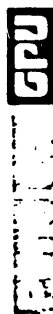


Analysis of ... AUG 28 1990



Pennsylvania Electric Company  
 Homer City Laboratory

# Certificate of Analysis



Description:  
 R & W ANALYZER #90072501  
 TEST NO. FEED-NO GR-UF  
 SAMPLE NO. SQ3-1  
 TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800006  
 From: CG INC  
 Sampled: 07/30/90  
 Gross Wt.: 3.5808 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
% Ash	0.10	16.14	% SiO2 52.89
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.00	% Al2O3 23.77
% Total Moisture	99.35		% Fe2O3 15.47
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.03	% CaO 1.98
			% MgO 1.20
			% Na2O 0.07
			% K2O 2.71
			% TiO2 0.31
			% MnO2 0.04
			% P2O5 0.38
			% SO3 1.22
			TOTAL % 100.07

B-3

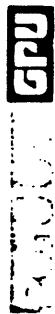
Approved: *Don Gilman* Date: AUG 28 1990

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August 28 - 1990

Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

W & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. RLFLRNLCE  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800005  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 107.1000 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
% Ash	1.21	18.92	% SiO2 49.04
% Total Sulfur	0.18	2.61	% Al2O3 21.70
% Total Moisture	93.60		% Fe2O3 18.18
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.03	% CaO 4.08
			% MgO 1.15
			% Na2O 0.16
			% K2O 2.43
			% TiO2 0.29
			% MnO2 0.06
			% P2O5 0.21
			% SO3 1.93
			TOTAL % 99.23

E-4



*Don Glessner*

Approved:

AUG 28 1990



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

**Description:**

B & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 1  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800007  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.5188 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.11	21.0A
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.38
% Total Moisture	90.49	



Approved: *Don S. [Signature]* Date AUG 09 1990  
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August 9, 1990

P.O. Box 29  
Pittsburgh, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



## Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

### Description:

D & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 2  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 90080000H  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.8825 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.12	20.71
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.43
% Total Moisture	99.42	

914



*Donna C. [Signature]*

Approved:

Date: AUG 09 1990



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Description:  
B & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 3  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800000  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6873 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREL
x Ash	0.12	20.46
x Total Sulfur	0.01	2.37
x Total Moisture	99.42	

E-7



Approved: Dan Chasney Date: AUG 09 1990

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August 9, 1990

P.O. Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
479-9011

**Penelec GPU**

## Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Description:

B & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 4  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800010  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6939 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
Ash	0.11	21.47
Total Sulfur	0.01	2.51
Total Moisture	99.50	

Approved: DM [Signature] Date AUG 09 1990

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

# Certificate of Analysis

**Penelag GPU**

Description:

B & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 5  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800011  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.7979 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	9.10	20.70
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.45
% Total Moisture	90.50	



Approved: *Don Blaney* Date: AUG 09 1990  
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AUGUST 20 1990

P.O. Box 29  
Pittsburgh, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



Description:

U & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 6  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Lab No.: 900800012  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.8117 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.11	20.32
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.54
% Total Moisture	99.46	

E-10



Approved: Don't Blaise Date: AUG 09 1990



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
 Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

B & W ANALYZER #90072502  
 TEST NO. FEED-GR-UF  
 SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 7  
 TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800013  
 From: CQ INC  
 Sampled: 07/30/90  
 Gross Wt.: 0.8064 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.12	20.31
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.56
% Total Moisture	99.42	

11



Approved: *[Signature]* Date: AUG 09 1990  
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August 9 1990

Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



Description:

R & W ANALYZER #90072502  
TEST NO. FLID-GR-UF  
SAMPLE NO. SC49 - 8  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory



Lab No.: 900800014  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 07/30/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.8235 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.11	20.22
% Total Sulfur	0.01	2.55
% Total Moisture	99.45	

E-12



*Don Williams*

..... AUG 09 1990



Description:

R & V ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. REFERENCE  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Lab No.: 900800037  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 21.7000 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
X Ash	1.83	9.16	X S102 51.50
X Total Sulfur	0.14	0.71	X Al203 19.10
X Total Moisture	79.98		X Fe203 14.20
X Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.02	X CaO 7.78
			X MgO 1.70
			X Na2O 0.61
			X K2O 3.15
			X TiO2 0.77
			X MnO2 0.15
			X P2O5 0.05
			X SO3 2.55
			TOTAL % 101.57

NOTE: REF SAMPLE COLLECTED IN FILL IN TWO SEPARATE CONTAINERS.  
AT TEST CONCLUSION, THE FIRST CONTAINER WAS RINSED INTO THE SECOND. THE FIRST CONTAINER WAS THE RINSED TWICE WITH DISTILLED H<sub>2</sub>O AND Poured INTO THE SECOND CONTAINER.  
A TOTAL OF 3.5 L OF DISTILLED H<sub>2</sub>O WAS ADDED.

∴ PRIOR TO ADDING 3.5 L H<sub>2</sub>O, THE GROSS WT = 18.20 KG

$$\text{TOTAL MOISTURE} = [(1.7998)(21.7) - 3.5] / 18.2 = .7613$$

$$\% \text{ SOLIDS} = (1 - .7613) \times 100\% = 23.87\%$$

MJM 12-12-90

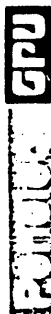


Approved: DM Selinsky Date: SEP 14 1990



August 20 1990

Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Description:  
B & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 1  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800038  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.7575 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
X Ash	0.38	7.72
X Total Sulfur	0.03	0.66
Z Total Moisture	95.13	

E-14

Approved: *Don Sullivan* Date: AUG 22 1990

21

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

# Certificate of Analysis



Lab No.: 900800039  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6525 Kg

Description:  
B & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 2  
TOTAL SAMPLE

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
X Ash	0.38	8.20
X Total Sulfur	0.03	0.68
X Total Moisture	95.32	

EF-15

21

Approved:  Date: AUG 22 1990

Pennsylvania Electric Company is a Member of the General Public Utilities System

August 22 1990

Rm 29  
Pittsburgh, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis



Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

BEV ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 3  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800040  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.7354 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.37	8.90
% Total Sulfur	0.03	0.67
% Total Moisture	95.79	

E-16



Approved: Don Chisney Date: AUG 22 1990



Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

# Certificate of Analysis

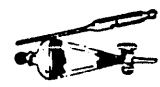


Lab No.: 900800041  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.7104 Kg

Description:  
R & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 4  
INITIAL SAMPLE

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
x Ash	0.38	9.45
x Total Sulfur	0.03	0.66
x Total Moisture	96.00	

E-17



Approved:  Date: AUG 22 1990

Pennsylvania Electric Company is a Member of the General Public Utilities

Box 29  
 at City, PA 15748  
 412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
 Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

U & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
 TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
 SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 5  
 TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800042  
 From: CQ INC  
 Sampled: 08/01/90  
 Gross Wt.: 0.6583 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.33	9.59
% Total Sulfur	0.02	0.66
% Total Moisture	94.58	

E-18



*Don't Sell...*

August 22, 1990



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

R & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 6  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800043  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6187 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.34	9.91
% Total Sulfur	0.02	0.71
% Total Moisture	96.58	

E-19



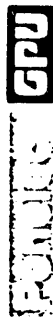
Approved: Dan Ellsberry Date: AUG 22 1990  
Pennsylvania Electric Company is a Member of The General Public Utilities System

P.O. Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Certificate of Analysis



### Description:

R & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 7  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800044  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6985 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.32	9.66
% Total Sulfur	0.02	0.67
% Total Moisture	96.65	

E-20



APPROVED:

*Don E. [Signature]*

DATE: AUG 22 1990



Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

# Certificate of Analysis



## Description:

U & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4\* - 8  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 9008000045  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6386 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
% Ash	0.34	9.91
% Total Sulfur	0.02	0.65
% Total Moisture	94.58	



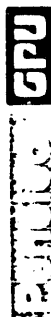
Approved: *Don Edgeman* Date: AUG 22 1990

Pennsylvania Electric Company is a Member of the General Public Utilities System



August 22 1990

F Box 29  
H City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory



Description:  
B & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 9  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800046  
From: CO INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6829 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
x Ash	0.31	10.96
x Total Sulfur	0.02	0.67
x Total Moisture	97.20	

E-22



*DM Ellsner*

AUG 22 1990



# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

## Description:

B & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4\* - 10  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 9008000047  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.7718 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
x Ash	0.32	13.24
x Total Sulfur	0.02	0.00
x Total Moisture	97.71	

EP-23



Approved: *Don Williams* Date: AUG 22 1990

Pennsylvania Electric Company is a Member of the General Electric

August 22, 1990

P.O. Box 29  
Homer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011



## Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Description:  
R & W ANALYZER RUN #90072503  
TEST NO. CONC-GR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. SC4 - 11  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800048  
From: CG INC  
Sampled: 08/01/90  
Gross Wt.: 0.6411 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE
X Ash	0.15	15.01
X Total Sulfur	0.01	0.01
X Total Moisture	99.02	

E-24



*Donna Williams*

AUG 22 1990



September 28, 1990

Box 29  
Mer City, PA 15748  
412-479-9011

**Penelec GPU**

Description:

H & W ANALYZER RUN #90072504

TEST NO. FEED-NOGR-OK

SAMPLE NO. REFERENCE

TOTAL SAMPLE

**Certificate of Analysis**

Lab No.:

From:

Sampled:

Gross Wt.:

900R00170

CO INC

08/07/90

82.7000 Kg

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Major Elements in Ash

MOISTURE FREE

AS RECEIVED

PARAMETER

x Ash	3.09	38.44	x SiO2	50.32
x Total Sulfur	0.06	0.70	x Al2O3	13.92
x Total Moisture	91.95		x Fe2O3	17.52
x Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.01	x CaO	11.34
			x MgO	0.91
			x Na2O	0.52
			x K2O	2.09
			x TiO2	0.74
			x MnO2	0.14
			x P2O5	0.15
			x SO3	1.11

TOTAL x 98.76

E-26

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

*Don E. Hines*

SEP 28 1990

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



Description:  
 B & W ANALYZER RUN #90072504  
 TEST NO. FEED-NOGR-OK  
 SAMPLE NO. ST1-1  
 TOTAL SAMPLE

# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
 Homer City Laboratory

Lab No.: 900800171  
 From: CQ INC  
 Sampled: 08/07/90  
 Gross Wt.: 3.3936 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
% Ash	0.10	31.20	% SiO2 53.21
% Total Sulfur	0.00	0.51	% Al2O3 16.21
% Total Moisture	99.67		% Fe2O3 16.06
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.04	% CaO 8.56
			% MgO 1.07
			% Na2O 0.64
			% K2O 2.28
			% TiO2 0.98
			% MnO2 0.14
			% P2O5 0.05
			% SO3 0.68
			TOTAL % 99.90

E-27



Approved: *Don Edgemony* Date: SEP 14 1990

# Certificate of Analysis

Pennsylvania Electric Company  
Homer City Laboratory

Description:  
B & V ANALYZER RUN #90072504  
TEST NO. FEED-NOGR-OK  
SAMPLE NO. S03-1  
TOTAL SAMPLE

Lab No.: 900800172  
From: CQ INC  
Sampled: 08/07/90  
Gross Wt.: 8.1082 Kg

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED	MOISTURE FREE	Major Elements in Ash
% Ash	0.15	34.53	X SiO2 60.89
% Total Sulfur	0.00	0.55	X AL2O3 19.27
% Total Moisture	99.58		X Fe2O3 8.36
% Lithium Oxide (in ash)	0.00	0.03	X CaO 3.51
			X MgO 1.22
			X Na2O 1.16
			X K2O 2.88
			X TiO2 1.53
			X MnO2 0.09
			X P2O5 0.05
			X SO3 0.92
			TOTAL % 99.90

Approved: DM [Signature] Date: SEP 14 1990

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY  
ALLIANCE RESEARCH CENTER  
LONG HAND MEMORANDUM

To FILE

From M MALITO

RC-3

File No.  
or Ref. 4554-07

Subj. TELECON: BTW (MALITO) - Q.C. INC (McCOLLUGH)  
RESULTS OF Q.C.'S REF. SAMPLES

Date  
3 Dec 90

DOUG RELAYED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON  
THE RESULTS OF Q.C. INC REFERENCE SAMPLES  
DURING TEST # 3 & 4:

AUG - 1 : Q.C. - REF SAMPLE (CONCENTRATE)

% SOLIDS = 24.8 %

% ASH = 2.09 % AS REC

= 8.40 % MOIST. FREE

AUG 7 : Q.C. REF SAMPLE (FEED)

% SOLIDS = 8.00 %

% ASH = 3.09 % AS REC.

% ASH = 38.65 % MOIST. FREE

*M. Malito*



APPENDIX F  
B&W CHEMISTRY LAB REPORTS

**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-84)

<b>To</b>	
M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC	
<b>From</b>	
C. R. VOTAW - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC	
<b>Cust.</b>	<b>File No.</b>
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	ACG-91-4554-05
<b>Subj.</b>	<b>Date</b>
SULFUR & ASH ANALYZER COAL SLURRY ANALYSES	AUGUST 28, 1990
This letter to cover one customer and one subject only	

Attached are the results for the analyses requested on the coal slurry samples submitted on 8/16/90.

*C R Votaw*  
C. R. Votaw

Reviewed and Approved by

*H. B. Fisher* 8/29/90  
Group Supervisor

let

Attachments

cc: R. F. DeVault  
G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library

D.O.E.  
ARC - Structural Mechanics  
ACG-91-4554-05  
August 28, 1990

Sample No.	<u>F-4545</u>	<u>F-4546</u>
Description	CG0-SQ3'-ID Coal Slurry (~1% Solids, <40μ Particle Size, Olkahoma, Bituminous)	FGU-SQ3'-ID Coal Slurry (~1% Solids, <40μ Particle Size, Upper Freeport)
Total Moisture, %	97.86	99.76
Total Solids, %	2.14	0.24
Total Sulfur, Dry, % S	1.85	8.82
Total Sulfur, As Rec'd, % S	0.04	0.02

F-4545. C00-303'-10/COAL  
 SLURRY. APPROXIMATELY 1%  
 SOLIDS. PARTICLE SIZE LESS THAN  
 40 MICRONS. OKLAHOMA BITUMINOUS

% LESS DIFF

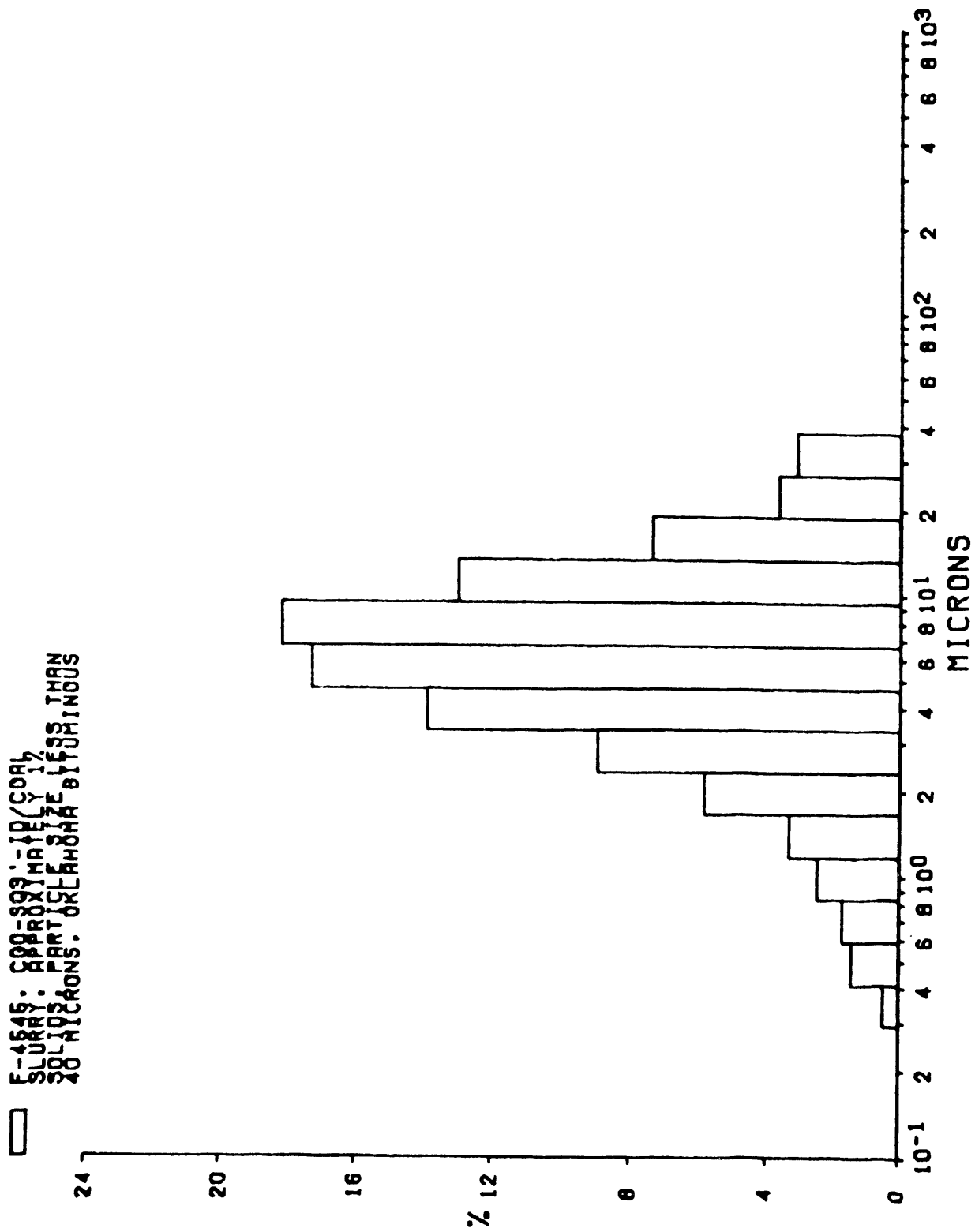
MICRONS

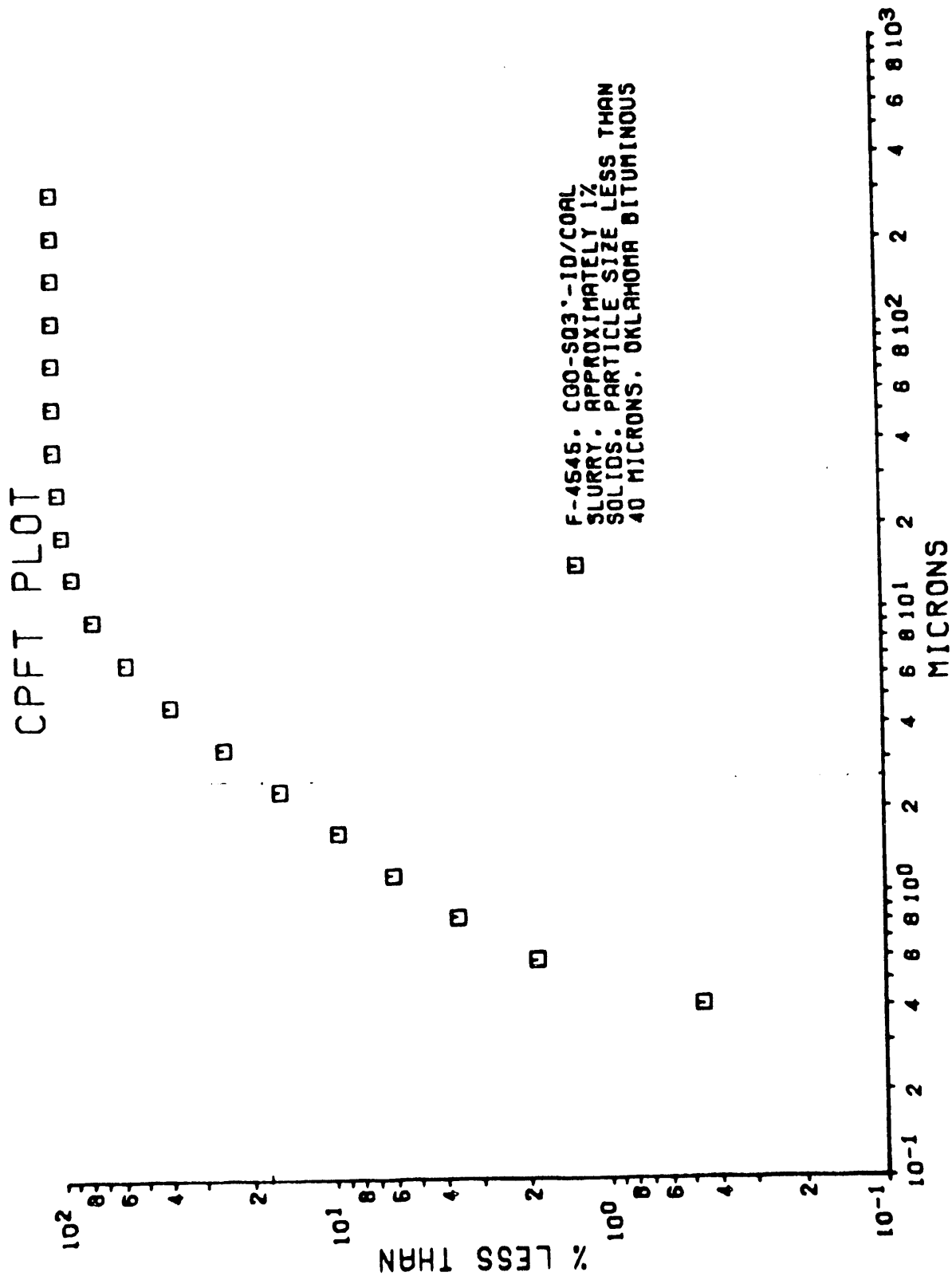
300.00  
 212.13  
 150.00  
 106.07  
 75.00  
 53.03  
 37.50  
 26.52  
 18.75  
 13.25  
 9.38  
 6.63  
 4.89  
 3.31  
 2.34  
 1.66  
 1.17  
 0.83  
 0.59  
 0.41  
 0.29  
 0.21  
 0.15

100.00  
 96.89  
 93.22  
 86.00  
 73.03  
 56.00  
 37.84  
 24.08  
 15.20  
 9.36  
 6.02  
 3.58  
 1.86  
 0.46  
 0.00  
 3.11  
 3.67  
 7.34  
 12.85  
 18.03  
 17.16  
 13.76  
 8.88  
 5.84  
 3.34  
 2.47  
 1.70  
 1.40  
 0.46  
 0.00

CS(CAL SURF AREA)=1.68 M<sup>2</sup>/CH<sup>3</sup>  
 MMD(043)=7.88 MICRONS  
 SMD(032)=3.58 MICRONS

E-4545: COO-893:--ID(COAL)  
 SLURRY: APPROXIMATELY 1%  
 SOLIDS: PARTICLE SIZE LESS THAN  
 20 MICRONS: OKLAHOMA BITUMINOUS



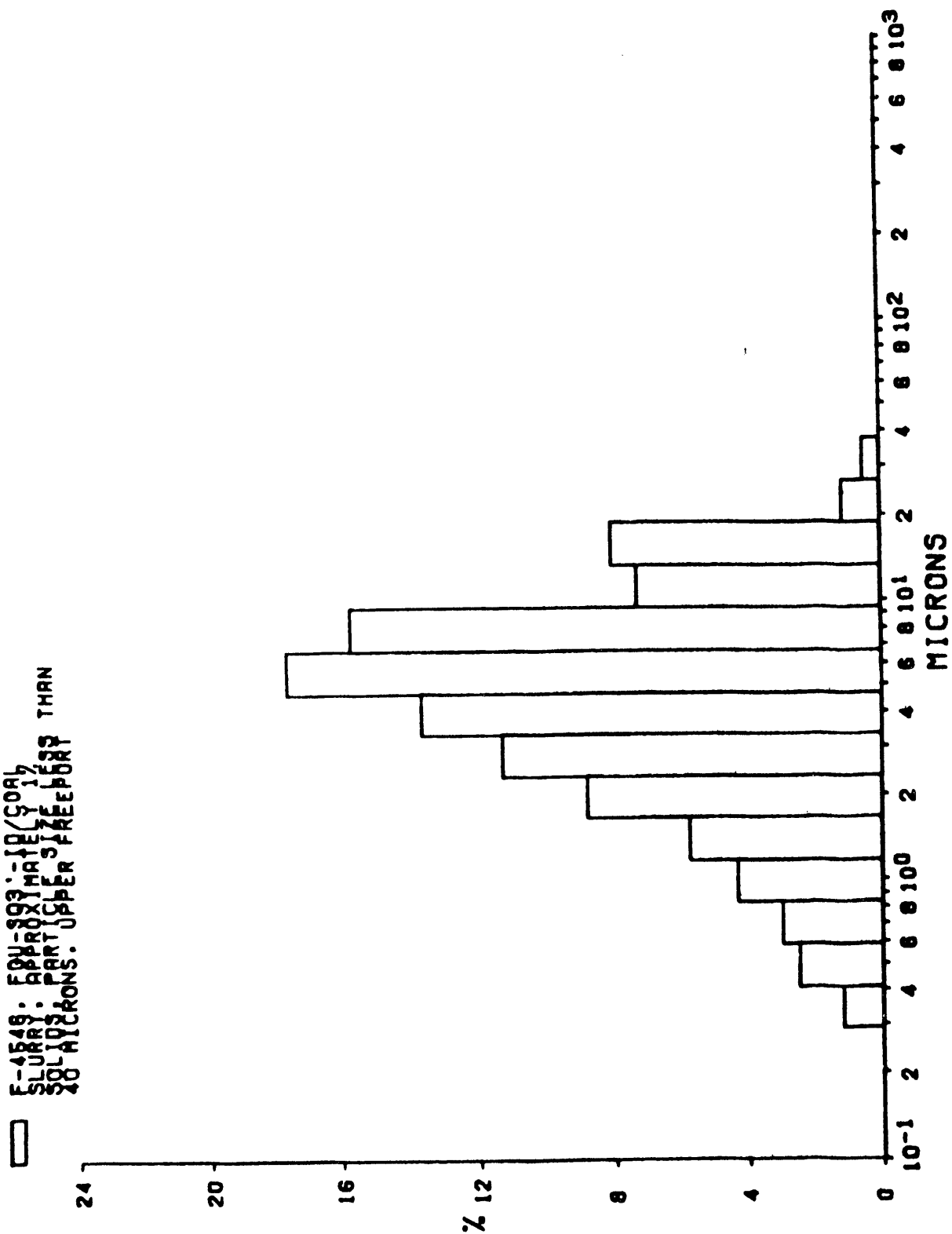


F-4548. FOU-303'-10/CORL  
 SLURRY: APPROXIMATELY 1%  
 SOLIDS: PARTICLE SIZE LESS THAN  
 40 MICRONS. UPPER FREEPORT

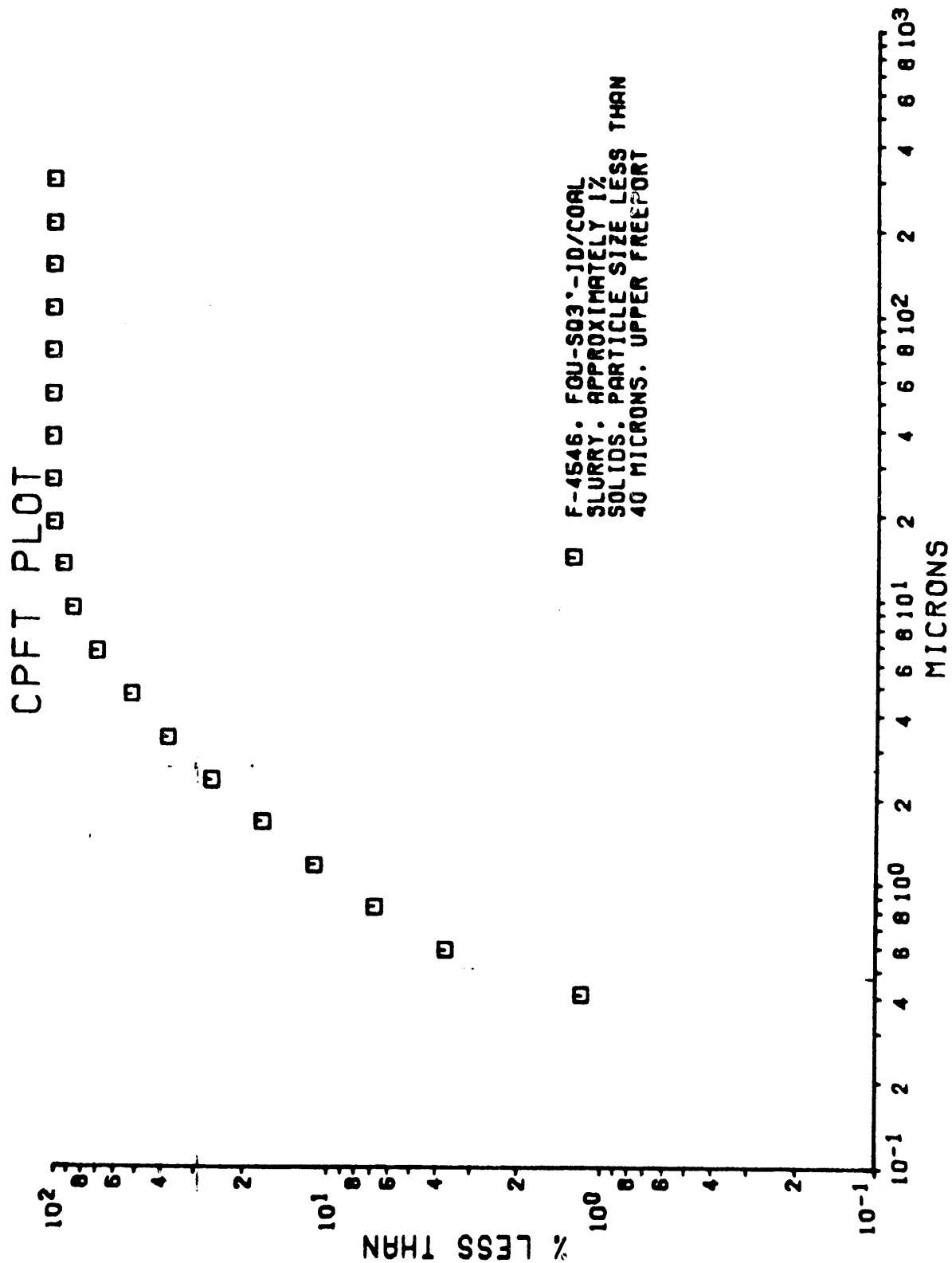
MICRONS	% LESS	DIFF
300.00		
212.13		
150.00		
106.07		
75.00		
53.03		
37.50		
26.52		
18.75		
13.26		
9.38		
6.63		
4.69		
3.31		
2.34		
1.66		
1.17		
0.83		
0.59		
0.41		
0.29		
0.21		
0.16		
100.00	0.49	
99.51	1.12	
98.39	7.99	
90.40	7.22	
83.19	16.55	
67.63	17.44	
50.20	13.51	
36.59	11.24	
25.45	8.75	
16.70	5.74	
10.96	4.32	
6.64	2.99	
3.65	2.47	
1.17	1.17	
0.00	0.00	

CS(CAL SURF AREA)=2.33 M<sup>2</sup>/CM<sup>3</sup>  
 MMD(D43)=5.93 MICRONS  
 SMD(D32)=2.67 MICRONS

F-4548: EQU-393: -10/CORAL  
 SLURRY: APPROXIMATELY 17  
 SOLIDS: PARTS PER 1000  
 20 MICRONS: UPPER FREQUENCY







**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-84)

<b>To</b>	
M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC	
<b>From</b>	
C. R. VOTAW - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC	
<b>Cust.</b>	<b>File No.</b>
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	ACG-91-4554-05
<b>Subj.</b>	<b>Date</b>
COAL SLURRY ANALYSIS	SEPTEMBER 6, 1990

This letter to cover one customer and one subject only

Attached are the results for the microtrac particle size distribution for the coal slurry submitted on 8/30/90. The solids content was 2.17% on the as received slurry.

*C. R. Votaw*  
C. R. Votaw

Reviewed and Approved by

*[Signature]*  
Group Supervisor

let

Attachment

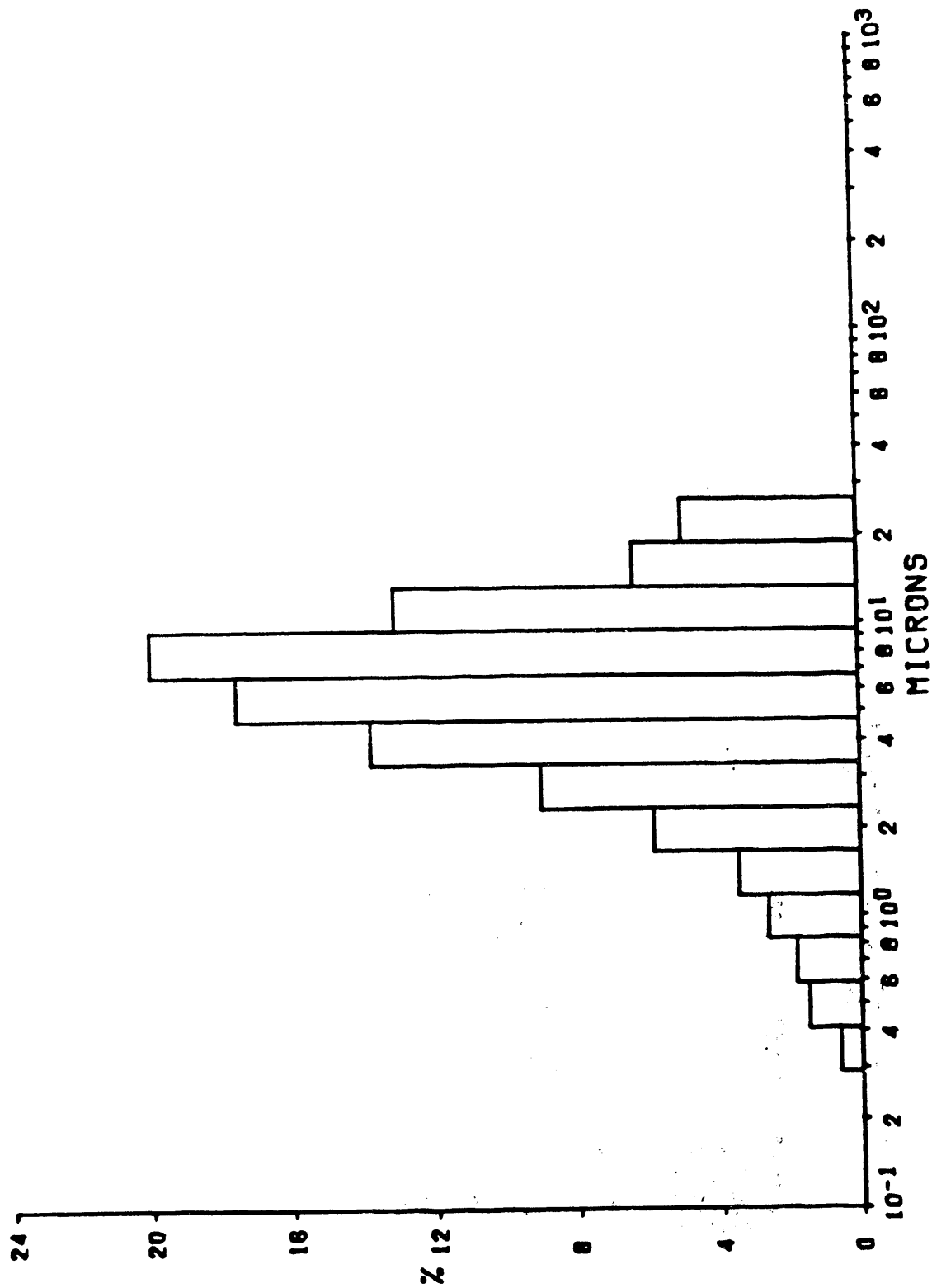
cc: R. F. DeVault  
G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library

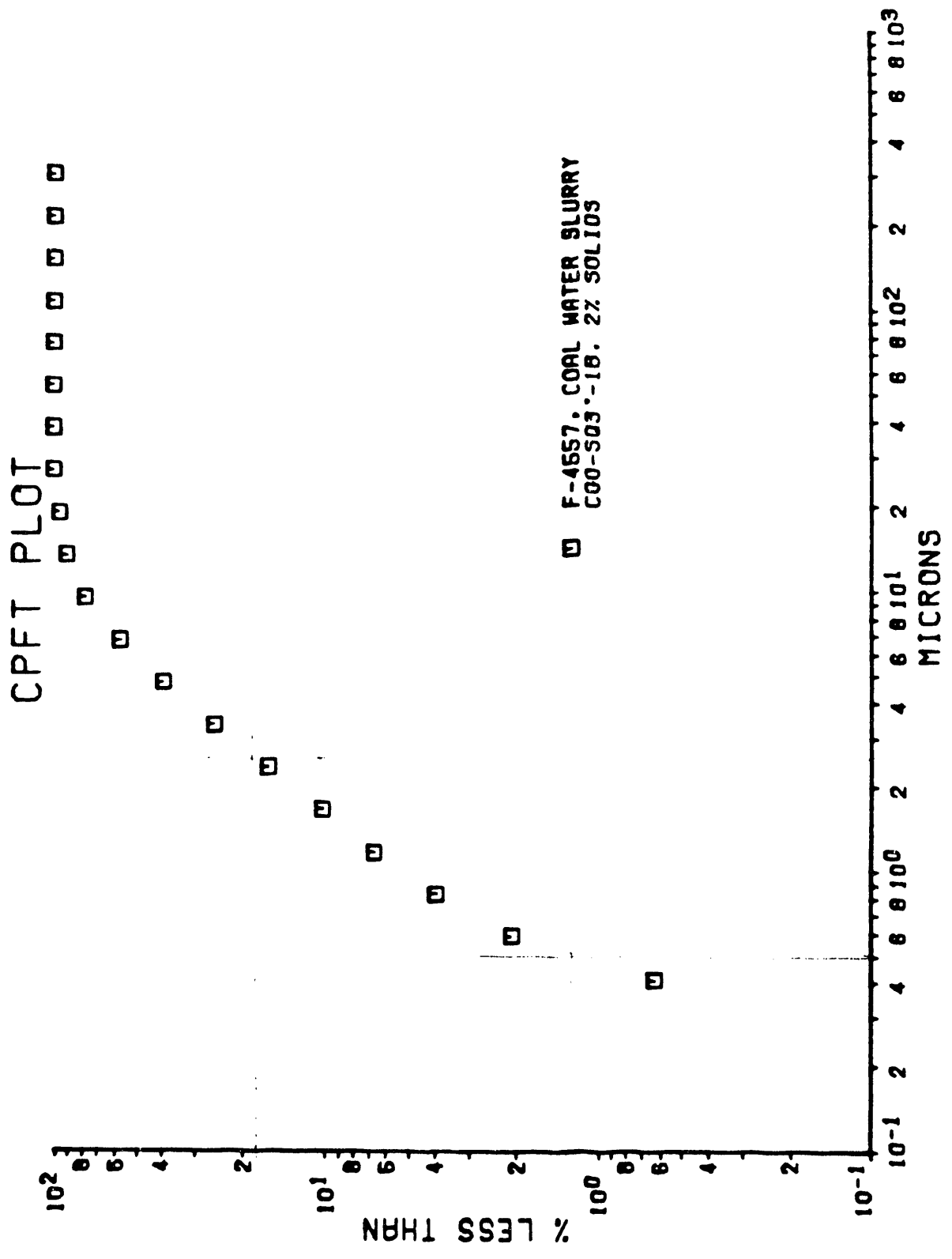
F-4557: COAL WATER SLURRY  
CGO-S03--J8. 2% SOLIDS

MICRONS	% LESS	DIFF
300.00		
212.13		
160.00		
106.07		
76.00		
53.03		
37.50		
28.52		
18.75		
13.26		
9.39		
6.63		
4.69		
3.31		
2.34		
1.66		
1.17		
0.83		
0.59		
0.41		
0.29		
0.21		
0.15		
	100.00	4.98
	95.04	6.32
	88.73	12.95
	76.78	19.83
	66.95	17.41
	38.54	13.71
	24.84	6.96
	16.88	5.83
	10.05	3.48
	6.58	2.64
	3.94	1.84
	2.09	1.47
	0.63	0.63
	0.00	0.00

CS(CAL SURF AREA)=1.76 MM2/CM3  
 NMD(043)=7.19 MICRONS  
 SMD(092)=3.42 MICRONS

□ E-4557, C98L WATER 96URRY  
 E60-963.-18: 2X 50L 10S





**Babcock & Wilcox**  
a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-84)

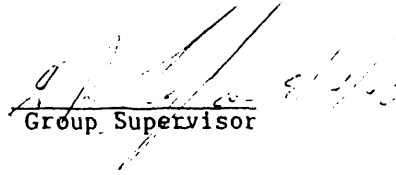
<b>To</b>	
M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC	
<b>From</b>	
C. R. VOTAW - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC	
<b>Cust.</b>	<b>File No.</b>
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY	ACG-91-4554-05
<b>Subj.</b>	<b>Date</b>
COAL-WATER SLURRY ANALYSIS	SEPTEMBER 14, 1990

This letter to cover one customer and one subject only

Listed below are the results for the analysis of the coal water slurry sample submitted on 9/12/90.

Sample No.	<u>F-4564</u>
Description	Coal Water Slurry CGO-SQ3-1I
<u>Total Solids, %</u>	2.14
<u>Total Sulfur, % S</u>	
As Rec'd Basis	0.04
Dry Basis	1.83

*C R Votaw*  
C. R. Votaw

Reviewed and Approved by   
Group Supervisor

let

cc: R. F. DeVault  
G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library

**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-4)

**To**

M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC

im

R. F. DEVAULT - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC

**Cust.**

DOE/SULFUR &amp; ASH ANALYZER PROJECT

**File No.**

ACG-91-4554-05

**Subj.**

ANALYSIS - PARTICLE SIZE

**Date**

JANUARY 7, 1991

This letter to cover one customer and one subject only

Reported on the attached sheets are the results of Microtrac<sup>R</sup> particle size analysis on one (1) sample submitted to the laboratory on December 19, 1990.

*R. F. DeVault*

R. F. DeVault

Reviewed and Approved by

*G. R. Taylor*  
Group Supervisor 1/7/91

let

Attachments

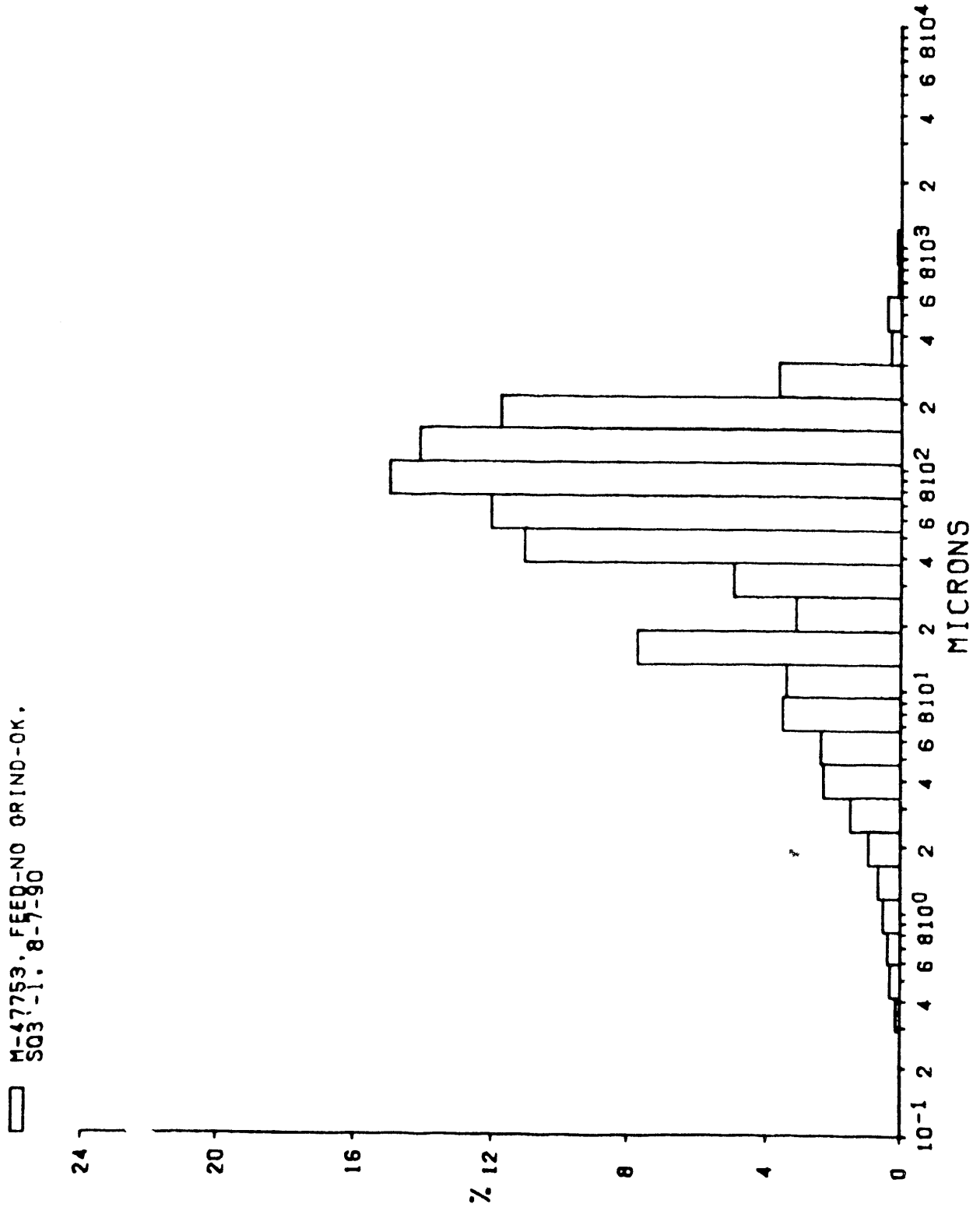
cc: G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library

M-47753. FEED-NO ORIND-OK.  
S03'-1. 8-7-90

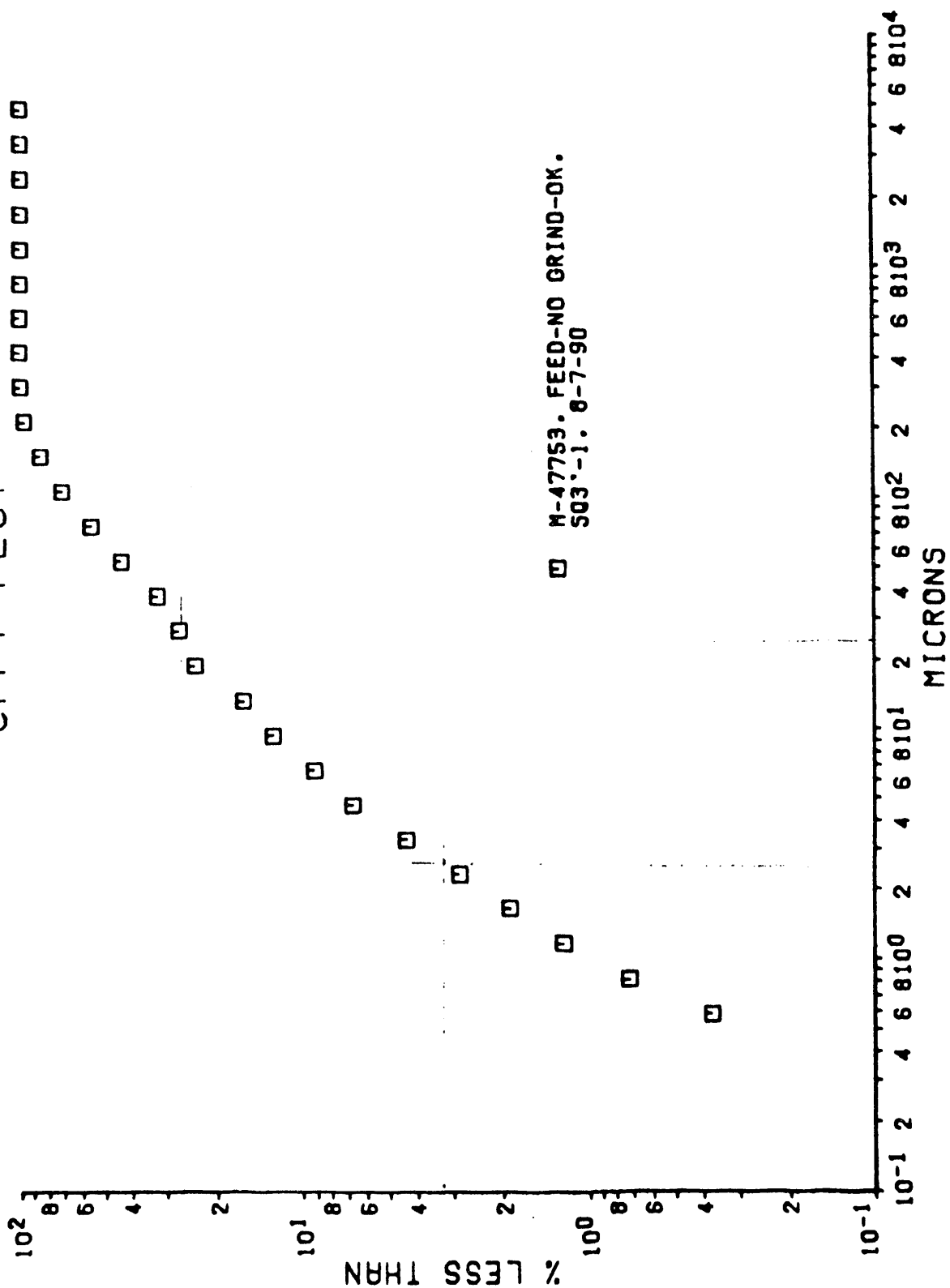
MICRONS	% LESS	DIFF
4800.00		
3394.11		
2400.00		
1697.06		
1200.00	100.00	0.11
848.53	99.89	0.09
600.00	99.80	0.41
424.26	99.39	0.29
300.00	99.10	3.62
212.13	95.48	11.70
150.00	83.78	14.07
106.07	69.71	14.93
75.00	54.77	11.99
53.03	42.78	11.03
37.50	31.75	4.96
26.52	26.80	3.13
18.75	23.67	7.71
13.26	15.96	3.43
9.38	12.53	3.52
6.63	9.01	2.38
4.69	6.63	2.31
3.31	4.32	1.49
2.34	2.83	0.94
1.66	1.89	0.66
1.17	1.23	0.51
0.83	0.72	0.35
0.59	0.38	0.29
0.41	0.09	0.09
0.29	0.00	0.00
0.21		
0.15		

CS(CAL SURF AREA)=0.40 M=2/CN=3  
HMD(043)=84.11 MICRONS  
SMD(032)=15.18 MICRONS





# CPFT PLOT



**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-8)

<b>To</b>	
M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS, ARC	
jm	
G. R. TAYLOR - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC	
<b>Cust.</b>	<b>File No.</b>
D.O.E.	ACG-91-4554-06
<b>Subj.</b>	<b>Date</b>
ANALYSES - COAL WATER SLURRIES	JANUARY 15, 1991
This letter to cover one customer and one subject only	

Attached are results obtained on two coal water slurry samples your submitted.

This confirms a previous verbal report.

  
G. R. Taylor

Reviewed and Approved by

  
Section Manager 1-17-91

let

Attachment

cc: M. L. Diehl  
P. R. Schliffka  
C. R. Votaw  
ARC Library

ACG-91-4554-06  
January 15, 1991

Sample No.	<u>F-4630</u>	<u>F-4631</u>
Description	Coal Water Slurry CGO-SQ3'-1A	Coal Water Slurry FGU-SQ3'-1G
<u>Suspended Solids</u>		
Ash, %	8.79	18.70
Total Sulfur, % S	0.55	0.82
<u>Filtrate, (by ICP)</u>		
Silicon, ppm Si	1.4	2.3
Aluminum, ppm Al	1.6	1.8
Iron, ppm Fe	<0.5	0.94
Calcium, ppm Ca	206	124
Magnesium, ppm Mg	41.9	29.6
Sulfur, ppm S	361	280

Comment: Suspended solids are the material remaining on a 0.45  $\mu$ m filter.  
The solids were dried at 225°F.

**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-84)

<b>To</b>	
M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC	
C. R. VOTAW - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC	
<b>Cust.</b>	<b>File No.</b>
D.O.E.	ACG-91-4554-06
<b>Subj.</b>	<b>Date</b>
COAL WATER SLURRY ANALYSIS	FEBRUARY 7, 1991

This letter to cover one customer and one subject only

Listed below are the results for the analysis of (2) two coal water slurry samples submitted on 2/6/91.

Sample No.	<u>F-4658</u>	<u>F-4659</u>
Description	Coal Water Slurry FGU-SQ3'-1E	Coal Water Slurry CGO-SQ3'-1E
Suspended Solids, %	0.18	2.14
Total Sulfur, % S (On The Suspended Solids)	0.67	0.50

*C. R. Votaw*  
C. R. Votaw

Reviewed and Approved by *L. L. Taylor* 2-7-91  
Group Supervisor

let

cc: R. F. DeVault  
G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library

**Babcock & Wilcox**

a McDermott company

Research and Development Division  
Alliance, Ohio 44601

RC-1 (Rev. 3-84)

**To**

M. L. MALITO - STRUCTURAL MECHANICS SECTION, ARC

**From**

C. R. VOTAW - CHEMISTRY SECTION, ARC

**Cust.**

D.O.E.

**File No.**

ACG-91-4554-06

**Subj.**

COAL WATER SLURRY ANALYSIS

**Date**

FEBRUARY 28, 1991

This letter to cover one customer and one subject only

Listed below are the results for the analysis of the two coal water slurry samples submitted on 2/22/91. The whole sample received was filtered to get the suspended solids per your request.

Sample No.	<u>F-4666</u>	<u>F-4667</u>
Description	Coal Water Slurry CGO-SQ3'-1H	Coal Water Slurry FGU-SQ3'-1H
Suspended Solids, %	2.04	0.18
Total Sulfur, %S *	0.48	0.69
Ash, % *	8.64	18.82

\* On the dry suspended solids using a 0.45 $\mu$  milliapore filter to collect suspended solids.

*C R Votaw*  
C. R. Votaw

Reviewed and Approved by

*H. P. Taylor*  
Group Supervisor

3/1/91

let

cc: R. F. DeVault  
G. R. Taylor  
ARC Library



Gould Energy 30 Clarendon Avenue Thornwood New York 10594 914 766-7200  
Warner Laboratories Division Route 5000 P.O. Box 244 Cresskill Pennsylvania 07643 914 884-7000  
Warner Laboratories of West Virginia Division Route 5000 P.O. Box 244 Berkeley Springs West Virginia 25703 304 459-7100  
Fuel Engineering Division 30 Clarendon Avenue Thornwood New York 10594 914 766-7200  
St. Louis Energy Division 14501 Page Service Drive St. Louis Missouri 63140 314 671-3240  
Weighing and Control Services, Inc. P.O. Box 1420 Brandon Florida 33511 813 681-6700

WARNER LABORATORIES DIVISION

EPRI/CQDC  
P.O. BOX 98  
HOMER CITY, PA. 15748

DATE: 05-31-88  
WARNER NO. S64801

DATE RECEIVED: 5/27/88  
DATE/HOUR SAMPLED: 5/26/88 1:05 PM SAMPLED BY: D. McCOLLOUGH  
DATE/HOUR ANALYZED: 5/27/88 1:30 PM ANALYZED BY: P.G.

SOURCE: CISTERN (SPRING)  
POINT OF COLLECTION: OFFICE BLDG. (BASEMENT)  
SAMPLE ID: #1A

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES CERTIFICATION NO. 11-061

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MICROBIOLOGICAL WATER ANALYSIS

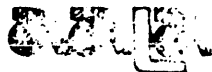
METHOD NO. PAGE REF. 1

	<908A>	<872>
TOTAL COLIFORM		
PRESUMPTIVE TEST (Lauryl Tryptose Broth)		
24 hour incubation at 35 C	positive tubes	
5 tubes 10.0ml	0	
48 hour incubation at 35 C		
5 tubes 10.0ml	0	
CONFIRMATION TEST (Brilliant Green Bile)		
24 hour incubation at 35 C	positive tubes	
tubes 10.0ml		
48 hour incubation at 35 C		
tubes 10.0ml		
MPN INDEX	<2.2	per 100ml

These results indicate that the above sample is not contaminated as defined by the SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT for a given sample. Any positive reaction may constitute a contaminated sample for water systems monitoring supplies.

All method and page numbers make reference to  
STANDARD METHODS FOR THE EXAMINATION OF WATER  
AND WASTEWATER, sixteenth edition. APPROVED BY

*Lori Patney*



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WARNER LABORATORIES DIVISION

DATE: 06-03-88  
WARNER NO. S64785

EPRI/CQDC  
P.O. BOX 98  
HOMER CITY, PA 15748

DATE RECEIVED: 5/27/88

DATE/HOUR SAMPLED: 5/26/88  
DATE ANALYZED: 5/27/88

SAMPLED BY :  
ANALYZED BY: D. SMITHMYER, L. GEORGE

SAMPLE ID: SAMPLE 1B CISTERN  
P.O. NO. 86001-157

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

CHEMICAL WATER ANALYSIS

		METHOD NO.	PAGE REF. NO.
pH	6.70	<423>	<402>
ALKALINITY to pH 4.5	48.00 mg/L CaCO <sub>3</sub>	<403>	<253>
TOTAL IRON	Less than 0.15 mg/L	<303>	<147>
TOT. SUSPENDED SOLIDS (RESIDUE)	N.D. mg/L	<209D>	<94>
HARDNESS	1087.00 mg/L CaCO <sub>3</sub>	<314B>	<195>

All analyses are performed in accordance  
with STANDARD METHODS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF  
WATER AND WASTEWATER, fifteenth edition.

APPROVED BY



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**APPENDIX G**  
**ICP ANALYSIS DATA SHEETS**

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12-3-90PAGE #: 1

TIME: \_\_\_\_\_

Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1050 W

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	<u>1807.31 Å</u>	<u>48935</u>	<u>200 PPM</u>
Si	<u>2124.12 Å</u>	<u>34739</u>	<u>200 PPM</u>
Al	<u>3944.03 Å</u>	<u>4082</u>	<u>100 PPM</u>
Fe	<u>2739.55 Å</u>	<u>38910</u>	<u>100 PPM</u>
Ca	<u>4226.73 Å</u>	<u>20484</u>	<u>100 PPM</u>
Mg	<u>2790.8 Å</u>	<u>2474</u>	<u>50 PPM</u>

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-3-90PAGE #: 2SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD'S, % SOLIDS: 0

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-3-90PAGE #: 3SAMPLE #: \*FGU-SQ3'-1C-1, % SOLIDS: 0.05%

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	12980	52.08			-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	2115	10.52			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	470	5.79			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	4538	10.53			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	5502	25.45			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	475	6.08			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12690	50.88			-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1973	9.70			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	436	4.89			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	4863	11.38			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	5396	24.92			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	482	6.23			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	14135	56.83			-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	2101	10.45			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	455	5.39			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	4758	11.11			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	4910	22.51			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	473	6.02			-----
	S	STANDAR # 4	-----	100	21230	86.02			-----
	Si	STANDAR "	-----	100	17432	99.48			-----
	Al	STANDAR "	-----	50	2073	47.59			-----
	Fe	STANDAR "	-----	50	18455	46.76			-----
	Ca	STANDAR "	-----	50	10493	50.29			-----
	Mg	STANDAR "	-----	20	1098	19.76			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

\* CALIBRATION SAMPLE FROM FIELD COLLECTED SLURRY

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-3-90PAGE #: 4SAMPLE #: \*CGO-SQ3'-1G-1, % SOLIDS: 0.289 %

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	---	---	---	---	---
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	12385	49.63	---	---	---
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	7343	40.89	---	---	---
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	991	19.38	---	---	---
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	6655	16.04	---	---	---
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	---	6083	28.34	---	---	---
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	529	7.25	---	---	---
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	13271	53.28	---	---	---
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	6105	33.70	---	---	---
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	942	18.10	---	---	---
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	7329	17.80	---	---	---
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	---	5730	26.59	---	---	---
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	516	6.97	---	---	---
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	12322	49.37	---	---	---
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	6586	36.49	---	---	---
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	945	18.17	---	---	---
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	6344	15.36	---	---	---
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	---	5849	27.18	---	---	---
	S	STANDAR # 4	---	---	542	7.54	---	---	---
	Si	STANDAR	---	---	22949	93.09	---	---	---
	Al	"	---	---	14653	83.35	---	---	---
	Fe	STANDAR	---	---	2391	55.87	---	---	---
	Ca	"	---	---	17909	45.34	---	---	---
	Mg	STANDAR	---	---	10303	43.34	---	---	---
	---	---	---	---	1105	19.93	---	---	---
	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

\* CALIBRATION SAMPLE FROM FIELD COLLECTED SLURRY

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 11.27.90PAGE #: 1TIME: 6800Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1050 WATTS

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31 Å	14042.6	50 ppm
Si	2124.12 Å	9336.12	50 ppm
Al	3944.63 Å	2349.52	50 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	19405.0	50 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	2442.27	10 ppm
Mg	2795.53 Å	156938.0	5 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11.27.90PAGE #: 2SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD #4) % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		3
0815	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STANDARD #4		20	5389	18.41	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	3787	19.28			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	1133	20.55			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	7726	18.58			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		5	1427	4.91			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		2	57137	1.81			.....
0820	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	5408	18.48	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	3717	18.90			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	1211	22.43			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	7855	18.92			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		5	1460	5.08			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		2	59426	1.88			.....
0825	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	5530	19.82	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		20	3884	19.82			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD.		20	1163	21.26			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		20	7516	18.04			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		5	1394	4.77			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
		STD		2	53244	1.69			.....
0830	S	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				20	5762	19.77	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				20	3811	19.42			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				20	1189	20.69			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				20	7444	17.85			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				5	1349	4.52			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
				2	55597	1.76			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-96PAGE #: 3SAMPLE #: FGU-SC4-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		3
6835	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	34734	123.5	LOW WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	5488	28.70			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	800	12.48			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	12775	31.72			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	8698	41.36			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	381276	12.19			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	shut down at this point to remake slag.				-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----					-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	-----					-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		



FGU-SC4

1) Calibrate using primary standards of concentrations as per test plan.

Sulfur, calcium & magnesium were found to be higher in concentration than primary stds.

2) New primary & secondary standards prepared!

STD. #1 H<sub>2</sub>O matrix

STD #1 S 200 ppm  
Si 50 ppm  
Al 50 ppm

STD #3 Fe 50 ppm  
Ca 100 ppm  
Mg 20 ppm

STD. #4 - Secondary standards

S: 100 ppm  
Si: 20 ppm  
Al: 20 ppm  
Fe: 25 ppm  
Mg: 10 ppm  
Ca: 50 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 11-27-96PAGE #: 4

TIME: \_\_\_\_\_

Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1650 WATTS

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31 Å	49253.7	200 ppm
Si	2124.12 Å	9360.21	50 ppm
Al	3944.03 Å	2359.85	50 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	18185.0	50 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	26668.7	100 ppm
Mg	2796.1 Å	1176.86	20 ppm

New primary &amp; secondary stds.

Concentrations of S, Ca &amp; Mg increased

Changed wavelength of Mg to less sensitive line

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11.27.96PAGE #: 5SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD. #4) & SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
0935	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del> STANDARD #4	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	100	26449	106.8	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
				25	4389	22.57			-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	25	1294	24.27			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	25	9547	25.65			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	50	9943	46.98			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	10	688	9.73			-----
	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del> STANDARD #4	-----	100	28385	114.7	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
0940	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	4541	23.41			-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	1349	25.60			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	9198	24.08			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	50	10479	49.63			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	10	661	9.15			-----
	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del> STANDARD #4	-----	100	24805	100.0	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	4656	24.05			-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	1302	24.47			-----
0945	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	8706	22.71			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	50	9529	44.94			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	10	704	10.07			-----
	S	STANDAR #4	-----	100	23595	95.04	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	25	4382	22.53			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	25	1510	29.44			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	25	8690	22.66			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	9949	47.01			-----
0950	Mg	STANDAR	-----	10	705	10.09			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-96PAGE #: 6SAMPLE #: FGC-SC4-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
0955	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	37270	153.5	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	5071	26.34			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	818	12.80			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12970	34.61			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	8793	41.30			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	900	14.17			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	35708	144.6	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
1000	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	4604	23.76			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	882	14.33			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	12614	33.62			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	8294	30.84			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	880	13.76			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	34265	132.7	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4272	21.93			.....
1005	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	784	11.98			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	11295	29.93			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	8412	39.42			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	895	14.08			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	.....	24948	100.6	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	4116	21.07			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	25	1372	26.17			.....
1015	Fe	STANDAR	.....	25	8692	22.67			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10059	47.56			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	10	668	9.30			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.5	3

rinse with H<sub>2</sub>O for 5 min before  
running std.→ Check  
uptake  
while rinsing

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11.27.90PAGE #: 7SAMPLE #: FGC-SC4-2, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....				0.3	
1020	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	33807	136.8	<10WATTS	0.3	
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	504	26.30			
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	783	11.96			
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	9694	25.46			
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	9256	43.59			
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	899	14.16			
1025	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	34811	140.9	<10WATTS	0.3	
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	4605	23.77			
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	819	12.82			
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11414	30.27			
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	9505	44.82			
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	953	15.29			
1030	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	32305	130.7	<10WATTS	0.3	
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4321	22.20			
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	990	12.11			
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	10053	26.47			
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	10522	49.84			
	S	STANDAR	.....	.....	874	13.64			
5 min rinse → 1040	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	23813	95.98	<10WATTS	0.3	
	Al	STANDAR	.....	25	4102	26.99			
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	25	1325	25.02			
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	25	8352	21.72			
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	50	9153	43.08			
	...	.....	.....	10	657	9.09			
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-92PAGE #: 8SAMPLE #: FGL-SC4-3, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
1045	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	31434	127.1	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	4774	24.70			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	834	13.17			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	8154	22.84			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	10352	49.01			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	821	13.79			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	34287	138.8	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
1050	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	4481	23.08			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	803	12.44			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	2949	23.39			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	9541	45.00			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	820	13.76			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	33932	137.4	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	4801	24.85			-----
1055	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	795	12.25			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	8699	22.69			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	10152	48.02			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	905	14.30			-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	100	24440	98.55	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	25	4588	23.67			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	25	1278	23.90			-----
1105	Fe	STANDAR	-----	25	9143	23.93			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	6382	29.38			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	10	640	8.72			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

5 min rinse

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-90PAGE #: 9SAMPLE #: FCU-SC4-4, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
1115	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----					
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	32033	129.6	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	4790	24.79			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	966	11.53			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	10371	27.36			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	10405	49.27			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	874	13.65			-----
1120	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	36095	146.2	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	4282	22.02			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	728	10.63			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	10237	26.98			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	10418	49.33			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	897	14.11			-----
1125	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	34341	139.0	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	4170	21.31			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	741	10.93			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	10154	26.75			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	11482	54.59			-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	-----	838	12.88			-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	27043	109.2	<10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	25	4670	24.13			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	25	1288	24.13			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	25	2363	21.75			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	50	10326	48.88			-----
	---	-----	-----	10	647	8.87			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

5 min. rinse →

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 11.27.92PAGE #: 10TIME: 1300Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1050 WATTS

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31 Å	52839.8	200 ppm
Si	2124.12 Å	9598.01	50 ppm
Al	3944.03 Å	2393.92	50 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	17094.2	50 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	18947.6	100 ppm
Mg	2795.53 Å	1221.09	20 ppm

*Calibration for afternoon analysis*



## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-90PAGE #: 11SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD #4), % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_instrument  
recalibrated →

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1310	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	100	24891	91.68	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	25	4745	23.90			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	25	1357	26.69			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	25	9412	26.76			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	50	9764	50.38			-----
	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	10	684	9.24			-----
1315	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	100	26740	100.6	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	4764	24.00			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	1352	26.55			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	25	9109	25.84			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	50	9823	50.70			-----
	S	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	10	699	9.55			-----
1320	Si	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	100	23083	86.70	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	4361	21.83			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	1336	26.15			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	25	9345	26.56			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE <del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	50	10070	52.04			-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	10	685	9.26			-----
1325	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	24360	91.56	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	25	4112	20.49			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	25	1276	24.66			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	25	8947	25.35			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	50	9643	49.73			-----
	---	-----	-----	10	664	8.84			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3.0

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-90PAGE #: 12SAMPLE #: FGU-SC4-S, % SOLIDS:           

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
1330	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	34319	129.5	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	4233	21.15			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	779	12.29			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	8208	23.12			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	11489	59.70			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	912	13.22			-----
1335	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	32605	123.0	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	3869	18.27			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	747	11.56			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	9004	26.52			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	11665	60.65			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	867	12.91			-----
1340	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	35001	132.1	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	4457	22.35			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	827	13.48			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	7833	21.98			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	10072	52.04			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	844	12.46			-----
1350	S	STANDAR	-----	100	25123	94.39	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	25	4373	21.90			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	25	1327	25.94			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	25	8297	23.38			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	9250	47.60			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	10	668	8.93			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

5 min rinse  
→

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-92PAGE #: 13SAMPLE #: FCU-SC4-6, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1400	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	34154	128.9	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	4713	23.72			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	858	14.26			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	8481	23.94			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	10926	56.66			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	838	12.33			.....
1405	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	32439	122.3	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	4212	21.03			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	787	12.49			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	9360	26.60			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11599	60.80			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	882	13.21			.....
1410	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	32431	122.3	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4842	24.42			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	792	12.62			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	8970	25.42			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	11771	61.22			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	902	13.61			.....
1420	S	STANDAR	.....	100	24729	92.97	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	25	4571	22.96			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	25	1306	25.41			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	25	8408	23.72			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	9759	50.35			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	10	662	8.80			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

Smin rinse →

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-96PAGE #: 14SAMPLE #: FCU-SC4-7, SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1425	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	35282	133.1	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	5049	25.53			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	495	5.23			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	9642	27.45			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	11128	57.75			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	796	11.49			.....
1430	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	34227	129.1	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	4944	24.97			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	796	12.77			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	10236	29.26			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11054	57.35			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	865	12.87			.....
1435	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	33493	126.3	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	2107	9.71			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	805	12.94			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	10866	31.16			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	12014	62.54			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	856	12.64			.....
1445	S	STANDAR #4	.....	100	26013	97.85	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	25	4309	21.55			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	25	1253	24.09			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	25	8746	24.74			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10252	53.02			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	10	680	9.16			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

5 min rinse  
→

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-92PAGE #: 15SAMPLE #: FGU-SC4-8, % SOLIDS:           

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....				0.3	3
1500	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	36109	136.3	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	4316	21.54			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	741	12.60			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	8568	24.20			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12789	66.72			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	834	12.24			.....
1505	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	35058	132.3	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	5046	25.51			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	793	12.65			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	5792	15.80			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11999	62.46			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	862	12.81			.....
1510	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	32550	122.7	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4404	22.06			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	786	12.48			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	8225	23.17			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	12165	63.36			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	.....	819	11.95			.....
1520	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	24468	91.74	<10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	25	4426	22.18			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	25	1213	23.09			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	25	8746	24.74			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	50	9796	50.56			.....
	...	.....	.....	10	653	8.63			.....
								0.3	3

5min rinse →

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-27-90PAGE #: 16SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (SID #4), % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

AFTER COMPLETION OF ANALYSIS

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1525	S	SAMPLE STD. #4	TRIAL 1	100	24316	41.39	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	25	1317	5.46			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	25	1216	23.16			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	25	8354	23.56			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	10301	53.28			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	10	633	8.23			-----
1530	S	SAMPLE STD. #4	TRIAL 2	100	23287	89.76	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	25	1238	5.03			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	25	1267	24.44	plugging		-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	25	8894	25.19			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	8799	45.17			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	10	604	7.61			-----
1545	S	SAMPLE STD. #4	TRIAL 3	100	28927	109.0			-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	25	5196	26.32			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	25	1389	27.47	new tubing		-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	25	9262	26.12			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	11016	57.14	<10 WATTS	0.3	3 m. min
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	10	716	9.89			-----
	S	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

# SECONDARY STDs.

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	22.57	24.27	25.05	46.98	9.726	106.8
2	23.41	25.60	24.08	49.63	9.152	114.7
3	24.05	24.47	22.71	44.94	10.07	100.0
4	22.53	29.49	22.66	47.01	10.09	95.09
5	21.07	26.17	22.67	47.56	9.304	100.6
6	20.99	25.02	21.72	43.08	9.087	95.98
7	23.67	23.90	23.93	29.38	8.724	98.55
8	24.13	24.13	21.75	48.88	8.868	109.2
9	23.90	26.69	26.76	50.38	9.241	91.68
10	24.00	26.55	25.84	50.70	9.548	100.6
11	21.83	26.15	26.56	52.04	9.263	86.70
12	20.49	24.66	25.35	49.73	8.838	91.56
13	21.90	25.94	23.38	47.60	8.926	94.39
14	22.96	25.41	23.72	50.35	8.801	92.97
15	6.828	23.24	21.87	46.15	8.875	90.70
16	21.55	24.09	24.74	53.02	9.161	97.85
MEAN	21.62	25.36	23.92	47.34	9.230	97.96
11 S.D.	4.12	1.51	1.66	5.45	0.430	7.36

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-1

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	26.34	12.80	34.61	41.30	14.17	153.5
2	23.76	14.33	33.62	38.84	13.76	144.6
3	21.93	11.98	29.93	39.42	14.08	138.7
MEAN	24.01	13.03	32.72	39.85	14.01	145.6
±1 S.D.	2.21	1.20	2.46	1.29	0.22	7.4



# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-2

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	26.30	11.96	25.46	43.59	14.16	136.8
2	23.77	12.82	30.27	44.82	15.29	140.9
3	22.20	12.11	26.47	49.84	13.64	130.7
MEAN	24.09	12.30	27.40	46.08	14.36	136.2
±1 S.D.	2.07	0.46	2.53	3.31	0.85	5.2

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-3

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	24.70	13.17	22.84	49.01	13.79	127.1
2	23.08	12.44	23.39	45.00	13.76	138.8
3	24.85	12.25	22.69	48.02	14.30	137.4
MEAN	24.21	12.62	22.97	47.34	13.95	134.4
$\pm 1$ S.D.	0.98	0.49	0.37	2.09	0.30	6.4

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-4

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	24.79	11.53	27.36	49.27	13.65	129.6
2	22.02	10.63	26.98	49.33	14.11	146.2
3	21.37	10.93	26.75	54.59	12.88	139.0
MEAN	22.72	11.03	27.03	51.06	13.55	139.3
+1 S.D.	1.82	0.46	0.31	3.05	0.62	8.3

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-5

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	21.15	12.29	23.12	59.70	13.82	129.5
2	19.87	11.56	25.52	60.65	12.91	123.0
3	22.35	13.48	21.98	52.04	12.46	132.1
MEAN	20.79	12.44	23.54	57.47	13.06	128.2
11 S.D.	1.77	0.97	1.81	4.72	0.69	4.7

## ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-6

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	23.72	14.26	23.94	56.66	12.33	128.9
2	21.03	12.49	26.60	60.30	13.21	122.3
3	24.42	12.62	25.42	61.22	13.61	122.3
MEAN	23.06	13.12	25.32	59.39	13.05	124.5
$\pm 1$ S.D.	1.79	0.99	1.33	2.41	0.66	3.8

# ANALYSIS OF OF FGU-SC4-7

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	25.53	5.227	27.45	57.75	11.49	133.1
2	24.97	12.77	29.26	57.35	12.87	129.1
3	9.708	12.94	31.16	62.54	12.69	126.3
MEAN	20.070	10.31	29.29	59.21	12.35	129.5
±1 S.D.	8.978	4.41	1.85	2.89	0.75	3.4

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-8

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	22.06	12.48	23.17	63.36	11.95	122.7
MEAN	22.06	12.48	23.17	63.36	11.95	122.7
$\pm 1$ S.D.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0

# ANALYSIS OF FGU-SC4-8 SEE ATTACHED

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	21.59	12.60	24.20	66.72	12.24	136.3
2	25.51	12.65	15.80	62.46	12.81	132.3
MEAN	23.55	12.63	20.00	64.59	12.53	134.3
±1 S.D.	2.78	0.03	5.94	3.02	0.40	2.8



FGU-SC4-S VS. STDS. SI 2124.12

STD. Si : 20 ppm

STEP ANG. INCREMENT = 87.9 COUNTS FULL SCALE = 5275.0 COUNTS

[illegible]

@ = STANDARD#1-H2O MATRIX

\* = STANDARD#4A-SECONDARY STD.

† = FGU-SC4-8

FGU-SC4-8 VS. STDS. AL 3944.03

*Std. Al: 20ppm*

STEP ANG. INCREMENT = 20.9 COUNTS FULL SCALE = 1255.0 COUNTS

```

I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I
-16 3943.53 @ $
-15 3943.56 @ $
-14 3943.59 * @ $
-13 3943.62 @ * $
-12 3943.65 @ * $
-11 3943.69 @ * $
-10 3943.72 @ * $
-9 3943.75 @ $
-8 3943.78 @ $
-7 3943.81 @ * $
-6 3943.84 @ *
-5 3943.87 @ *
-4 3943.90 @ $ *
-3 3943.94 @ $ *
-2 3943.97 @ $ *
-1 3944.00 @ $ *
0 3944.03 @ $ *
1 3944.06 @ $ *
2 3944.09 @ $ *
3 3944.12 @ $ *
4 3944.15 @ * $
5 3944.19 @ *
6 3944.22 @ *
7 3944.25 @ * $
8 3944.28 @ * $
9 3944.31 @ * $
10 3944.34 @ $
11 3944.37 @ $
12 3944.40 @ $
13 3944.44 @ $
14 3944.47 @ $
15 3944.50 @ * $
16 3944.53 @ $
I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I

```

@ = STANDARD#1-H2O MATRIX

\* = STANDARD#4A-SECONDARY STD.

\$ = FGU-SC4-8

FGU-SC4-8 VS. STDS. FE 2739.55

*Std. Fe = 26ppm*

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 139.0 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 8342.0 COUNTS
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	
-16	2739.05	@	
-15	2739.08	@	
-14	2739.11	@*	
-13	2739.14	@	
-12	2739.17	@	
-11	2739.21	@	
-10	2739.24	@	
-9	2739.27	@	
-8	2739.30	@	
-7	2739.33	@	
-6	2739.36	@	
-5	2739.39	@*	
-4	2739.42	@ \$ *	
-3	2739.46	@ \$ *	
-2	2739.49	@ \$ *	
-1	2739.52	@	* \$
0	2739.55	@	* \$
1	2739.58	@	* \$
2	2739.61	@	* \$
3	2739.64	@	* \$
4	2739.67	@ *	* \$
5	2739.71	@* \$	
6	2739.74	@ \$	
7	2739.77	@	
8	2739.80	@	
9	2739.83	@	
10	2739.86	@	
11	2739.89	@	
12	2739.92	@	
13	2739.96	@	
14	2739.99	@	
15	2740.02	@	
16	2740.05	@	
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	

@ = STANDARD#1-H2O MATE  
\* = STANDARD#4A-SECONDARY STD.  
\$ = FGU-SC4-8

FGU-SC4-8 VS. STDS. CA 4226.73

*Std. Ca = 5ppm*

STEP ANG. INCREMENT = 210.4 COUNTS FULL SCALE = 12622. COUNTS

		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....
-16	4226.23	@
-15	4226.26	@
-14	4226.29	@
-13	4226.32	@
-12	4226.35	@
-11	4226.39	@
-10	4226.42	@
-9	4226.45	@
-8	4226.48	@ \$
-7	4226.51	@ \$
-6	4226.54	@ \$
-5	4226.57	@ \$
-4	4226.60	@ \$
-3	4226.64	@ * \$
-2	4226.67	@ * \$
-1	4226.70	@ * \$
0	4226.73	@ * \$
1	4226.76	@ * \$
2	4226.79	@ * \$
3	4226.82	@ * \$
4	4226.85	@ \$
5	4226.89	@ \$
6	4226.92	@ \$
7	4226.95	@ \$
8	4226.98	@
9	4227.01	@
10	4227.04	@
11	4227.07	@
12	4227.10	@
13	4227.14	@
14	4227.17	@
15	4227.20	@
16	4227.23	@
		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....

@ = STANDARD#1-H2O MATRIX

\* = STANDARD#4A-SECONDARY STD.

\$ = FGU-SC4-8

FGU-SC4-8 VS. STDS. MG 2790.8

STD. Mg : 2 ppm

```

STEP  ANG.      INCREMENT = 14.5 COUNTS      FULL SCALE = 873.0 COUNTS
1....1....1... 1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1
-16  2790.30      @
-15  2790.33      @
-14  2790.36      @ $
-13  2790.39      @ $
-12  2790.42      @ $
-11  2790.46      @ $
-10  2790.49      @ $
-9   2790.52      @ $
-8   2790.55      @ $
-7   2790.58      @ *
-6   2790.61      @ *
-5   2790.64      @ $
-4   2790.67      @ $
-3   2790.71      @ * $
-2   2790.74      @ * $
-1   2790.77      @ * $
0    2790.80      @ * $
1    2790.83      @ *
2    2790.86      @ *
3    2790.89      @ * $
4    2790.92      @ * $
5    2790.96      @ $
6    2790.99      @ * $
7    2791.02      @ * $
8    2791.05      @ $
9    2791.08      @ $
10   2791.11      @ $
11   2791.14      @ $
12   2791.17      @ $
13   2791.21      @ $
14   2791.24      @ $
15   2791.27      @ $
16   2791.30      @ $
1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1....1

```

Q = STANDARD#1-H2O MATRIX

\* = STANDARD#4A--SECONDARY STD.

\$ = FGU-SC4-8

FGU-SC4-8 VS. STDS. S 1807.31

STD. S = 20ppm

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 315.6 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 18936. COUNTS
		I.....I.....I.....I.... I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	
-16	1806.81	@	
-15	1806.84	@	
-14	1806.87	@	
-13	1806.90	@	
-12	1806.93	@	
-11	1806.97	@	
-10	1807.00	@	
-9	1807.03	@	
-8	1807.0	@*	
-7	1807.00	@	
-6	1807.12	@	
-5	1807.15	@	
-4	1807.18	@\$	
-3	1807.22	@ \$	
-2	1807.25	@ \$	
-1	1807.28	@*	
0	1807.31	@ *	\$
1	1807.34	@ *	\$
2	1807.37	@ *	\$
3	1807.40	@ *	\$
4	1807.43	@ \$	\$
5	1807.47	@ \$	
6	1807.50	@\$	
7	1807.53	@	
8	1807.57	@	
9	1807.59	@	
10	1807.62	@*	
11	1807.65	@	
12	1807.68	@	
13	1807.72	@	
14	1807.75	@	
15	1807.78	@	
16	1807.81	@	
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	

@ = STANDARD#1-H2O MATRIX  
 \* = STANDARD#4A-SECONDARY STD.  
 \$ = FGU-SC4-8

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 11.28.9cPAGE #: 1TIME: 1245Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1050 WATTS

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31 Å	2912.2	100 ppm
Si	2124.12 Å	34192.8	200 ppm
Al	3944.03 Å	4590.72	100 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	37665.2	100 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	10528.8	50 ppm
Mg	2790.8 Å	725.50	10 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11.28.90PAGE #: 2SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD #4) & SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1300	S	SAMPLE STANDARD #4	T.....	50	13634	46.23	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	T.....	100	18884	109.7			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	T..... 1	50	2292	46.85			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	T..... 1	50	18173	47.50			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	T..... 1	20	4403	19.73			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	T.....	5	445	4.53			.....
	S	SAMPLE STD. #4	T.....	50	13446	45.58	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
1305	Si	SAMPLE	T.....	100	18547	107.7			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	T.....	50	2430	50.06			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	T.....	50	17297	45.15			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	T.....	20	3986	17.67			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	T..... 2	5	440	4.43			.....
	S	SAMPLE STD. #4	T..... 3	50	13521	45.84	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	T..... 3	100	18429	107.0			.....
1310	Al	SAMPLE	T.....	50	2463	50.80			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	T.....	50	16863	43.82			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	T.....	20	4473	20.08			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	T.....	5	451	4.65			.....
	S	STANDAR #4	.....	50	13706	46.48	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	17847	103.6			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2395	49.24			.....
1315	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	18845	49.31			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	20	4302	19.24			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	5	456	4.74			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3



## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 11-28-90PAGE #: 3SAMPLE #: CGO-SC4-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
1320	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	30745	105.6	10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	14623	84.55			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	2136	43.24			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	13309	34.41			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	11364	54.13			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	950	14.38			-----
1325	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	13560	120.9	10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	15718	91.01			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1852	36.67			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	13949	36.13			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12006	57.30			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	999	15.34			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----					-----
	S	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----						-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----						-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 4TIME: 0630Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1650 WATTS

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.91 Å	51746.8	200 ppm
Si	2124.12 Å	35401.9	200 ppm
Al	3944.53 Å	4292.07	100 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	36278.3	100 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	21166.3	100 ppm
Mg	2796.8 Å	2457.72	50 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-96PAGE #: 5SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD. #4), % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (1/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
0705	S	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
		STANDARD #4	-----	100	26942	103.5	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				100	17742	99.43			-----
	Al	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	2210	48.26			-----
	Fe	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	17047	46.36			-----
	Ca	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	10232	47.32			-----
	Mg	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 1</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				20	1167	21.80			-----
0710	S	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
		STD #4	-----	100	26678	102.5	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				100	17922	100.5			-----
	Al	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	2314	50.85			-----
	Fe	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	1652	45.13			-----
	Ca	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	11073	51.37			-----
	Mg	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 2</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				20	1127	20.46			-----
0715	S	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				200	27014	102.2	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				700	18229	102.2			-----
	Al	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	2312	50.81			-----
	Fe	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	16057	43.47			-----
	Ca	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	9304	42.85			-----
	Mg	<del>SAMPLE</del>	<del>TRIAL 3</del>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				20	---	---			-----
0720	S	STANDAR #4	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				100	26523	101.8	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				100	18739	105.1			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	2331	51.28			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	17553	47.65			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				50	10106	46.71			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
				20	1073	19.25			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	5

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-70PAGE #: 6SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
0725	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	33634	129.6	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	14746	82.37			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1885	40.21			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12547	33.65			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	11985	55.77			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1600	17.63			.....
0730	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	33323	128.3	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	16526	92.51			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	2029	43.72			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13419	36.9			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	12408	57.80			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	927	16.02			.....
0735	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	34781	134.0	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	15868	88.42			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	2008	43.26			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	12592	33.78			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	11954	55.62			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	973	17.04			.....
0745	S	STANDAR #4	.....	100	25355	164.7	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	18668	164.7			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2263	44.58			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	17382	47.17			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10944	48.34			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1122	26.35			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

5 min rinse before std. analysis →

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 7SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-2, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
* 6750	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	30517	117.4	* 18 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	14886	82.88			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	2033	43.88			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	14453	40.98			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	12656	59.0			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	992	17.46			-----
* 6755	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12317	124.4	18 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	14628	81.70			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	2034	43.91			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	14786	39.91			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	11228	55.30			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	465	5.75**			-----
* 6800	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	32706	125.9	18 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	15314	85.61			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	1988	42.75			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	14620	39.45			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	13334	62.27			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	419	4.73**			-----
	S	STANDAR	-----		Rinse w/ 1% 1-2 A for 5 min.				
	Si	STANDAR	-----		✓ verify CGC-SC4-2				
	Al	STANDAR	-----		See page 8				
	Fe	STANDAR	-----						
	Ca	STANDAR	-----						
	Mg	STANDAR	-----						
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

\* Heavy coating of coal particles in spray chamber  
 \*\* No peak found in analysis not valid G-44

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 8SAMPLE #: CGO-504-2 (2<sup>nd</sup> Run), % SOLIDS:           

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
<u>0805</u>	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>30000</u>	<u>115.4</u>	<u>10 WATTS</u>	<u>0.3</u>	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>17470</u>	<u>97.88</u>			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>2075</u>	<u>44.93</u>			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>13764</u>	<u>37.06</u>			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>12753</u>	<u>59.47</u>			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	<u>975</u>	<u>17.07</u>			.....
<u>0810</u>	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>34147</u>	<u>131.5</u>	<u>10-15 WATTS</u>	<u>0.3</u>	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>16384</u>	<u>91.70</u>			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>2042</u>	<u>44.10</u>			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>16269</u>	<u>44.66</u>			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>14312</u>	<u>66.48</u>			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	<u>935</u>	<u>16.20</u>			.....
<u>0815</u>	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>34604</u>	<u>133.3</u>	<u>15 WATTS</u>	<u>0.3</u>	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>16799</u>	<u>94.06</u>			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>2153</u>	<u>46.86</u>			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>15814</u>	<u>42.79</u>			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>13861</u>	<u>64.80</u>			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	<u>1045</u>	<u>18.63</u>			.....
<u>0820</u>	S	STANDAR	.....	<u>100</u>	<u>30334</u>	<u>116.7</u>	<u>10 WATTS</u>	<u>0.3</u>	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	<u>100</u>	<u>20933</u>	<u>117.6</u>			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	<u>50</u>	<u>2982</u>	<u>67.46</u>			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	<u>50</u>	<u>21486</u>	<u>58.65</u>			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	<u>50</u>	<u>12702</u>	<u>59.22</u>			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	<u>20</u>	<u>1293</u>	<u>14.14</u>			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		

5 min rinse →

\* Reflective power unstable

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 9TIME: 0845

Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): \_\_\_\_\_

ICP POWER LEVEL: \_\_\_\_\_

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31 Å	60762.8	200 ppm
Si	2124.2 Å	41293.0	200 ppm
Al	3944.13 Å	6005.70	100 ppm
Fe	2739.55 Å	44482.3	100 ppm
Ca	4226.73 Å	24059.7	100 ppm
Mg	2790.8 Å	3131.19	50 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-90PAGE #: 416SAMPLE #: Secondary std. after SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_  
recalibrated

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
0855	S	STANDAR	.....	100	19842	64.82			.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	14547	64.12	15Watts	0.3	.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2006	30.83			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	28709	63.48			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	15767	65.02			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1802	27.50			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		3

analysis unacceptable  
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## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12.2.70PAGE #: 11

TIME: \_\_\_\_\_

Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3

ICP POWER LEVEL: \_\_\_\_\_

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH $\text{\AA}$	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S			
Si	1807.31	53841.4	200 ppm
Al	2124.12	41258	200 ppm
Fe	3444.43	5006.28	100 ppm
Ca	2734.55	37969.8	100 ppm
Mg	4227.73	21848.9	100 ppm
	2796.8	2843.38	50 ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-96PAGE #: 12SAMPLE #: Secondary std. (std. #4), SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....					.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....					.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....					.....
1910	S	STANDAR #4	.....	100	21916	80.75			.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	15189	72.87	12 WATTS		.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2330	42.87			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	21917	58.15			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	14308	64.90			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1590	26.41			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		

12-2-96 P. 8  
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## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 13TIME: 0935Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1650 WATT

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH <sup>c</sup> Å	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31	4446.7	200ppm
Si	2124.12	34136.1	200ppm
Al	3944.63	4443.39	100ppm
Fe	2784.55	39232.5	10ppm
Ca	4226.73	26311.0	100ppm
Mg	2796.8	2659.07	50ppm

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.96PAGE #: 14SAMPLE #: Secondary std. (std. #4), % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

Hit &amp; clean glass window

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
0950	S	SAMPLE Standard #4	TRIAL 1	100	25892	106.2	<10Watts (6)	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	100	16013	42.86			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	2345	49.48			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	18735	47.07			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	10361	50.07			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	20	1133	19.03			-----
0955	S	SAMPLE Std #4	TRIAL 2	100	24346	99.82	<10Watts (2)	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	100	17344	100.8			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	2263	47.54			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	21152	53.35			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	10020	51.38			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	20	1265	21.71			-----
1000	S	SAMPLE Std. #4	TRIAL 3	100	23371	95.77	<10Watts (6)	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	100	17417	101.2			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	2154	44.77			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	20374	51.32			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	9964	48.08			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	20	1214	20.68			-----
1005	S	STANDAR #4	-----	100	28963	119.0	(5) <10Watts	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	1720	105.0			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2112	48.98			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	19313	46.58			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	10067	48.60			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1151	19.30			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-90PAGE #: 15SAMPLE #: CGC-504-12, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1010	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	29129	119.7	(2) K10WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	1837	56.38			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	1261	23.76			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	15825	39.74			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	11189	54.23			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	802	12.31			-----
1015	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	26734	169.7	(2) K10WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	9641	55.19			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1232	23.29			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	15148	37.83			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	16775	53.15			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	641	13.10			-----
1020	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	28410	116.7	(5) K10WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	8361	47.63			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	1275	24.30			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	15827	39.58			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	11685	53.70			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	810	12.46			-----
5min rinse → 1030	S	STANDAR #1	-----	100	25467	164.2	(4-6) K10WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	16319	95.03			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2172	45.40			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	14096	48.62			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	16558	51.06			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1120	16.77			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-96PAGE #: 16SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-11, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1035	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	26572	109.1	(2) <10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	5083	28.25			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	859	14.50			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	11957	29.40			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	11643	56.50			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	777	11.80			-----
1040	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	27227	111.8	(2) <10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	5186	28.26			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	873	14.85			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12343	30.59			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	11962	57.81			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	736	10.97			-----
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	24489	100.4	(2) <10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	5201	28.94			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	783	12.73			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	12082	29.42			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	11173	54.15			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	800	12.26			-----
1045	S	STANDAR D4	-----	100	24712	101.3	<10 WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	16285	94.47			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2177	45.52			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	18518	46.53			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	11196	54.26			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1150	19.37			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		

5 min rinse  
→

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.96PAGE #: 17SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-10, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1050	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	27909	114.6	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12143	69.98			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1480	29.13			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	18440	46.83			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	13159	64.11			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	919	14.64			.....
1055	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	25331	103.9	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11363	65.38			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1676	33.73			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	17657	44.31			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13246	64.81			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	807	12.41			.....
1100	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	26006	110.0	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	11554	66.50			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	1457	28.57			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	17746	44.54			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14779	72.24			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	858	13.45			.....
5 min v. inc → 1100	S	STANDAR	.....	100	25615	105.1	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	16386	75.06			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2361	49.85			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	18467	46.40			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	11039	53.47			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1110	18.56			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-90PAGE #: 18SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-9, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1115	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	27317	112.2	(2) <10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12965	74.84			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1943	46.01			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	15362	38.35			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	13674	66.70			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	942	15.14			.....
1120	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	29469	121.1	(2) <10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13209	76.26			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1761	35.72			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	17666	44.37			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	15173	74.22			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	914	14.58			.....
1125	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	30123	123.8	(4) <10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14812	85.76			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	1735	35.11			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	16902	42.36			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14512	70.90			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	947	15.26			.....
1130	S	STANDAR	.....	100	25799	105.7	(4) <10WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	16792	97.47			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2492	52.93			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	19337	48.65			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10515	50.85			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1102	16.40			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3



## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.76PAGE #: 19SAMPLE #: GGC-SCY-8, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1135	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	29321	120.4	(8) <10watts	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	14664	84.92			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	2119	44.14			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	18350	46.10			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	13734	67.00			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	403	15.55			-----
1140	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	29242	120.2	(2) <10watts	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	15079	87.34			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1942	39.99			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	16142	40.40			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	14551	71.10			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	934	14.98			-----
1145	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	29482	123.2	(2) <10watts	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	17143	99.54			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	1972	41.17			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	15836	39.61			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	14137	69.02			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	931	14.94			-----
1150	S	STANDAR	-----	100	24926	99.74	(2) <10watts	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	17774	103.3			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2331	49.14			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	19577	44.27			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	10626	51.40			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1079	17.94			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-70PAGE #: 20SAMPLE #: C60-504-7, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1155	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	30717	126.3	(5) ≤10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	16486	95.66			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1857	37.98			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	16713	41.87			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12971	63.17			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	910	14.51			.....
1200	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	29461	121.1	(6) ≤10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13871	80.20			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1782	36.22			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	15159	39.91			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13787	67.26			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	908	14.47			.....
1205	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	30404	125.0	(2) ≤10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14255	82.47			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	1808	36.84			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	17975	45.13			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	13793	67.30			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	925	14.80			.....
1210	S	STANDAR	.....	100	26219	107.6	≤10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	17541	102.2			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2284	48.03			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	18533	46.57			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	1250	54.54			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1128	18.92			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-06PAGE #: 21SAMPLE #: CGC-504-C, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
12:15	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	25917	106.4	(5) SLIGHTLY	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	13146	75.91			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	1677	33.20			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	15429	38.71			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	12926	62.15			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	841	13.09			-----
12:20	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	29126	119.7	(2) SLIGHTLY	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	13367	77.22			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1609	32.16			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	15795	37.50			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	13019	63.41			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	821	13.72			-----
12:25	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	26823	110.1	(1) SLIGHTLY	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	12032	69.33			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	1546	30.67			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	15768	39.43			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	12228	59.44			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	850	13.29			-----
12:30	S	STANDAR	-----	100	23467	98.25	(5) SLIGHTLY	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	15646	90.69			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2337	49.29			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	19584	49.28			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	10344	50.01			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1110	18.56			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	-----

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 22SAMPLE #: CGO-5C4-5, & SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1230	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	28435	116.8	(5) <10 WATT		-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	19178	76.10			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	1696	34.19			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	16045	46.15			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	13254	64.59			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	943	15.18			-----
1235	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	29666	121.9	(5) <10 WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	17933	74.65			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1708	34.48			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	16199	46.55			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12125	58.43			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	972	15.75			-----
1240	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	28406	116.7	(5) <10 WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	13060	75.52			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	1687	33.49			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	14953	35.78			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	13050	63.57			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	975	15.81			-----
1245	S	STANDAR	-----	100	24614	100.9	(5) <10 WATT	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	16811	97.58			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2106	43.83			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	19430	48.29			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	9218	47.35			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1074	17.82			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 23SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-4, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3
1250	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	30258	124.4	(5) 510WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	16514	95.22			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	1989	41.10			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	15698	39.25			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	13450	65.58			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	-----	427	14.86			-----
1255	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	31857	131.0	(3) 510WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	14995	86.84			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	1826	37.26			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	15817	39.56			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	12837	62.50			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	-----	881	13.92			-----
1300	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	30092	123.7	(5) 510WATTS		-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	13254	76.55		0.3	-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	2235	46.87			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	17203	43.14			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	13775	67.20			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	-----	942	15.15			-----
1305	S	STANDAR	-----	100	26244	107.7	510WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	17664	102.6			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2284	48.03			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	19409	48.83			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	10031	48.42			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1135	19.06			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-2-90PAGE #: 24SAMPLE #: C60-SC4-3, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1310	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	24150	119.8	(2) 210WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	15342	89.19			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	2084	43.34			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	16267	40.72			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12653	61.57			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	934	14.98			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	36245	127.0	(2) 210WATTS	0.3	.....
1315	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	14074	81.40			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1729	39.68			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	16527	41.34			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13625	66.15			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	963	15.58			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	30173	124.0	(2) 210WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	15015	86.96			.....
1320	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	2133	44.47			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	17076	42.86			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14841	72.55			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	919	14.68			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	100	24134	98.94	210WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	17574	102.1			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2265	47.57			.....
1330	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	19303	48.56			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10310	49.82			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1153	19.84			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12-3-90PAGE #: 25SAMPLE #: CGO-SC4-2, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....			(S)	0.3	3
0730	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	27632	113.5	<10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	14576	84.37			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1772	36.00			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	15334	38.31			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12314	59.40			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	972	15.77			.....
0735	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	31192	126.3	(S) <10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	16017	42.89			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1972	40.68			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	15544	32.86			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	12668	62.35			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	465	15.62			.....
0740	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	28851	118.7	(S) <10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	15266	88.44			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	1917	39.46			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	15664	39.18			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	13544	66.05			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	.....	1021	16.75			.....
0750	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	22890	49.77	(S) <10 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	100	17464	104.4			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	2214	46.38			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	19945	50.22			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	50	10266	49.60			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	20	1015	16.63			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.3.90PAGE #: 26SAMPLE #: CGC-SC4-1, % SOLIDS:           

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
0800	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	28355	116.5	(2) 110 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	13912	80.44			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1964	46.51			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12519	31.05			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	11432	55.45			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	1060	17.54			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	30744	126.4	(2) 110 WATTS	0.3	.....
0805	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	15183	87.95			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1951	46.18			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	14752	36.81			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	11932	57.96			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	912	14.53			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	28956	119.0	(2) 110 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14896	86.26			.....
0810	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	1966	40.56			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	13239	32.91			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	12277	59.64			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	941	15.14			.....
	S	STANDAR #4	.....	100	24188	99.17	(2) 110 WATTS	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	16249	94.25			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2426	51.38			.....
0820	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	18724	47.06			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10371	56.12			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1679	17.42			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3



## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET A

DATE: 12.3.90PAGE #: 27TIME: 0900Ar-FLOW RATE (l/min): 0.3ICP POWER LEVEL: 1050

## PRIMARY STANDARDS:

ELEMENT	WAVELENGTH <sup>0</sup> Å	INTENSITY	CONCENTR.
S	1807.31	48965.1	200
Si	2124.12	34738.5	200
Al	3944.03	4083.46	100
Fe	2739.55	78910.0	100
Ca	4226.73	20484.1	100
Mg	2796.8	2479.80	50

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.2.90PAGE #: 28SAMPLE #: SECONDARY STD. (STD.#4), % SOLIDS:

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----		
								0.3	3
0925	S	SAMPLE STANDARD #4	TRIAL 1	100	24537	99.63	(*) <10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	100	16983	96.88			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	2160	49.85			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	17834	45.14			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	50	10701	51.32			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	20	1171	21.38			-----
0930	S	SAMPLE STD #4	TRIAL 2	100	23649	95.97	(2) <10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	100	17114	97.64			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	2414	56.48			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	21029	53.46			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	50	10528	50.46			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	20	1111	20.06			-----
0935	S	SAMPLE STD #4	TRIAL 3	100	22623	91.75	(5) <10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	100	15714	89.51			-----
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	2193	50.70			-----
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	18042	45.68			-----
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	50	10297	49.31			-----
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	20	1065	19.04			-----
0940	S	STANDAR #4	-----	100	23809	96.63	(5) <10WATTS	0.3	-----
	Si	STANDAR	-----	100	16195	97.30			-----
	Al	STANDAR	-----	50	2306	53.66			-----
	Fe	STANDAR	-----	50	18266	46.26			-----
	Ca	STANDAR	-----	50	9183	43.77			-----
	Mg	STANDAR	-----	20	1092	19.63			-----
	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.3	3

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.7.90PAGE #: 29SAMPLE #: FGU-503-1C-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
c945	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12980	52.08	(0) LOWATT	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	2115	10.52			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	470	5.79			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	4538	10.53			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	5502	25.45			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	475	6.08			.....
c950	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	12688	50.88			.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	1973	9.70			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	436	4.89			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	4863	11.38			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	5396	24.92			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	482	6.23			.....
c955	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	14135	56.83	(0) LOWATT	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	2101	10.45			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	455	5.39			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4758	11.11			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	4910	22.51			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	473	6.02			.....
1000	S	STANDAR	.....	100	21230	86.02	(0) LOWATT	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	17432	99.48			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2073	47.59			.....
	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	18455	46.76			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10493	50.29			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1098	19.76			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		

## DOE SULFUR &amp; ASH DATA SHEET B

DATE: 12.3.90PAGE #: 30SAMPLE #: CGO-503-16-1, % SOLIDS: \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	ELEM	SAMPLE/ STAND.	SAMPLE TRIAL #	STAND. PPM	ICP INTENS	CONCEN. PPM	REFLECT POWER	Q-ARGON (l/min)	Q-ANALYT (ml/min)
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3
1005	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	12385	49.63	(2) <10WATT	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	7343	40.89			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	991	19.38			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	6655	16.04			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	6083	28.34			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 1	.....	529	7.25			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	13271	53.28	(2) <10WATT	0.3	.....
1010	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	6105	33.70			.....
	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	942	18.10			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	7329	17.80			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	5730	26.59			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 2	.....	516	6.97			.....
	S	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	12322	49.37	(4) <10WATT	0.3	.....
	Si	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	6586	36.49			.....
1015	Al	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	945	18.17			.....
	Fe	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	6394	15.36			.....
	Ca	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	5849	27.18			.....
	Mg	SAMPLE	TRIAL 3	.....	542	7.54			.....
	S	STANDAR	.....	100	22949	98.69	(4) <10WATT	0.3	.....
	Si	STANDAR	.....	100	14653	83.35			.....
	Al	STANDAR	.....	50	2391	55.87			.....
1025	Fe	STANDAR	.....	50	17909	45.34			.....
	Ca	STANDAR	.....	50	10303	49.34			.....
	Mg	STANDAR	.....	20	1105	19.93			.....
	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.3	3

12.2.60

11.31 new standards, increase ppm in S, Ca & Mg

Standard #1  $H_2O$  natural

Standard #2 200 ppm Si  
100 ppm Al  
50 ppm Fe

Standard #3 100 ppm Fe  
100 ppm Si  
50 ppm Mg

Standard #4 100 ppm Si  
100 ppm Al  
50 ppm Si  
50 ppm Fe  
50 ppm Ca  
20 ppm Mg

} Secondary Std

Qualitative run of sample GGO-SC4-1 went w.v. (data sheet page 1)

GGO-SC4-2 dipstick heavy layer of red particles on Apra. chamber, red particles immediately went to 18 with. After analysis in trip rinsed for

5 min. with  $H_2O$  - ref. - over down to 10 (data sheet page 7). Residue

in trip - back Rinse, after Standard is with not resp. (page 8) Ref. ppm 1-5

to substrate and over back to (page 9) Ref. ppm - 12 with

Standard run of 10

Rehabilitate and re-run: rti = 4 ref. power at ~12 watts - results  
not acceptable

Next sample - clean with 1/4 sec. chamber - refract index

with 12 rate to then 3 ml / sec.

Very noisy, light - in 1/4 sec. chamber - then had some trouble.

Re-run: - Ref power at <10 (0) watts

Run: RH = 4 - results not acceptable

Run: run sample 512 first - this is first - Run: run =

all 12 samples were run without any more problems.

The problem apparently was the particle in plasma torch

SECONDARY STD.(STD.#4) 12/3/90

LEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	102.1	47.57	48.56	49.82	19.44	98.94
2	104.4	46.38	50.22	49.60	16.63	93.77
3	94.25	51.38	47.06	50.12	17.92	99.17
4	96.88	49.85	45.14	51.32	21.38	99.63
5	97.64	56.48	53.46	50.46	20.06	95.97
6	92.30	53.66	46.26	43.77	19.63	96.63
7	99.48	47.59	46.76	50.29	19.76	84.02
8	83.35	55.87	45.34	49.34	19.93	93.09
MEAN	96.30	51.10	47.85	49.34	19.34	95.40
±1 S.D.	6.54	3.91	2.82	2.33	1.45	4.51

## ANALYSIS CGO-SQ3-1G-1

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FL	CA	MG	S
1	40.89	19.38	16.04	28.34	7.253	49.63
2	33.70	18.10	17.80	26.59	6.969	53.28
3	36.49	18.17	15.36	27.18	7.540	49.37
MEAN	37.03	18.55	16.40	27.37	7.254	50.76
11 S.D.	3.63	0.72	1.26	0.89	0.286	2.18



## ANALYSIS FGU-SQ3-1C-1

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	10.52	5.790	10.53	25.45	6.076	52.08
2	9.697	4.894	11.38	24.92	6.234	50.88
3	10.45	5.387	11.11	22.51	6.023	56.83
MEAN	10.22	5.357	11.01	24.29	6.111	53.26
$\pm 1$ S.D.	0.46	0.449	0.43	1.57	0.110	3.15

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-1

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	80.44	40.51	31.05	55.45	17.54	116.5
2	87.95	40.18	36.81	57.96	14.53	126.4
3	86.26	40.56	32.91	59.69	15.14	119.0
MEAN	84.89	40.42	33.59	57.70	15.74	120.6
±1 S.D.	3.94	0.20	2.94	2.13	1.59	5.2

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-2

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

<u>RUN</u>	<u>SI</u>	<u>AL</u>	<u>FE</u>	<u>CA</u>	<u>MG</u>	<u>S</u>
1	84.37	36.00	38.31	59.90	15.77	113.5
2	92.89	40.68	38.86	62.35	15.62	128.3
3	88.44	39.40	39.18	66.05	16.75	118.7
MEAN	88.56	38.69	38.78	62.77	16.04	120.1
±1 S.D.	4.26	2.42	0.44	3.10	0.62	7.5

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-3

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	86.96	44.47	42.86	72.55	14.68	124.0
MEAN	86.96	44.47	42.86	72.55	14.68	124.0
$\pm 1$ S.D.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-3

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	89.19	43.34	40.72	61.57	14.98	119.8
2	81.40	39.68	41.39	66.45	15.58	127.0
MEAN	85.29	41.51	41.06	64.01	15.28	123.4
$\pm 1$ S.D.	5.51	2.59	0.48	3.45	0.42	5.1

SECONDARY STD. (STD.#4) 12/2/90

ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	92.86	49.48	47.09	50.07	19.03	106.2
2	100.8	47.54	53.35	51.38	21.71	99.82
3	101.2	44.97	51.32	8.879	20.68	95.77
4	105.0	43.98	48.58	48.60	19.38	119.0
5	95.03	45.40	48.02	51.06	18.77	104.2
6	94.47	45.52	46.53	54.26	19.37	101.3
7	95.06	49.85	46.40	53.47	18.56	105.1
8	97.47	52.93	48.65	50.85	18.40	105.9
9	103.3	49.14	49.27	51.40	17.94	99.74
10	102.2	48.03	46.57	54.54	18.92	107.6
11	90.89	49.29	49.28	50.01	18.56	98.25
12	97.58	43.83	48.89	47.35	17.82	100.9
13	102.6	48.03	48.83	48.42	19.06	107.7
MEAN	98.3	47.54	48.68	47.72	19.09	104.0
±1 S.D.	4.5	2.68	1.97	11.87	1.07	5.9

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-4

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	95.82	41.10	39.25	65.58	14.86	124.4
2	86.84	37.26	39.56	62.50	13.92	131.0
3	76.55	46.87	43.14	67.20	15.15	123.7
MEAN	86.41	41.74	40.65	65.09	14.64	126.4
±1 S.D.	9.64	4.84	2.16	2.39	0.64	4.0

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-5

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	76.10	34.19	40.15	64.59	15.18	116.8
2	74.65	34.48	40.55	58.93	15.75	121.9
3	75.52	33.99	35.78	63.57	15.81	116.7
MEAN	75.42	34.22	38.82	62.36	15.58	118.5
$\pm 1$ S.D.	0.73	0.25	2.64	3.02	0.35	3.0



# ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-6

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	75.91	33.80	38.71	62.95	13.09	106.4
2	77.22	32.16	39.50	63.41	13.92	119.7
3	69.33	30.67	39.43	59.44	13.29	110.1
MEAN	74.15	32.21	39.22	61.93	13.43	112.1
±1 S.D.	4.23	1.57	0.44	2.17	0.43	6.9

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-7

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	95.66	37.98	41.87	63.17	14.51	126.3
2	80.20	36.22	39.41	67.26	14.47	121.1
3	82.47	36.84	45.13	67.30	14.80	125.0
MEAN	86.11	37.01	42.14	65.91	14.59	124.1
$\pm 1$ S.D.	8.35	0.89	2.87	2.37	0.18	2.7

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-8

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	84.92	44.14	46.10	67.00	15.58	120.4
2	87.34	39.99	40.40	71.10	14.98	120.2
3	99.54	41.17	39.61	69.02	14.94	123.2
MEAN	90.60	41.77	42.03	69.04	15.17	121.3
$\pm 1$ S.D.	7.84	2.14	3.54	2.05	0.36	1.7

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-9

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	74.84	40.01	38.39	66.70	15.14	112.2
2	76.28	35.72	44.37	74.22	14.58	121.1
3	85.76	35.11	42.36	70.90	15.26	123.8
MEAN	78.96	36.95	41.70	70.61	14.99	119.0
±1 S.D.	5.93	2.67	3.04	3.77	0.37	6.1

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-10

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PFM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MO	S
1	69.98	29.13	46.33	64.11	14.69	114.6
2	65.38	33.73	44.31	64.81	12.41	103.9
3	66.50	28.57	44.54	72.24	13.45	110.0
MEAN	67.29	30.48	45.06	67.06	13.52	109.5
$\pm 1$ S.D.	2.40	2.83	1.11	4.50	1.14	5.4

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-11

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	28.25	14.50	29.60	56.50	11.80	109.1
2	28.86	14.85	30.59	57.81	10.97	111.8
3	28.94	12.73	29.92	54.15	12.26	100.4
MEAN	28.68	14.03	30.04	56.15	11.68	107.1
±1 S.D.	0.38	1.14	0.51	1.85	0.65	5.9

## ANALYSIS CGO-SC4-12

## ELEMENT DATA SUMMARY (PPM)

RUN	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	50.38	23.96	39.74	54.23	12.31	119.7
2	55.19	23.29	37.83	53.15	13.10	109.7
3	47.63	24.30	39.58	53.70	12.46	116.7
MEAN	51.07	23.85	39.05	53.69	12.62	115.4
$\pm 1$ S.D.	3.83	0.52	1.06	0.54	0.42	5.1

# COAL SLURRY ANALYSIS

NOTE: < INDICATES THAT THE RESULT IS LESS THAN THE GIVEN VALUE

DATE OF ANALYSIS: 12/2/90

	SAMPLE	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
1	STD#4	69.72	30.83	63.48	65.02	27.50	64.82
1	STD#4	72.87	43.87	58.15	64.90	26.41	80.75
1	STD#4	92.86	49.48	47.09	50.07	19.03	106.2
2	STD#4	100.8	47.54	53.35	51.38	21.71	99.82
3	STD#4	101.2	44.97	51.32	8.879	20.68	95.77
4	STD#4	101.2	48.58	49.11	48.08	19.58	< 0.000
5	STD#4	105.0	43.98	48.58	48.60	19.38	119.0
1	CGO-SC4-12	50.38	23.96	39.74	54.23	12.31	119.7
2	CGO-SC4-12	55.19	23.29	37.83	53.15	13.10	109.7
3	CGO-SC4-12	47.63	24.30	39.58	53.70	12.46	116.7
6	STD#4	95.03	45.40	48.02	51.06	18.77	104.2
1	CGO-SC4-11	28.25	14.50	29.60	56.50	11.80	109.1
2	CGO-SC4-11	28.86	14.85	30.59	57.81	10.97	111.8
3	CGO-SC3-11	28.94	12.73	29.92	54.15	12.26	100.4
7	STD#4	94.47	45.52	46.53	54.26	19.37	101.3
1	CGO-SC4-10	69.98	29.13	46.33	64.11	14.69	114.6
2	CGO-SC4-10	65.38	33.73	44.31	64.81	12.41	103.9
3	CGO-SC4-10	66.50	28.57	44.54	72.24	13.45	110.0
8	STD#4	95.06	49.85	46.40	53.47	18.56	105.1
1	CGO-SC4-9	74.84	40.01	38.39	66.70	15.14	112.2
2	CGO-SC4-9	76.28	35.72	44.37	74.22	14.58	121.1
3	CGO-SC4-9	85.75	35.11	42.36	70.90	15.26	123.8
9	STD#4	97.47	52.93	48.65	50.85	18.40	105.9
1	CGO-SC4-8	84.92	44.14	46.10	67.00	15.58	120.4
2	CGO-SC4-8	87.34	39.99	40.40	71.10	14.98	120.2
3	CGO-SC4-8	99.54	41.17	39.61	69.02	14.94	123.2
10	STD#4	103.3	49.14	49.27	51.40	17.94	99.74
1	CGO-SC4-7	95.66	37.98	41.87	63.17	14.51	126.3
2	CGO-SC4-7	80.20	36.22	39.41	67.26	14.47	121.1
3	CGO-SC4-7	82.47	36.84	45.13	67.30	14.80	125.0
11	STD#4	102.2	48.03	46.57	54.54	18.92	107.6
1	CGO-SC4-6	75.91	33.80	38.71	62.95	13.09	106.4
2	CGO-SC4-6	77.22	32.16	39.50	63.41	13.92	119.7
2	CGO-SC4-6	69.33	30.67	39.43	59.44	13.29	110.1
12	STD#4	90.69	49.29	49.28	50.01	18.56	98.25
1	CGO-SC4-5	76.10	34.19	40.15	64.59	15.18	116.8
2	CGO-SC4-5	74.65	34.48	40.55	58.93	15.75	121.9
3	CGO-SC4-5	75.52	33.99	35.78	63.57	15.81	116.7
13	STD#4	97.58	43.83	48.89	47.35	17.82	100.9
1	CGO-SC4-4	95.82	41.10	39.25	65.58	14.86	124.4
2	CGO-SC4-4	86.84	37.26	39.56	62.50	13.92	131.0
3	CGO-SC4-4	76.55	46.87	43.14	67.20	15.15	123.7
14	STD#4	102.6	48.03	48.83	48.42	19.06	107.7
1	CGO-SC4-3	89.19	43.34	40.72	61.57	14.98	119.8
2	CGO-SC4-3	81.40	39.68	41.39	66.45	15.58	127.0



# COAL SLURRY ANALYSIS

NOTE: < INDICATES THAT THE RESULT IS LESS THAN THE GIVEN VALUE

DATE OF ANALYSIS: 12/2/90

	SAMPLE	SI	AL	FE	CA	MG	S
3	CGO-SC4-3	86.96	44.47	42.86	72.55	14.68	124.0
1	STD#4	102.1	47.57	48.56	49.82	19.44	98.94
1	CGO-SC4-2	84.37	36.00	38.31	59.90	15.77	113.5
2	CGO-SC4-2	92.89	40.68	38.86	62.35	15.62	128.3
3	CGO-SC4-2	88.44	39.40	39.18	66.05	16.75	118.7
2	STD#4	104.4	46.38	50.22	49.60	16.63	93.77
1	CGO-SC4-1	80.44	40.51	31.05	55.45	17.54	116.5
2	CGO-SC4-1	87.95	40.18	36.81	57.96	14.53	126.4
3	CGO-SC4-1	86.26	40.56	32.91	59.69	15.14	119.0
3	STD#4	94.25	51.38	47.06	50.12	17.92	99.17
1	STD#4	96.88	49.85	45.14	51.32	21.38	99.63
2	STD#4	97.64	56.48	53.46	50.46	20.06	95.97
3	STD#4	89.51	50.70	45.68	49.31	19.04	91.75
4	STD#4	92.30	53.66	46.26	43.77	19.63	96.63
1	FGU-SQ3-1C	10.52	5.790	10.53	25.45	6.076	52.08
2	FGU-SQ3-1C	9.697	4.894	11.38	24.92	6.234	50.88
3	FGU-SQ3-1C	10.45	5.387	11.11	22.51	6.023	56.83
5	STD#4	103.8 <	0.000	48.69 <	0.150	18.74	93.68
6	STD#4	99.48	47.59	46.76	50.29	19.76	86.02
1	CGO-SQ3-1G	40.89	19.38	16.04	28.34	7.253	49.63
2	CGO-SQ3-1G	33.70	18.10	17.80	26.59	6.969	53.28
3	CGO-SQ3-1G	36.49	18.17	15.36	27.18	7.540	49.37
7	STD#4	83.35	55.87	45.34	49.34	19.93	93.09

ANOTHER FILE (Y/N)?

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS SI 2124.12

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 285.9 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 17156. COUNTS
		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I	
-16	2123.62	@	
-15	2123.65	@	
-14	2123.68	@	
-13	2123.71	@	
-12	2123.74	@	
-11	2123.78	@	
-10	2123.81	@	
-9	2123.84	@	
-8	2123.87	@	
-7	2123.90	@	
-6	2123.93	@*	
-5	2123.96	@*	
-4	2123.99	@*#	
-3	2124.03	@*#	
-2	2124.06	@	* #
-1	2124.09	@	* #
0	2124.12	@	\$ *
1	2124.15	@	\$ *
2	2124.18	@	\$ *
3	2124.21	@	\$ *
4	2124.24	@	\$ *
5	2124.28	@*#	
6	2124.31	@*#	
7	2124.34	@*	
8	2124.37	@	
9	2124.40	@	
10	2124.43	@	
11	2124.46	@	
12	2124.49	@	
13	2124.53	@	
14	2124.56	@	
15	2124.59	@	
16	2124.62	@	
		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I	

@ = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD.#4(SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS AL 3944.03

STEP ANG. INCREMENT = 34.2 COUNTS FULL SCALE = 2050.0 COUNTS

		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I
-16	3943.53	@ \$
-15	3943.56	@ \$
-14	3943.59	@ \$
-13	3943.62	@ \$
-12	3943.65	@ \$
-11	3943.69	@ \$
-10	3943.72	@ \$
-9	3943.75	@ \$
-8	3943.78	@ \$
-7	3943.81	@ \$
-6	3943.84	@ *
-5	3943.87	@ \$
-4	3943.90	@ * \$
-3	3943.94	@ * \$
-2	3943.97	@ * \$
-1	3944.00	@ * \$
0	3944.03	@ * \$
1	3944.06	@ * \$
2	3944.09	@ * \$
3	3944.12	@ * \$
4	3944.15	@ * \$
5	3944.19	@ \$
6	3944.22	@ \$
7	3944.25	@ *
8	3944.28	@ *
9	3944.31	@ *
10	3944.34	@ *
11	3944.37	@ *
12	3944.40	@ *
13	3944.44	@ *
14	3944.47	@ *
15	3944.50	@ *
16	3944.53	@ *
		I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I....I

@ = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD.#4(SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS FE 2739.55

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 304.1 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 18248. COUNTS
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	
-16	2739.05	@	
-15	2739.08	@*	
-14	2739.11	@*	
-13	2739.14	@*	
-12	2739.17	@	
-11	2739.21	@	
-10	2739.24	@*	
-9	2739.27	@*	
-8	2739.30	@*	
-7	2739.33	@	
-6	2739.36	@	
-5	2739.39	@ *	
-4	2739.42	@ *	
-3	2739.46	@ \$ *	
-2	2739.49	@	\$ *
-1	2739.52	@	\$ *
0	2739.55	@	\$ *
1	2739.58	@	\$ *
2	2739.61	@	\$ *
3	2739.64	@	\$ *
4	2739.67	@ \$ *	
5	2739.71	@*	
6	2739.74	@	
7	2739.77	@	
8	2739.80	@	
9	2739.83	@	
10	2739.86	@	
11	2739.89	@*	
12	2739.92	@*	
13	2739.96	@	
14	2739.99	@*	
15	2740.02	@	
16	2740.05	@	
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	

@ = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD.#4(SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS CA 4226.73

STEP ANG. INCREMENT = 210.7 COUNTS FULL SCALE = 12642. COUNTS

	I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I
-16	4226.23 @
-15	4226.26 @
-14	4226.29 @
-13	4226.32 @
-12	4226.35 @
-11	4226.39 @
-10	4226.42 @
-9	4226.45 @
-8	4226.48 @
-7	4226.51 @
-6	4226.54 @*
-5	4226.57 @*
-4	4226.60 @ *
-3	4226.64 @ *
-2	4226.67 @ \$ *
-1	4226.70 @ \$ *
0	4226.73 @ * \$
1	4226.76 @ * \$
2	4226.79 @ *
3	4226.82 @ *
4	4226.85 @ *
5	4226.89 @ *
6	4226.92 @*
7	4226.95 @*
8	4226.98 @
9	4227.01 @
10	4227.04 @
11	4227.07 @
12	4227.10 @
13	4227.14 @
14	4227.17 @
15	4227.20 @
16	4227.23 @
	1.....I.....I.....I.....1.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I

Q = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD. #4 (SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1.

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS MG 2790.8

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 18.7 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 1121.0 COUNTS
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	
-16	2790.30	@	
-15	2790.33	@	
-14	2790.36	@*	
-13	2790.39	@*	
-12	2790.42	@*	
-11	2790.46	@*	
-10	2790.49	@*	
-9	2790.52	@*	
-8	2790.55	@*	
-7	2790.58	@*	
-6	2790.61	@	
-5	2790.64	@ *	
-4	2790.67	@ *	
-3	2790.71	@ *	
-2	2790.74	@ \$ *	
-1	2790.77	@ \$ *	
0	2790.80	@ \$ *	
1	2790.83	@ \$ *	
2	2790.86	@ \$ *	
3	2790.89	@ \$ *	
4	2790.92	@ \$ *	
5	2790.96	@ \$ *	
6	2790.99	@ \$ *	
7	2791.02	@ \$ *	
8	2791.05	@ \$ *	
9	2791.08	@ \$ *	
10	2791.11	@ \$ *	
11	2791.14	@*	
12	2791.17	@*	
13	2791.21	@*	
14	2791.24	@*	
15	2791.27	@*	
16	2791.30	@*	
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	

@ = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD.#4(SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1

COAL SLURRY 0.812% SOLIDS S 1807.31

STEP	ANG.	INCREMENT = 235.3 COUNTS	FULL SCALE = 14120. COUNTS
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	
-16	1806.81	@	
-15	1806.84	@	
-14	1806.87	@	
-13	1806.90	@	
-12	1806.93	@	
-11	1806.97	@	
-10	1807.00	@	
-9	1807.03	@	
-8	1807.06	@	
-7	1807.09	@	
-6	1807.12	@	
-5	1807.15	@	
-4	1807.18	@*	
-3	1807.22	@*	
-2	1807.25	@*	*
-1	1807.28	@	\$*
0	1807.31	@	* \$
1	1807.34	@	* \$
2	1807.37	@	* \$
3	1807.40	@	* \$
4	1807.43	@	* \$
5	1807.47	@	* \$
6	1807.50	@*	
7	1807.53	@	
8	1807.56	@	
9	1807.59	@	
10	1807.62	@	
11	1807.65	@	
12	1807.68	@	
13	1807.72	@	
14	1807.75	@	
15	1807.78	@	
16	1807.81	@	
		I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I.....I	

@ = STD.#1(MATRIX)

\* = STD.#4(SECONDARY STD.)

\$ = CGO-SC4-1

ICP ANALYSIS OF WATER  
PUSH H<sub>2</sub>O from 8-1-90

Dec 4 1990

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 1 ppm  
Fe < 1 ppm  
Ca 470 ppm  
Mg 45 ppm  
S 690 ppm

CLARK H<sub>2</sub>O 8-7-90

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 1 ppm  
Fe < 1 ppm  
Ca 470 ppm  
Mg 44 ppm  
S 680 ppm

WELL H<sub>2</sub>O 8-7-90

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 1 ppm  
Fe < 1 ppm  
Ca 22 ppm  
Mg 2 ppm  
S 689



# ICP ANALYSIS OF WATER

Dec 3, 1990

TEST - A DEIONIZED  $H_2O$  in plastic bottle

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 0.5 ppm  
Fe < 0.5 ppm  
Ca < 0.5 ppm  
Mg < 0.2 ppm  
S < 1 ppm

TEST - B HIGH PURITY  $H_2O$  (milli Q") in plastic bottle

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 0.5 ppm  
Fe < 0.5 ppm  
Ca < 0.5 ppm  
Mg < 0.2 ppm  
S < 1 ppm

TEST - C HIGH PURITY  $H_2O$  + SCRAPPINGS FROM SMALL <sup>PLASTIC</sup> BOTTLE

Si < 1 ppm  
Al < 0.5 ppm  
Fe < 0.5 ppm  
Ca < 0.5 ppm  
Mg < 0.2 ppm  
S < 1 ppm

WELL  $H_2O$  SAMPLE TAKEN 1635HRS 7.30.90

Si 3.3 ppm  
Al < 0.5 ppm  
Fe < 0.5 ppm  
Ca 18.1 ppm  
Mg 6.0 ppm  
S 665 ppm

# ICP ANALYSIS OF FILTRATES

	ppm Si	ppm Al	ppm Fe	ppm Ca	ppm Mg	ppm S
FGU-SC4-1	0.90	<0.5	<0.5	47.2	14.6	131
FGU-SC4-2	1.1	0.52	<0.5	51.4	14.8	128
FGU-SC4-3	1.1	0.56	<0.5	55.8	14.3	128
FGU-SC4-4	0.80	0.50	0.52	60.6	14.9	132
FGU-SC4-5	1.0	0.55	<0.5	60.7	14.1	128
FGU-SC4-6	1.0	0.60	<0.5	63.9	13.8	133
FGU-SC4-7	0.82	0.70	0.60	62.1	14.3	139
CGO-SC4-3	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	68.2	13.8	114
CGO-SC4-4	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	66.9	12.8	112
CGO-SC4-5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	60.7	12.1	106
CGO-SC4-6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	56.2	10.5	92.4
CGO-SC4-7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	65.1	12.1	109
CGO-SC4-8	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	68.2	11.8	106
CGO-SC4-9	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	65.5	12.6	112
CGO-SC4-10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	61.9	10.5	99.8
CGO-SC4-11	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	52.2	10.5	98.5
CGO-SC4-12	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	51.8	10.5	99.8

Sample # 42 water

	ppm Si	ppm Al	ppm Fe	ppm Ca	ppm Mg	ppm S
FGU-SC4-1	0.90	<0.5	<0.5	47.2	14.6	131
FGU-SC4-2	1.1	0.52	<0.5	51.4	14.8	128
FGU-SC4-3	1.1	0.56	<0.5	55.8	14.3	128
FGU-SC4-4	0.80	0.50	0.52	60.6	14.9	132
FGU-SC4-5	1.0	0.55	<0.5	60.7	14.1	128
FGU-SC4-6	1.0	0.60	<0.5	63.9	13.8	133
FGU-SC4-7	0.82	0.70	0.60	62.1	14.3	139
CGO-SC4-3	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	68.2	13.8	114
CGO-SC4-4	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	66.9	12.8	112
CGO-SC4-5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	60.7	12.1	106
CGO-SC4-6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	56.2	10.5	92.4
CGO-SC4-7	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	65.1	12.1	109
CGO-SC4-8	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	68.2	11.8	106
CGO-SC4-9	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	65.5	12.6	112
CGO-SC4-10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	61.9	10.5	99.8
CGO-SC4-11	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	52.2	10.5	98.5
CGO-SC4-12	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	51.8	10.5	99.8
x FGU-SC4-8	1.2	0.7	<0.5	64.0	13.9	135
x CGO-SC4-1	0.70	<0.5	<0.5	60.6	13.1	110
y CGO-SC4-2	0.74	<0.5	<0.5 <sub>98</sub>	61.8	12.8	103

# ICP ANALYSIS OF FILTRATES

	ppm Si	ppm Al	ppm Fe	ppm Cu	ppm Mg	ppm S
calibration spl CGO-SQ3-16-1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	27.0	5.1	46.8
calibration spl FGU-SQ3-16-1	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	25.4	5.9	56.6
F-4630 CGO-SQ3-1A	1.4	1.6	<0.5	206	41.9	361
F-4631 FGU-SQ3-1G	2.3	1.8	0.94	124	29.6	280
WELL H <sub>2</sub> O 8-7	3.5	<0.5	<0.5	22.8	5.30	739
CLAR H <sub>2</sub> O 8-7	1.2	3.3	<0.5	449	39.8	696
PUSH H <sub>2</sub> O 8-1-90	1.6	3.6	<0.5	477	46.3	749
DEION. H <sub>2</sub> O TEST-A	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
H <sub>2</sub> PURITY H <sub>2</sub> O TEST-B	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
SCRAPPED FROM TEST-C SMALL BORE	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5

**APPENDIX H**  
**HOMER CITY COAL LAB PROCEDURES**

# *Homer City Coal Laboratory*

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P.O. BOX 29 • HOMER CITY, PA 15748 • (412) 479-9011

December 20, 1990

Mr. Mike Milito  
Babcock and Wilcox Research  
1562 Beeson Street  
Alliance, OH 44601

Dear Mike,

Attached find uncontrolled copies of HCCL procedures you requested on 12/18/90.  
They are:

- HCL-101, Ash Content.
- HCL-102, Residual Moisture in Coal.
- HCL-106, Determination of Elements in Coal Ash.
- HCL-204, Suspended Solids.

HCCL technicians filtered the four B&W reference samples at the CQ Inc. facility. We filtered these samples using two vat bags with five, 50 cm Whatman #541 filter papers between them. Whatman #541 paper has a retention rating between 20 and 25 microns.

All remaining B&W samples were filtered using 9.0 cm Whatman #42 paper in a Buchner filtration assembly. The Buchner assembly replaced the Denver filtration assembly because of the small sample size. Whatman #42 paper has a retention rating of 2.5 microns.

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Page 2.

The following table lists the HCCL sample number, the date received, the date filtered, and the filter paper used.

<u>HCCL Sample No.</u>	<u>Date Received</u>	<u>Date Filtered</u>	<u>Filter Type</u>
900800004	07/31/90	08/01/90	Whatman #541, 50 cm. *
900800005	07/31/90	08/01/90	Whatman #541, 50 cm. *
900800006	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800007	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800008	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800009	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800010	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800011	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800012	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800013	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800014	07/31/90	08/08/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800037	08/02/90	08/03/90	Whatman #541, 50 cm. *
900800038	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800039	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800040	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800041	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800042	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800043	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800044	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800045	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800046	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800047	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800048	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800049	08/02/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800170	08/09/90	08/09/90	Whatman #541, 50 cm. *
900800171	08/09/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.
900800172	08/09/90	08/16/90	Whatman #42, 9 cm.

\* - Samples filtered @ CQ Inc. using two vat bags with 5 of these filters between them.

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Please contact me if you need any additional information.

Sincerely,



David M. Glessner  
HCCL Laboratory Manager  
Geochemical Testing/ECI

**Attachments**

cc: D. J. Seigh (w/o attachments)  
S. L. McClintock (w/o attachments)



<b>Penelec / GPU</b>		<b>HOMER CITY LABORATORY</b>	
TITLE: <b>ASH CONTENT</b>			
PROCEDURE NO: <b>HCL-101</b>		REVISION DATE: <b>03/28/90</b>	
COPY NO:		REVISION NO: <b>5</b>	
PAGE <b>1</b> OF <b>11</b>		EFFECTIVE DATE:	

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8	03/28/90	4						
9	03/28/90	4						
10	03/28/90	5						
11	03/28/90	0						

ORIGINATOR: <i>Don Gleason</i>	DATE: <i>03/28/90</i>
APPROVAL: <i>Don Gleason</i>	DATE: <i>03/29/90</i>
AUTHORIZATION FOR LAB USE:	DATE:

REAPPROVED:	DATE:

CANCELED:	DATE:

PROCEDURE NO: HCL-101

REVISION DATE: 03/28/90

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**1.0 REFERENCES**

- 1.1 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Method D3174-89, "Ash in the Analysis Sample of Coal and Coke From Coal."
- 1.2 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Method D121-85, "Standard Definitions of Terms Relating to Coal and Coke."
- 1.3 Fisher Oven Model 497 Instruction Manual.
- 1.4 Method HCL-1001, "Preparation of Technical Procedures."
- 1.5 Method HCL-230, "Preparation of a Coal Sample."
- 1.6 Method HCL-102, "Residual Moisture."
- 1.7 Method HCL-119, "Percent Magnetic Material."
- 1.8 Method HCL-144, "Correcting Analytical Results for Magnetic Material."
- 1.9 Method HCL-182, "Percent  $SO_3$  in Coal Ash By Leco SC-32 Analyzer."

**2.0 SCOPE AND APPLICATION**

- 2.1 This method describes the procedure for determining the inorganic residue as ash in coal.
- 2.2 This method is applicable to all samples prepared in accordance with Section 6.0 of this procedure.
- 2.3 The sensitivity of this method is equal to the sensitivity of the balance. If an AC-100 or AE-160 balance is used, the sensitivity is 0.10 percent ash.
- 2.4 The precision of this method at HCCL represents the difference between replicate ash results on the same prepared coal sample. The difference in test results, carried out by the same operator should not exceed 0.24 percent. This precision interval is at 95 percent confidence using Quality Assurance data from July through December, 1989.
- 2.5 The accuracy of this method at HCL represents the difference between the test result and the standard ash value of a control sample. The difference from the standard value should not exceed 0.30 percent. This accuracy interval is at 95 percent confidence using Quality Assurance data from July through December, 1989.
- 2.6 Ash values from this method can be applied in the proximate analysis and the ultimate analysis. See ASTM D121.
- 2.7 Results from this method can be used to correct other parameters to a mineral-matter-free basis.

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2.8 Ash content from this method can be used for payment purposes, to monitor emission standards, to evaluate sampling processes, to determine the effectiveness of coal cleaning processes, and to classify coal by rank.

### 3.0 SUMMARY OF METHOD

3.1 Ash is determined on a one gram sample under rigidly controlled conditions of time, temperature, atmosphere, and equipment specifications. The amount of residue remaining after ignition represents the ash content.

### 4.0 DEFINITIONS

4.1 Ash - The inorganic residue remaining in the sample after ignition of combustible substances when heated under controlled conditions of temperature, time and atmosphere, sample weight, and equipment specifications.

4.2 High Rank Coals - For the purpose of this procedure, anthracite, semi-anthracite, and bituminous coals.

4.3 Low Rank Coals - For the purpose of this procedure, subbituminous and lignite coals.

### 5.0 INTERFERENCES

5.1 Clays, carbonates, and pyrites lower ash results by causing a loss in weight from the original inorganic materials.

5.2 Calcium carbonate, in the presence of high sulfur concentrations, undergoes a chemical reaction that retains sulfur as calcium sulfate. High ash values are the result. Nominal concentrations of calcium sulfate are minimized by the slow heat rate used in this procedure. Low rank samples, which contain high amounts of calcium sulfate, are ashed for an additional hour and analyzed for SO<sub>3</sub> retention in accordance with HCL-182. See Section 13.2 for correcting ash values to a SO<sub>3</sub>-free basis.

5.3 Magnetite in the sample will yield high ash results. The percent magnetic material is determined in accordance with HCL-119. Ash results are corrected to a non-mag basis as outlined in HCL-144.

### 6.0 SAMPLE HANDLING AND PRESERVATION

6.1 All samples of coal are prepared and containerized in accordance with HCL-230.

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6.2 Samples shall be well mixed before analysis.

6.3 Samples that require correction for SO<sub>2</sub> retention in ash are handled in accordance with HCL-182.

6.4 Samples that require correction for magnetic material in ash are handled in accordance with HCL-119 and HCL-144.

6.5 Unless otherwise requested, coal samples are maintained in inventory 90 days after report date and then discarded.

7.0 PREREQUISITES

7.1 The furnace must be programmed for the correct temperature, temperature rates, and holding times.

7.1.1 Press the PARAMETER SET key.

7.1.2 Enter the following conditions for high rank coals:

- \* R1: 7 (degrees C/min).
- \* T1: 450 (degrees C).
- \* H1: 0.
- \* R2: 5 (degrees C/min).
- \* T2: 750 (degrees C).
- \* H2: 120 (minutes).

Set the remaining heating and cooling temperatures, rates, and hold times to "0".

7.1.3 Enter the following conditions for low rank coals:

- \* R1: 7 (degrees C/min).
- \* T1: 450 (degrees C).
- \* H1: 0.
- \* R2: 5 (degrees C/min).
- \* T2: 750 (degrees C).
- \* H2: 160 (minutes).

Set the remaining heating and cooling temperatures, rates, and hold times to "0".

7.1.4 Enter the following conditions for quick ash analysis:

- \* R1: 35 (degrees C/min).
- \* T1: 450 (degrees C).
- \* H1: 10 (minutes).
- \* R2: 35 (degrees C/min).
- \* T2: 750 (degrees C).
- \* H2: 25 (minutes).

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Set the remaining heating and cooling temperatures, rates, and hold times to "0".

**7.1.5 Enter the following conditions for low ash coals:**

- \* R1: 7 (degrees C/min).
- \* T1: 450 (degrees C).
- \* H1: 0.
- \* R2: 5 (degrees C/min).
- \* T2: 750 (degrees C).
- \* H2: 270 (minutes).

Set the remaining heating and cooling temperatures, rates, and hold times to "0".

- 7.2** The furnace must be checked and adjusted if necessary (see Section 10.1).
- 7.3** The analytical balance must be checked for calibration before use.
- 7.4** Sample crucibles must be dried at 105 degrees Celsius for one hour and then cooled to room temperature in a desiccator before analysis.
- 7.5** Sample sets must be generated by laboratory computer system.
- 8.0** APPARATUS
- 8.1** Fisher Ash Oven Model 497.
- 8.1.1** Refer to the 497 Instruction Manual for the oven's performance characteristics and specifications.
- 8.2** Crucibles, porcelain - 22.5ml capacity, 41 x 21mm rounded and glazed bottom.
- 8.3** Crucible racks and rack handles for 8.2.
- 8.4** Mettler AC-100 balance (see HCL-180) or equivalent.
- 8.5** Desiccators with desiccant columns.
- 8.6** Pyrometer.
- 8.7** Crucible tongs.
- 8.8** Furnace gloves.
- 9.0** REAGENTS
- 9.1** Silica Gel (8 to 16 mesh) drying agent.

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**10.0** **CALIBRATION****10.1** **Furnace Calibration.**

10.1.1 Furnace calibration checks are done on a monthly basis or when a potential problem is suspected.

10.1.2 Place a crucible half full with sand on the top shelf directly underneath the outlet port hole.

10.1.3 Enter the correct parameter settings and turn the furnace ON. Wait until the furnace reaches the final temperature of 750 degrees Celsius.

10.1.4 Insert the pyrometer into the outlet port hole so that the pyrometer probe is in sand. Read the temperature. If the thermometer reading exceeds the required temperature range (750  $\pm$  50 degrees celsius), increase or decrease the parameter set control until the pyrometer is in the required temperature range.

**10.2** **Balance Calibration.**

10.2.1 Refer to the balance technical procedure or balance operator's manual.

**11.0** **TRAINING**

11.1 Condition - Technicians shall weigh and analyze a minimum of 20 ash determinations (5 runs on 4 samples). The amount of time should not exceed 1.5 manhours. Technicians shall calculate percent ash correctly and tabulate the average and standard deviation for each series.

11.2 Standard - The equivalent precision from the standard deviation from 11.1 shall be no more than 0.50 percent ash.

## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
<b>12.0 PROCEDURE</b>				
12.1 Tare the balance to zero.		Incorrect weight.	The balance should be checked for calibration before analysis.	
12.2 Place a dry, cool crucible from the desiccator on the balance pan.		Moisture contamination.	Use forceps - do not touch the crucible with your hands.	
12.3 Determine the weight of the crucible to the nearest 0.0001 gram. Record this weight on the data sheet (see Appendix I).		Sample was weighed and dried in accordance with HCL-102.	Use crucible and initial coal weight from HCL-102 and proceed to step 12.8.	
12.4 With the crucible still on the balance, tare the balance to zero.		Sample mix-up.	Record crucible ID in the appropriate column.	
12.5 Hand mix the sample and weigh between 0.9750 to 1.0050 grams into the crucible. Record the sample weight (see Appendix I).		Inconsistent results.	Do this step slowly. Failure to tare the balance correctly will yield erratic results.	
		Low ash (less than 1%) coals.	Weigh the sample at 5.0 grams in duplicate. Use steps 12.1.8 through 12.1.10 to determine ash but analyze these samples separately. They require a final furnace temperature hold time of 270 minutes (see 7.1.5).	
		Quick ash analysis.	Weigh the sample at 0.2 ±0.0050 grams. Section 7.1.4 lists the parameter settings.	

**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

Procedure No: HCL-101		Revision Date: 03/28/90	Revision No: 4	Page 8 of 11
SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.5 (continued).		Particle segregation.	Mix the sample by rolling the jar end over end.	
		Sample spillage.	Brush off any material from the balance so that it does not contribute to the initial sample weight.	
12.6 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.5 for each sample in the set.		See 12.1 through 12.5.	See 12.2 through 12.5.	
12.7 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.5 for the duplicate sample and control sample.		See 12.1 through 12.5.	See 12.2 through 12.5.	
12.8 Place the samples into a crucible rack. Transfer the samples into the furnace. Turn the furnace and furnace fan on. The furnace sounds an alarm when the ash program is complete.		Deviating from parameter conditions.	Always check the parameter settings. If they were incorrect while testing, repeat the analysis. The furnace temperature must be below 200 degrees C before samples can be transferred into the furnace. Check to assure that the furnace fan and the oven heat ramp is operating.	
		Low rank samples.	Require an additional hour for ash analysis (see 7.1.3).	
		Quick ash samples.	The furnace may give an alarm due to the rapid temperature rate. If this occurs, press the CLEAR key and restart the program.	
		Incorrectly inserting the rack.	The rack goes into the furnace with handle hole facing you.	



## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

Procedure No: HCL-101	Revision Date: 03/28/90	Revision No: 4	Page 9 of 11
SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS	POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
<p>12.9 When the ash program is complete, remove the sample racks from the furnace. Allow about 5 minutes for the racks to cool in the open air on a fire brick. When the racks are cool enough for safe transfer, insert the racks into a desiccator to cool.</p> <p>12.10 Tare the balance and place a crucible containing the ashed residue on the balance pan. Record the weight (see Appendix I).</p> <p>12.11 Repeat step 12.10 for each sample in the set.</p>	<p>Burns.</p> <p>Moisture gain.</p> <p>Low ash samples.</p> <p>Low rank samples.</p>	<p>Use safety gloves, and the rack handle. Extension tongs are also available.</p> <p>Place capsule lids over the crucibles.</p> <p>After weighing, return the samples to the furnace for an additional 30 minutes. Repeat steps 12.8 through 12.10. Compare second weight with the initial weight. If they differ by more than <math>\pm 0.0005</math> grams, repeat this step until this criterion is met.</p> <p>Save ash for determining the <math>SO_3</math> retention.</p>	

PROCEDURE NO: HCL-101

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**13.0      CALCULATIONS****13.1      Percent ash is found by the equation:**

$$A = [(D - C)/B] \times 100$$

where: A = percent ash.  
B = coal weight (grams).  
C = crucible weight (grams).  
D = crucible plus residue weight (grams).

**13.2      Percent ash corrected to a SO<sub>3</sub>-free basis is found by the equation:**

$$F = A - [A(E/100)]$$

where: A = percent ash from 13.1.  
E = percent SO<sub>3</sub> from HCL-182.  
F = percent SO<sub>3</sub>-free ash.

**13.3      Percent loss on ignition is found by the equation:**

$$G = 100 - A$$

where: A = percent ash from 13.1.  
G = percent loss on ignition (LOI).

**14.0      ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA****14.1      In Lab Precision - Duplicate results analyzed at HCCL should be considered suspect unless they differ by more than:**

- \* 0.30 percent on anthracite coals.
- \* 0.50 percent on semi-anthracite and bituminous coals.
- \* 0.70 percent on subbituminous coals and flyash.
- \* 1.00 percent on lignite coals.

**14.2      Interlaboratory Precision - Results submitted by two or more laboratories should be considered suspect unless they differ by more than:**

- \* 0.40 percent on anthracite coals.
- \* 0.60 percent on semi-anthracite and bituminous coals.
- \* 1.00 percent on subbituminous coals and flyash.
- \* 2.00 percent on lignite coals.

PROCEDURE NO: HCL-101

REVISION DATE: 03/28/90

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**APPENDIX I**

**Sample Data Sheet**

ASH ANALYSIS									
PENNSYLVANIA ELECTRIC COMPANY HOMER CITY LABORATORY									
SET NUMBER: 60412 011									
LINE NO.	SAMPLE NUMBER	LAB NO.	CRUCIBLE NO.	CRUCIBLE WEIGHT	SAMPLE WEIGHT	CRUCIBLE & SAMPLE DRY WEIGHT	CRUCIBLE & SAMPLE MOISTURE	PER CENT MOISTURE	PER CENT ASH
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	890300257	003							
2	890300257	004							
3	890300258	022							
4	890300258	023							
5	890300258	024							
6	890300258	025							
7	890300258	026							
8	890300258	027							
9	890300258	028							
10	890300259	013							
11	890300259	014							
12	890300259	015							
13	890300259	016							
14	890300259	017							
15	890300259	018							
16	890300259	019							
17	890300259	020							
18	890300380	002							
19									
20									

LAB TEMP: \_\_\_\_\_ HUMIDITY: \_\_\_\_\_ ASH OVEN ID: \_\_\_\_\_ ANALYST: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

<b>Penelec / GPU</b>		<b>HOMER CITY LABORATORY</b>	
TITLE: <b>Residual Moisture in Coal</b>			
PROCEDURE NO: <b>HCL-102</b>		REVISION DATE: <b>10/31/89</b>	
COPY NO:		REVISION NO: <b>4</b>	
PAGE <b>1</b> OF <b>10</b>		EFFECTIVE DATE: <b>JAN 22 1990</b>	

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3	10/31/89	3						
4	10/31/89	4						
5	10/31/89	3						
6	10/31/89	3						
7	10/31/89	3						
8	10/31/89	3						
9	10/31/89	0						
10	10/31/89	0						

ORIGINATOR: <i>D.M. Gleason</i>	DATE: <i>10/31/89</i>
APPROVAL: <i>David M. Gleason</i>	DATE: <i>11/6/89</i>
AUTHORIZATION FOR LAB USE: <i>Donald J. Seigh</i>	DATE: <i>1-22-90</i>

REAPPROVED:	DATE:

CANCELED:	DATE:

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REVISION DATE: 10/31/89

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## 1.0 REFERENCES

1.1 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Method D3173-87, Moisture in the Analysis Sample of Coal and Coke.

1.2 Fisher Oven Model 496 Instruction Manual.

1.3 Method HCL-1001, "Preparation of Technical Procedures."

1.4 Method HCL-230, "Preparation of a Coal Sample."

## 2.0 SCOPE AND APPLICATION

2.1 This method describes the procedures for determining the residual moisture of coal and coke.

2.2 This method is applicable to all samples prepared in accordance with section 6.0 of this procedure.

2.3 The sensitivity of this method is equal to the sensitivity of the balance. If an AC-100 or AE-160 balance is used, the sensitivity is 0.10 percent moisture.

2.4 The precision of determining residual moisture at HCCL represents the difference between replicate test results on the same prepared coal sample. At 95 percent confidence, the difference in test results carried out by the same operator should differ by no more than 0.12 percent on a sample with a residual moisture content of about 0.60 percent. This precision interval is based on Quality Assurance data from January through June, 1989.

2.5 The accuracy of determining residual moisture at HCCL represents the difference between the test result and the standard value of a control sample. At 95 percent confidence, this difference should be no more than 0.28 percent on a control sample with a residual moisture content of about 1.05 percent. This accuracy interval is based on reported Quality Assurance data from January through June, 1989. It assumes that residual moisture in the control sample does not change, but the actual nature of residual moisture shows that this is not the case. In addition, environmental conditions such as temperature and humidity, along with the depletion of the control sample, may cause a systematic error in the accuracy of this test.

2.6 Determining the residual moisture is used to calculate other analytical results to a dry basis. The residual moisture is not a significant value for interpretation, but rather, a step in analytical procedure. The residual moisture can represent the total moisture when no air dry loss is performed.

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### 3.0 SUMMARY OF METHOD

- 3.1 Moisture is determined on a one gram sample of coal at a temperature between 104 and 110 degrees celsius for one hour. The oven used for determining moisture has an air exchange of three volumes per minute. The weight loss after drying represents the residual moisture content.

### 4.0 DEFINITIONS

- 4.1 Residual Moisture - The moisture remaining in the sample after drying when heated under specified conditions of temperature, time and atmosphere, sample weight, and equipment specification.

### 5.0 INTERFERENCES

- 5.1 Moist air as the drying medium will yield low results. The freeze drying unit and desiccant should be checked once per day to assure proper operation.

### 6.0 SAMPLE HANDLING AND PRESERVATION

- 6.1 All samples of coal are prepared and containerized in accordance with HCL-230.
- 6.2 All samples shall be well mixed before analysis.
- 6.3 Unless stated otherwise, coal samples are maintained in inventory 90 days after report date and then discarded.

### 7.0 PREREQUISITES

- 7.1 The oven must be at the correct temperature before analysis (see section 10.1).
- 7.2 The oven must be connected to the house air. The house air must go to the freeze drying unit (section 8.3) and two columns of silica gel.
- 7.3 The oven timer must be set to the correct time.
- 7.3.1 Press the TIME SET switch and simultaneously press the FAST switch to advance the DRYING TIME display.

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7.3.2 When the time display approaches the desired time (1 hour and 15 minutes), quickly release the FAST switch and press the SLOW switch until you reach the desired time. The "set time" is now entered, release the SET TIME switch.

7.4 The inlet port (rear most port) must be completely closed and the outlet port must be completely opened.

7.5 Sample crucibles must be dried at 105 degrees Celsius for one hour and then cooled to room temperature on a desiccator before analysis.

7.6 Sample sets must be generated by laboratory computer system.

#### 8.0 APPARATUS

8.1 Fisher Ash Oven Model 496 (see Appendix II).

8.1.1 Refer to the 496 Instruction Manual for the oven's performance characteristics and specifications (pages 5 - 8).

8.2 Crucibles, porcelain - 22.5ml capacity, 41 x 21mm rounded and glazed bottom.

8.3 Crucible racks for Fisher oven.

8.4 Mettler AC-100 balance (see HCL-180) or equivalent.

8.5 Desiccators.

8.6 Freeze Drying Unit - Specifications.

Pressure: 200 psig max.

Temperature: inlet air 130 degrees C.

ambient air 50 degrees C min.; 100 degrees C max.

Flow Rate: 5, 10, 15 SCFM

Dewpoint: 33 to 39 degrees Fahrenheit.

8.7 House air - for renewing the preheated air in the oven at a rate three times per minute.

8.8 ASTM thermometer - temperature range 95 to 155 degrees Celsius.

8.9 Desiccant columns.

#### 9.0 REAGENTS

9.1 Silica Gel (8 to 16 mesh) drying agent.

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## 10.0 CALIBRATION

## 10.1 Oven Calibration.

10.1.1 Press READ switch to the right and simultaneously turn the set control (CW for increase) until the display shows the desired "set temperature" (104 - 110 degrees Celsius).

10.1.2 Insert the thermometer into the outlet port hole and read the temperature. If the thermometer reading exceeds the required temperature range (104 - 110 degrees Celsius), adjust the set control in accordance with 10.1.1 until the thermometer is in the required temperature range.

## 10.2 Balance Calibration.

10.2.1 Refer to technical procedure HCL-180.

## 11.0 TRAINING

11.1 Condition - Technicians must determine a minimum of 20 moisture runs (5 runs on 4 samples) within 3 hours. All results must be calculated correctly and tabulated with an average and standard deviation for each series.

11.2 Standards - The equivalent precision from the standard deviation from 11.1 shall be no more than 0.20 percent for each sample analyzed.



## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS	POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.0 PROCEDURE			
12.1 Tare the balance to zero.	Incorrect weight.	The balance should be checked for calibration before analysis.	
12.2 Place a dry, cool crucible from the desiccator on the balance pan.	Moisture contamination.	Use forceps - do not touch the crucible with your hands.	
12.3 Determine the weight of the crucible to the nearest 0.0001 gram. Record this weight on the data sheet (see Appendix I).	Sample mix-up.	Record crucible ID.	
12.4 With the crucible still on the balance, tare the balance to zero.	Inconsistent results.	Do this step slowly. Failure to tare the balance correctly will yield erratic results.	
12.5 Hand mix the sample and weigh between 0.9750 to 1.0050 grams into the crucible. Record the sample weight (see Appendix I).			
12.6 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.5 for each sample in the set.			
12.7 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.5 for the duplicate sample and control sample.			
12.8 Transfer the samples into the oven. Turn the timer on and dry the samples for 1 hour and 15 minutes.	Incomplete drying.	It takes the oven 15 minutes to return to a temperature of 104 to 110 degrees celsius once the oven door has been opened. The drying time is 1 hour at the specified temperature.	

## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

Procedure No: <b>HCL-102</b>	Revision Date: <b>10/31/89</b>	Revision No: <b>3</b>	Page <b>7</b> of <b>10</b>
SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS	POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.9 Transfer the samples into the desiccator and cool the samples for 20 minutes.	Moisture gain.	Quickly place capsule lids over the crucibles before transferring the samples into the desiccator.	
12.10 Tare the balance and place a crucible containing the dried sample on the balance pan. Record the weight. (see Appendix I).			
12.11 Repeat step 12.10 for each sample in the set.			

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**13.0 CALCULATIONS****13.1 Percent residual moisture is found by the equation:**

$$M = [ (A + B - C) / B ] \times 100$$

where: M = percent residual moisture

A = crucible weight (grams)

B = coal weight (grams)

C = crucible and dry weight (grams)

**14.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA**

**14.1** In Lab Precision - Duplicate results analyzed at HCCL should be no more than 0.20 percent for coals having less than 5 percent moisture and 0.30 percent for coals having more than 5 percent moisture. Results should not be considered suspect unless these criteria are not met.

**14.2** Interlaboratory precision of two or more laboratories on a 60M sample should not exceed 0.30 percent on coals having less than 5 percent moisture and 0.50 percent for coals having more than 5 percent moisture.

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## APPENDIX I

## Sample Data Sheet

LINE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	LAB NO.	CRUC NO.	CRUCIBLE WEIGHT	CRUCIBLE & SAMPLE WET (g)	CRUCIBLE & SAMPLE DRY (g)	CRUCIBLE & ASH (g) FIRST	CRUCIBLE & ASH (g) SECOND	% MOISTURE	% ASH
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										

Operator No. \_\_\_\_\_

Analyst \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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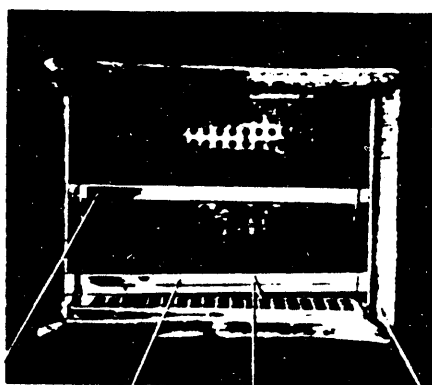
REVISION DATE: 10/31/89

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### APPENDIX II

#### Oven Components Identification



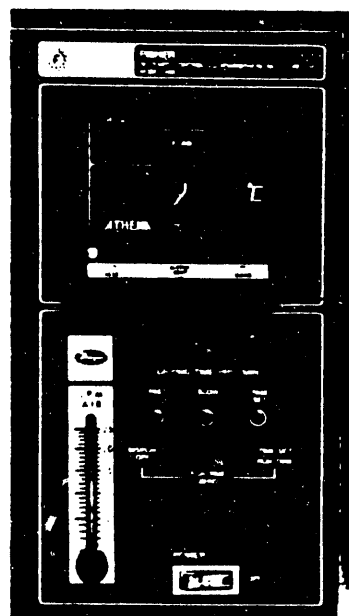
REMOVABLE  
SHELF

FLOOR PLATE  
ASSEMBLY

AIR CURTAIN  
GRATING

OVEN  
SEAL  
(Part No. 43457)

OVEN CHAMBER



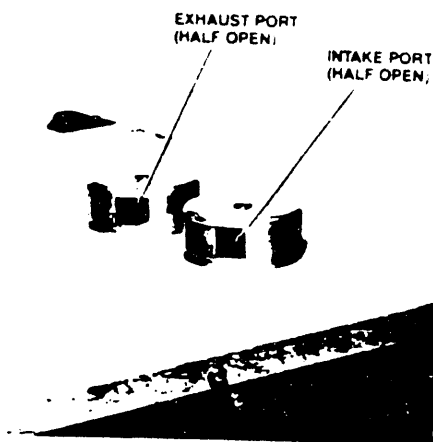
CONTROLLER  
SECTION

ADJUSTMENTS  
ACCESS DOOR

POWER, TIMER  
& FLOWMETER  
SECTION

NOTE: THERE MAY BE SLIGHT  
DIFFERENCES IN NOMENCLATURE  
BETWEEN PRODUCTION MODELS  
AND THIS ILLUSTRATION.

FRONT PANEL



EXHAUST AND INTAKE PORTS

BULKHEAD  
UNION - 1/4  
(FERRULE SET  
SUPPLIED IN  
NUT)



REAR PANEL

TITLE:

**DETERMINATION OF ELEMENTS IN COAL ASH**

PROCEDURE NO:

**HCL-106**

REVISION DATE:

**11/21/86**

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**TABLE OF REVISIONS**

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1	11/21/86	7	16	07/19/85	3			
2	08/22/86	4	17	07/19/85	2			
3	11/21/86	3	18	07/19/85	2			
4	11/21/86	7						
5	08/22/86	5						
6	08/22/86	5						
7	01/16/86	4						
8	07/19/85	3						
9	07/19/85	3						
10	07/19/85	3						
11	08/22/86	4						
12	08/22/86	5						
13	08/22/86	4						
14	07/19/85	2						
15	07/19/85	2						

ORIGINATOR:

*D. M. Gleason*

DATE:

**11/21/86**

APPROVAL:

*Thomas A. Rytting*

DATE:

**12/02/86**

AUTHORIZATION FOR LAB USE:

*A. S. Gable*

DATE:

**12/11/86**

REAPPROVED:

DATE:

CANCELED:

DATE:

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REVISIO. DATE: 08/22/86

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**1.0 REFERENCES**

- 1.1 ASTM, 1982 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Part 26, Method D3682-78, "Standard Test Method for Major and Minor Elements in Coal and Coke Ash by Atomic Absorption"; pp. 419-426.
- 1.2 Evaluation of the Effect of Coal Cleaning on Fugitive Elements, Bituminous Coal Research Report L-1083, March, 1980; pp. 129-143.
- 1.3 "Preparation of Technical Procedures", Administrative Manual, HCL-1001.
- 1.4 "Determination of Percent Ash", Technical Manual, HCL-101.

**2.0 SCOPE AND APPLICATION**

- 2.1 This procedure is applicable to the preparation of samples received for analysis of major elements in coal ash.
- 2.2 It is applicable to all coal ranks and types received at HCCL.
- 2.3 Samples prepared by this method can be expected to yield results within the reproducibility and repeatability ranges reported in ASTM D3682-78 when analyzed properly. (Reference Section 14.0, Table 1).
- 2.4 Statements of sensitivity are not applicable.

**3.0 SUMMARY OF METHOD**

- 3.1 A 60 mesh coal sample is mixed and ashed in sufficient quantity to yield a minimum of 1.500 grams of ash residue. This ash is mixed with an excess of Lithium Metaborate and the mixture fused at 900°C for forty minutes. The resulting melt is digested with dilute nitric acid and quantitatively prepared for spectrophotometric analysis of the metals.

**4.0 DEFINITIONS**

- 4.1 Melt is used to refer to the bead-shaped product after fusion of the coal ash with metaborate.
- 4.2 Spectrophotometric is used to refer to the method of analysis. All elements with the exception of SO<sub>3</sub> and P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> and determined by Atomic Absorption techniques. SO<sub>3</sub> is determined by the Leco SC-32 and P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> is determined by UV-VIS techniques.
- 4.3 A.A. is substituted for atomic absorption spectrophotometer.
- 4.4 UV-VIS is substituted for Ultra-Violet-Visible Spectrophotometer.

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- 4.5 Ash is substituted for the residue remaining after preparation of the coal by HCL-101.
- 4.6 Stock Solution is the solution which results from dilution of the melt and the quantitative transfer of this solution to a volumetric flask. This is the solution from which all dilutions are made.
- 4.7 Analysis Solution is prepared from the stock solution for analysis of an analyte.
- 4.8 Repeatability is the expected precision of results obtained from the duplicate analysis of a sample performed in the same laboratory by the same technician.
- 4.9 Reproducibility is the expected precision of results obtained from the duplicate analysis of a sample performed by two different laboratories.
- 5.0 INTERFERENCES
- 5.1 Magnetite is considered an interference where magnetite-free analyses are requested. In these cases, a non-magnetic analyses sample is isolated in accordance with HCL-119, "Percent Magnetic Material in Coal" prior to ashing.
- 6.0 SAMPLE HANDLING AND PRESERVATION
- 6.1 All analysis samples of coal are prepared and containerized according to HCL-230.
- 6.2 Ash samples are ground to pass a 200 mesh screen and then mixed with an excess of metaborate.
- 6.3 Digestion of the melt can be done anytime after cooling. However, once digested, the resulting solution must not be allowed to stand more than 48 hours to prevent precipitation of metal complexes. The analyst should examine each solution carefully to assure no precipitation has occurred.
- 6.4 Melts which are difficult to digest can be crushed with mortar and pestle to increase their surface area.
- 6.5 Samples containing magnetite may be processed by an alternative procedure where magnetic  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  is to be included.
- 6.5.1 Samples are handled normally up to the digestion of the melt with nitric acid. At this point, the resulting solution is filtered to catch the undigested magnetite.
- 6.5.2 Place the wet filter paper containing the magnetite into a platinum crucible.
- 6.5.3 Preheat a muffle furnace to 750°C.



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6.5.4 Ash the paper off in the furnace for 30 minutes.

6.5.5 Add 20ml of 50% HCl to the dish and digest on a hotplate.

6.5.6 Filter the solution into a 250ml volumetric flask. Use a Whatman #54 filter paper.

6.5.7 The results of the  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  analyses for both the ash and magnetite are composited to determine the total weight percent  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ .

#### 7.0 PREREQUISITES

7.1 The expiration date on all reagents must be checked and be acceptable before any samples are prepared.

7.2 Safety glasses and labcoats are required.

7.3 Fume hoods are required for all acid digestions.

7.4 Reagents must be prepared before samples are fused.

7.5 The analyst must be approved by the department supervisor and certified by the HCCL Training Program.

7.6 Reference HCL-180, "Utilization of a Mettler AC-100 Balance."

#### 8.0 APPARATUS

8.1 Reference HCL-101, Section 8.0

8.2 Graphite crucibles, 9ml capacity, Spec Industries, Catalog #7152.

8.3 Platinum crucible, 35ml capacity.

8.4 Beaker, 400ml capacity, Pyrex brand, Class A.

8.5 Hotplate w/magnetic stirrer, Dyla-Dual, VWR Part No. 58849-001.

8.6 Volumetric flasks, 250ml capacity, Pyrex brand, Class A, T. C.

8.7 Volumetric flasks, 200ml capacity, Pyrex brand, Class A, T. C.

#### 9.0 REAGENTS

9.1 All references to water will mean water with an electrical conductance of 0.8umho/cm or less. Type I deionized, conforming to ASTM specifications D1192.

9.2 Lithium Metaborate ( $\text{LiBO}_2$ ).

9.3 Nitric Acid, concentrated, Sp. gr. 1.42.

9.4 Cesium Chloride, ACS reagent grade.

9.4.1 Cesium chloride solution, 2000ppm; Prepare by dissolving 25.3420gm CsCl in 200ml of deionized water. Transfer to 1000ml volumetric flask and dilute to the mark.

9.5 Tartaric Acid: ACS Reagent Grade.

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9.5.1 Tartaric acid solution (125gms tartaric acid per 1 liter D.I. water).

9.6 Molybdivanadate Solution (used in  $P_2O_5$  analysis).

Dissolve 0.6 grams of sodium metavanadate in 200ml of  $HNO_3$  using a 400ml beaker and stir bar. Dissolve 38.0 grams of sodium molybdate in 200ml of water using a 1 liter volumetric flask. Mix the two solutions and dilute to the 1 liter mark.

9.7  $P_2O_5$  Standards

500 ppm stock solution - dissolve 1.0000 gram of disodium phosphate in the 200ml's of water. Transfer to a 1 liter volumetric and dilute to the mark.

5.0 ppm standard - using a 1 liter flask add 200ml of water,  $4.000 \pm .005$ gm  $LiBO_2$ ,  $10.000 \pm .005$ gms tartaric acid and 50ml  $HNO_3$ . Then pipette 10ml of the 500ppm stock solution into the flask and bring to the mark with D.I. water.

9.8  $TiO_2$  Reagents

9.8.1 Lithium Tetraborate ( $Li_2B_4O_7$ ), powder

9.8.2 Hydrochloric acid (5 + 95) - dilute 50ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid (HCl, sp. gr. 1.19) in a 1000ml volumetric flask using deionized water.

9.8.3 Titanium Standard Solution - fuse .1000gm ash of a Certified Standard containing approximately 1.50%  $TiO_2$  with lithium tetraborate. Digest with 150ml of 5% HCl and quantitatively transfer to a 200ml volumetric flask.

10.0 CALIBRATION

10.1 Not applicable.

11.0 TRAINING

11.1 Conditions of Training.

11.1.1 The technician must be approved by the department supervisor to work with acids.

11.1.2 The technician must be certified in HCL-101.

11.1.3 The technician must be capable of preparing 16 samples for major elements in ash simultaneously.

11.1.4 The technician must be capable of recognizing samples contaminated with magnetite & samples contaminated by metal complex precipitation

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11.1.5 The technician must be trained in the operation of the Leco SC-32, Varian AA-475, and Perkin-Elmer Lambda-3 UV-VIS spectrophotometer.

11.2 Standards of Training.

11.2.1 Results of the 16 samples prepared must meet the criteria listed in table one, section 14.0 of this procedure.

11.2.2 Results of the written exam must meet standards outlined in Administrative Procedure HCL-1013.

## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS		RECOMMENDED PRACTICES					
12.0 PROCEDURE									
12.1 Prepare the ash by ashing a sufficient quantity of coal to yield a minimum of 1.6000gms. of ash. Do not ash more than 1.0 gram of coal in one crucible. Mortar and pestle the ash to pass a 200 mesh screen. NOTE: If SO <sub>3</sub> is not required, the minimum weight requirement can be reduced to 1.000 grams.				Follow HCL-101 to prepare the ash. Determine the percent ash and calculate the number of grams of coal required to yield 1.600 grams of ash using equation: $\text{grams of coal} = \frac{(1.600 \text{ grams})}{\% \text{ ash}} \times 100$					
12.2 Place a graphite crucible on the balance pan and tare it to zero.		Electronic or mechanical interference in the taring procedure.		Assure the readout displays 0.0000 grams.					
12.3 Add approximately 0.5 ± 0.1 gms of LiBO <sub>2</sub> .				Reference 12.2.					
12.4 Create a depression in the LiBO <sub>2</sub> and then tare the weight.		Reference 12.2							
12.5 Accurately weigh 0.10 ± 0.0050 grams of ash into the crucible.									
12.6 Record the sample weight (ash weight) on the data sheet.									
12.7 Cover the mixture with approximately 0.5 grams of metaborate to assure an excess of fluxing agent.		Poor fusion of the ash.		Always make sure that enough metaborate was added to completely cover the ash. Do not allow the ash to touch the crucible.					
12.8 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.7 for all samples up to a total of 18.				Use a prelabelled grid to keep the samples in correct order.					
12.9 Repeat steps 12.1 through 12.7 for the duplicate and standard sample.									

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**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS	POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.10 Prepare a blank by addition of 1.0 gram of metaborate to a crucible.	Incomplete fusion to melt.	If the melt is not complete, return the samples to the furnace for an additional amount of time.	
12.11 Preheat a muffle furnace to $900^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .			
12.12 Transfer the samples into the muffle and allow 40 minutes to form the melt.			
12.13 At the end of 40 minutes, remove the samples and allow them to cool.			
12.14 While the melts cool, prelabel the 400 ml beakers with sample numbers.			
12.15 Transfer the melts to the pre-labeled beakers.	Refer to Appendix E	Safety glasses and lab coats are required. Must be performed in a hood.	
12.16 Add 40 mls of $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and slowly add 12.5 mls of concentrated $\text{HNO}_3$ .			
12.17 Add a stir bar to each beaker, being careful to avoid splashing.			
12.18 Set the hotplate on medium heat and place the beakers on it. (Just below boiling).			
12.19 Cover each beaker with a watch glass and begin stirring the solution slowly.			

# SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS		RECOMMENDED PRACTICES					
12.20 Normally the melt should digest completely in twenty minutes or less. If this does not occur, increase the time until the melt is completely digested.		Precipitation of metal complexes.		Do not allow the solutions to boil.					
12.21 Allow the solution to cool and check for residue (other than graphite) which was not digested. Filter the solution. If magnetite is present, handle the residue as outlined in section 6.5.		Failure to recognize magnetite will result in low Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> recovery.		Use Whatman #54 filter paper for speed. Magnetite will adhere very strongly to the stir bar.					
12.22 Quantitatively transfer the solution to a clean, prelabeled volumetric flask (200 ml or 250 ml).		Sample loss during transfer.		Label this flask "STOCK" and the appropriate sample number.					
12.23 Add 20 mls of tartaric acid solution to each stock flask.									
12.24 Allow the samples to reach room temperature and then dilute to the mark with D. I. water. Stop the flasks.									
12.25 From your stock solution, prepare analysis solution one.									
12.26 Prepare solution one by transfer of 50 ml of stock into a 100 ml volumetric flask prelabeled.									
12.26.1 Add 5.0 mls of HNO <sub>3</sub> .									
12.26.2 Add 10.0 mls of 20,000 ug/ml Cesium solution.									
12.26.3 Dilute to volume using D.I. water.									

**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.27 Using the stock solution, determine				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>°silicon (100-250 ug/ml)</li> <li>°iron (30-70 ug/ml)</li> <li>°potassium (0-20 ug/ml)</li> <li>°manganese (0-2 ug/ml)</li> <li>°magnesium (0.0-4.0 ug/ml)</li> </ul>				
12.28 Using solution one, determine				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>°calcium (0.0-5.0 ug/ml)</li> <li>°Sodium (0.0-5.0 ug/ml)</li> <li>°Aluminum (0.0-50.0 ug/ml)</li> </ul>				
12.29 Operating conditions for each element is outlined in Table Two of Appendix B.				
12.30 Determine the percent sulfur in the ash using HCL-103.				
12.31 Determine the percent $P_2O_5$ using the UV-VIS spectrophotometer.				
12.32 Prepare the $P_2O_5$ standards using the directions in section 9.0 of this procedure.				
12.33 Transfer 50 ml's of the unknowns stock solution into a 100 ml beaker.				
12.34 Prepare a blank using the blank stock solution.				
12.35 Transfer 50 ml's of the 5.0 ppm $P_2O_5$ standard into a 100 ml beaker.				
12.36 Add 25 ml of the molybdivanadate to each beaker.				

## SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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12.37	Allow each sample to stand for 20 minutes.	Incomplete color development.		Reference the operating manual.			
12.38	Calibrate the UV-VIS using the 5.00ppm sample.						
12.39	Determine the % $P_2O_5$ in each sample and record the results on the data sheet.						
12.40	$TiO_2$ Determination.						
12.41	Weigh 0.1000 $\pm$ .0002g of the ash into a clean platinum dish.	Contaminated crucibles.		Clean the crucibles by boiling in 5% HCl solution.			
12.42	Add .5gm of lithium tetraborate ( $Li_2B_4O_7$ ) and mix by rotating the dish.						
12.43	Add an additional .5gm of $Li_2B_4O_7$ to cover the mixture.						
12.44	Repeat steps 12.41 to 12.43 for each sample plus duplicate and QA standard.						
12.45	Prepare a blank by addition of 1.0gm of tetraborate to a crucible.						
12.46	Place the dish in a muffle preheated to 1000°C for 15 minutes.			Furnace temperature must be 1000 $\pm$ 20°C.			
12.47	Remove after 15 minutes and cool to room temperature.						
12.48	Carefully rinse the bottom and outside of the platinum dish to remove possible contamination.			Contamination will cause erroneous results.			



**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

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12.49 Place the dish in a clean 400ml beaker.			
12.50 Place a clean stir bar inside the dish.			
12.51 Add 150ml of HCl solution (5 + 95) to the beaker & dish.			
12.52 Immediately place on a stirring hotplate & heat to just below boiling for no longer than 30 minutes.			
12.53 After the melt has dissolved remove from the hotplate & cool to room temperature.			
12.54 Quantitatively transfer the solution to a 200ml volumetric flask and wash the beaker & dish with 5% HCl solution.			
12.55 Dilute to the mark with 5% HCl solution.			
12.56 Operating conditions are outlined in Table Two of Appendix B for the AA.			
			If stirring is not maintained constantly, some of the ash constituents may precipitate. Do not allow the solution to boil.

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**13.0 CALCULATIONS****13.1** Weighted recomposite of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  for magnetite contaminated samples.

$$D = (A) (B) + (C)$$

Where A = weight percent of magnetite in the ash.

B = weight percent of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  in magnetite.C = weight percent of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  in ash.D = weight percent of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  total.**13.2** Reference Appendix A, Worksheet for Calculation of Metal Oxides from Element Concentrations in the Analysis Solutions.**14.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA**

Element	Percent of Moisture-Free Ash			
	Repeatability	Range	Reproducibility	Range
$\text{SiO}_2$	2	10 to 60	4	10 to 60
$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$	1	5 to 30	3	5 to 30
$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	1.0	5 to 50	2	5 to 50
CaO	1.0	2	1.0	2
CaO	0.25	2	0.5	2
MgO	0.20	0.3 to 10	0.6	2
MgO			0.2	2
$\text{Na}_2\text{O}$	0.5	5	0.7	5
$\text{Na}_2\text{O}$	0.1	5	0.2	5
$\text{K}_2\text{O}$	0.1	0.3 to 3	0.2	0.3 to 3
$\text{MnO}_2$	0.02	0.2	0.07	0.2
$\text{P}_2\text{O}_5$	0.2	0.3 to 3	0.4	0.3 to 3
$\text{TiO}_2$	0.2	0.5 to 2	0.4	0.5 to 2

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14.2 Results of a test are rejected if the total percent recovery is less than 97% or greater than 102.5%. The sample is retested. If results of the retest do not meet the recovery requirements but do meet the requirements of repeatability when compared to run one, the average of the two runs is reported. If the retest does not meet the percent recovery or repeatability standards a third run is made. If the recovery of this run is outside the acceptable range, the average of all three runs is reported and a comment added to the report to reflect the results are the average of those runs.

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 APPENDIX A  
 Calculations Worksheet

METAL, OXIDE	$\left( \frac{\text{Analysis Sample}}{\text{ug/ml}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{Sample Volume (ml)}}{\text{Sample Weight (gm)}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{Dilution Factor}}{\text{Factor}} \right) \times \left( \frac{\text{Gravimetric Factor}}{\text{Factor}} \right)$	Result % Wt.
SiO <sub>2</sub>		2.14 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		1.89 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		1.43 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
K <sub>2</sub> O		1.20 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
CaO		1.40 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
MgO		1.66 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Na <sub>2</sub> O		1.35 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
TiO <sub>2</sub>		1.67 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
MnO <sub>2</sub>		1.58 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
SO <sub>3</sub>	NOT REQUIRED	2.497
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	DETERMINED DIRECTLY	-----
PERCENT RECOVERY		

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**APPENDIX B**  
**Operating Conditions for Elements**

TABLE TWO

ELEMENT	WIDTH SLIT	CURRENT LAMP	WORKING RANGE LOW HIGH	FLAME TYPE	BACK- GROUND	COMMENTS
Si	251.6 0.2	20	100 250	no	yes	Red cone 2-3cm Reducing yellow
Fe	372.0 0.2	5	10 100	NO	NO	Lean-Double Beam
Al	309.3 0.5	10	20 100	NO	NO	Red Cone 2-3cm Reducing Double Beam.
K	769.9 0.20	5	Optimize only	AA	NO	Flame Emission
Ca	422.7 0.2	10	Optimize only	NO	NO	Red Cone 1.0-1.5 cm reducing Flame emission
Mg	285.2 0.5	4	Optimize only	NO	Yes	Flame emission
Na	589.6 0.2	5	Optimize only	AA	NO	Flame Emission
Tl	364.3 0.2	20	5.0 20.0	NO	NO	Reducing 1.0-1.5 cm Red Cone, Double Beam
Mn	279.5 0.2	5	0.5 4.0	AA	NO	Oxidizing and Double Beam

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## APPENDIX C

**Pennsylvania Electric Company  
HOMER CITY LABORATORY  
Ash Constituents**

[illegible][illegible]

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**APPENDIX D****More About Chemicals We Use:****Nitric Acid: ( $\text{HNO}_3$ )**

Nitric Acid is a clear to light brown liquid. It causes severe skin and eye burns and its vapors can cause damage to the lungs. It is very corrosive and will attack most metals. When it is allowed to contact wood it may cause a fire. It may also ignite paper, cotton and burlap. When you are working with  $\text{HNO}_3$ , always do so in an operating hood.

Nitric Acid will produce severe and penetrating burns to the skin and membranes. Contact with the eyes will produce very severe, immediate damage and may result in permanent damage.

Nitric Acid should be stored to safeguard against mechanical injury of containers; isolate from turpentine, combustible materials, carbides, metallic powders, fulmites, picrates or chlorates. Do not store with Acetic Acid or Hydrochloric Acid.

<div style="display: inline-block; background-color: black; color: white; padding: 5px 10px; font-weight: bold;">Penelec / GPU</div>		<b>HOMER CITY LABORATORY</b>	
<b>TITLE:</b> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 5px;">SUSPENDED SOLIDS</div>			
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<b>AUTHORIZATION FOR LAB USE:</b>	<b>DATE:</b> 12 19 84

<b>REAPPROVED:</b>	<b>DATE:</b>

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**1.0     REFERENCES**

- 1.1     Existing acceptable industry methods.
- 1.2     Method HCL-1001, "Preparation of Technical Procedures."
- 1.3     Method HCL-1003, "Data Acquisition System Operation and Training Manual."
- 1.4     Method HCL-201, "Gross Air Dry Loss."
- 1.5     Method HCL-237, "Mettler PK-36 Balance."
- 1.6     Method HCL-238, "Operation of the Toledo Scale."

**2.0     SCOPE AND APPLICATION**

- 2.1     This method is applicable to all slurries received at Homer City Coal Laboratory independent of coal type.
- 2.2     Samples received with a surface moisture of less than twenty percent should be processed by Method HCL-201, "Gross Air Dry Loss."
- 2.3     Sensitivity of this test is equal to the sensitivity of the weighing device used.
- 2.4     Results of this test represent the solids content in the original volume of slurry received.

**3.0     SUMMARY OF METHOD**

- 3.1     A coal slurry sample is dewatered and dried for 48 hours maximum either at 10°C to 15°C above ambient (not to exceed 40°C) or atmospherically (avoiding excess dust and air current interference) to a workable dryness.
- 3.2     The remaining dry weight relative to initial wet weight yields the suspended solids (see 13.2).

**4.0     DEFINITIONS**

- 4.1     None.

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**1****5.0     INTERFERENCES**

- 5.1     Atmospheric conditions may greatly affect this analysis. Containers of sample must be tightly sealed up to the time of dewatering and the dry coal not exposed to the air for extended periods.

**6.0     SAMPLE HANDLING AND PRESERVATION**

- 6.1     Samples must be collected in a container that is larger than or has the volume of one gallon to produce viable results.
- 6.2     The sample may consist of one or more containers.
- 6.3     All samples must be weighed upon receipt and this weight recorded as the "gross weight" of the sample.
- 6.4     The technician must check this "gross weight" when beginning the "suspended solids" test. If a discrepancy exists between the starting gross weight and the original gross weight notify the shift supervisor. Moisture losses or gains prior to processing must be investigated and included in total air dry loss.

**7.0     PREREQUISITES**

- 7.1     Calibration of scale(s) or balance (refer to Section 10).
- 7.2     Calibration of oven (refer to Section 10).
- 7.3     Prior to beginning the test always check the process form for special handling notes.

**8.0     APPARATUS**

- 8.1     Mettler PK-36 balance with a maximum capacity of 30,000 grams and the readability of 0.1 grams, when the mass is less than 6000 grams; and 1.0 grams when the mass is greater than or equal to 6000 grams.
- 8.2     Scales
- 8.2.1     Toledo Model 2184 scale with Model 8130 digital readout having a 300 kilogram capacity and a readability of 0.1 kilograms.
- 8.2.2     Toledo Model 4181-001 mechanical scale with the capacity of 1000 pounds and a readability of 0.5 pounds.

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**1****8.3 Drying Trays**

8.3.1 Galvanized steel trays of the dimension 34" x 48" x 3" with handles, located at Homer City Coal Laboratory.

8.3.2 Galvanized steel trays of the dimension 36 1/2" x 42 1/2" x 2 3/4" without handles, for use at EPRI-CCTF facility.

8.3.3 Fiberglass trays of the dimension 36 1/2" x 42 1/2" x 2 3/4" without handles for use at EPRI-CCTF facility.

8.4 Blue "M" Air Drying Ovens, Model No. POM-966A-R16X located at the EPRI-CCTF facility maintained at 40°C ± 5°C.

8.5 Soil Test Oven, Model L-72A maintained at 40°C ± 5°C.

8.6 Air drying racks large enough to accomodate drying trays as described in section 8.3.1. These racks are used for the atmospheric drying.

**8.7 Filtering Device**

8.7.1 Denver Filter which uses 32 cm ashless filter paper, hooked in series with two side arm Erlenmeyer flasks, and a vacuum pump. The side arm Erlenmeyer flasks are used for filtrate collection and filtrate clarity monitoring.

8.7.2 Vacuum Filtration system at the EPRI-CCTF facility.

8.7.2.1 Raven vacuum filtering vats, 25" in diameter.

8.7.2.2 Eimco filter bags which are contoured to fit the Raven vacuum filtering vats.

8.7.2.3 Nash vacuum pump, Model 202, operating at 2000 RPM.

8.7.2.4 Filtrate collection tank, Cemline 34104, with a diameter of 36" and length of 92".

**9.0 REAGENTS**

9.1 Not applicable.

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**1****10.0**     **CALIBRATION****10.1**     Toledo Model 4181-001 mechanical scale.

- 10.1.1     Set scale at zero, by removing all counterweights and moving the sliding weight down the bar until the arrow on the weight points directly at the zero mark on the bar.
- 10.1.2     Place the 500 lb. equivalent on the counter weight holder. Gently set the 500 lb. calibration weight on the scale's platform and observe the reading.
- 10.1.3     If the scale reads 500 lbs.  $\pm$  .5 lbs. then the scale is properly calibrated. If the scale reads outside of the limits, proceed with steps 10.1.4 and 10.1.5.
- 10.1.4     Remove the calibration weight and the counter weight. Check the level of the scale's platform. Check under the scale's platform for dirt and clean if necessary. Finally, with the scale set at zero, check to see if the arm for the slide weight moves freely.
- 10.1.5     After checking all the items in 10.1.4, repeat steps 10.1.1 thru 10.1.3. If the scale still does not meet the calibration criteria, as stated in 10.1.3, contact the shift supervisor and do not use the scale.
- 10.1.6     Calibration must be accomplished once per shift.

**10.2**     Blue M Model No. POM-966A-R16X air dry loss oven.

- 10.2.1     Once each operating shift empty and preheat the oven.
- 10.2.2     After the oven has reached its operating temperature, place a certified thermometer in the center of the oven.
- 10.2.3     Allow sufficient time for the thermometer to equilibrate to the oven's temperature, quickly remove and read. Record all temperature checks in the "Blue M Drying Oven Calibration Log" with date, time and technician initials.
- 10.2.4     If the temperature is not within  $35^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , suspend oven usage and contact your shift supervisor.
- 10.2.5     The shift supervisor will adjust oven controls, supervise oven recalibration and assure calibration log is properly annotated prior to analysis resumption.

PROCEDURE NO: **HCL-204**REVISION DATE: **9/1/84**PAGE **6** OF **19**REVISION NO: **1****11.0    TRAINING****11.1    Condition**

**11.1.1    The technician will perform five analyses on samples with varying solids content.**

**11.2    Standard**

**11.2.1    The technician will perform the percent suspended solids, within the average units-per-hour figures and acceptance criteria limits of section 14.1.**

**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS		RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
<p><b>12.0 PROCEDURE</b></p> <p>12.1 Locate the sample to be analyzed, the corresponding process form and data sheet.</p> <p>12.2 Weigh the container(s) and record the container(s) ID and initial slurry weight on the data sheet (Appendix I). Enter data directly into the computer, when available. (When entering the container ID and initial slurry weight in the computer, the filter paper weight must also be entered for each container.)</p> <p>12.3 Dewater the sample.</p>		<p>Missing or incorrect sample container.</p> <p>Incorrect weights.</p> <p>Personal injury.</p> <p>Loss of sample.</p>		<p>Always check the sample's container(s) and nomenclature with the process form's description and container ID section. If a discrepancy is noticed, always contact shift supervisor.</p> <p>The balance or scale must be regularly calibrated and zeroed before weighing samples. All containers must be weighed without lids. Any container with the initial slurry weight less than 16 kilograms must be weighed on the Mettler PK-36 balance. All samples weighed at EPRI will be weighed in pounds. The pound weights of the containers will be recorded on the back of the data sheet, and the gram equivalent recorded in the appropriate areas on the front of the data sheet.</p> <p>Steel toed footwear is required at both HCL and the EPRI facility. Always use proper drum handling equipment when moving drums. Wear cotton work gloves when moving drum to avoid possible injury to hands and fingers.</p> <p>Samples need to be placed entirely in the filtering device. The container must be thoroughly rinsed. Insure that while washing out the container all the residue flows into the filtering device.</p>	

# SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS		RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
12.3.1 Dewatering at Homer City Coal Laboratory.		Contamination of sample.		Brush any residue from the Denver filter and lightly blow dust off with air hose.	
12.3.1.1 Set up Denver filtering aparatus (Appendix II).		Chemical residue.		Never take a Denver from the F/S room until it has been dried in a F/S oven for several hours.	
		Personal injury.		The Denver filtering device and the side arm Erlenmeyer flasks should be placed on a level, flat surface that will be easily accessible to the technician. The Erlenmeyer must be supported to prevent tipping.	
12.3.1.2 Place the preweighed 32 cm ashless filter paper in the Denver filtering device. (Record the weight of the filter paper on the back of the data sheet.)		Loss of sample through filter.		Check each filter paper for holes or tears that would allow solids to pass through during the dewatering operation. While dewatering the sample always check the clarity of the filtrate. If the filtrate should suddenly become cloudy, or residue is noticed forming in the flask, remove the present filter paper and refilter the filtrate using a new one.	
12.3.1.3 Decant liquid off of sample.		Sample spillage.		If the container is too full to permit pouring use a clean flask and ladle the liquid out of the container. Never allow the slurry to splash over the sides of the filtering device.	
		Slow filtration.		Leave the solids settle in the container so that the slurry being decanted is relatively free of solids.	

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12.3.1.4 Pour sediment onto paper and rinse container thoroughly.		Loss of sample.			See 12.3.				
12.3.1.5 Repeat steps 12.3.1.2 through 12.3.1.4 for all containers until the sample has been completely dewatered, changing the filter papers when necessary.									
12.3.1.6 Clean and weigh enough pans to hold all the filter papers and filtered solids. Record the pan ID's and weights on the data sheet. Enter pan and filter paper weights into the computer.									
12.3.1.7 Position filter papers and filtered solids onto pans and place into soil test oven, drying according to Method HCL-201, "Gross Air Dry Loss."		Sample identification.			Place a card identifying the sample and lab number in the pan with the sample.				
12.3.1.8 When drying is complete weigh and record on data sheet (Appendix I). Enter weight into the computer.									
12.3.1.9 Seal the sample in an air tight container to await further analysis.									
12.3.2 Dewatering at the EPRI-CCTF facility.									



# SAFE JOB PROCEDURE

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12.3.2.1 When CCTF personnel are on site, check with the proper authorities before operating any equipment.		Interference with plant operations.			Never operate any equipment without first receiving clearance.				
12.3.2.2 Drain Receiving Tank		Strain on vacuum pump due to full receiving tank.			This procedure must be performed at the beginning of every shift and with every four hours of operation.				
12.3.2.2.1 Pull valve #1 near receiving tank to the open position. Push drain valve (#2) handle (large pipe handle near floor) to open drain.		Turning wrong valves.			A sketch of the valve system is shown in Appendix III. The valves in question are labeled at EPRI to correspond with the sketch. A copy of the sketch is posted in the vacuum pump/receiving tank room at the EPRI facility.				
12.3.2.2.2 Restore valves to original position after all the water has been drained from the tank.									
12.3.2.3 Check the water pressure to the vacuum pump.		Equipment damage.			This must always be performed before operating the vacuum pump.				
12.3.2.3.1 Open valve #3 and observe the rate the water is discharged from the pipe. If the water flows steadily from the pipe water pressure is sufficient. Reclose the valve. If the water pressure does not flow steadily water pressure is insufficient to operate the pump.		Turning wrong valve. Equipment failure.			Refer to Appendix IV. Contact shift supervisor.				
12.3.2.4 Vacuum pump startup.									

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS		RECOMMENDED PRACTICES					
12.3.2.4.1 Open valve (#4) located below strainer to purge the pump with water.		Turning wrong valve. Equipment damage.		Refer to Appendix IV. This valve must remain open while the pump is activated. The water must always flow through the pump; if the water flow ceases, shutoff the pump and contact shift supervisor.					
12.3.2.4.2 Locate stop/start switch (#5) and push black button, marked ON. Immediately a red light, directly above the switch, will light up indicating that the pump is engaged (Appendix IV).		Insufficient vacuum.		Do not begin dewatering until the vacuum has reached 20 inches. A gauge is located on the wall to the left of the five dewatering devices. The vacuum should reach this level after the pump has been activated for 2 minutes (Appendix V).					
12.3.2.5.1 Place filter bag in filtering device.		Contamination. Loss of sample.		Always clean every filter bag thoroughly before using. Check the bag for holes or tears (particularly around seams). Leave more than 1 inch of bag hanging over the outside of the device to keep the bag from falling inside during the dewatering process.					
12.3.2.5.2 After placing the bag in the dewatering device, spray it with a hose and turn on the vacuum.									

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**SAFE JOB PROCEDURE**

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS		POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS			RECOMMENDED PRACTICES				
12.3.2.5.3 Decant the liquid off the solids. Label each filtering device with sample number being dewatered.		Loss of sample.			If the container is too full to pour the liquid off the residual solids, then use a clean beaker or bucket to ladle the liquid.				
12.3.2.5.3.1 Drums of sample that have slurry between liner and the drum.		Personal injury.			Always use proper drum handling equipment.				
12.3.2.5.3.1.1 Use a retaining ring and securely fasten an 8 mesh Kason screen on the top of the drum. Leave the liners sealed.									
12.3.2.5.3.1.2 Decant liquid from around the liner into a filtering device.		Spillage.			Extreme care has to be demonstrated in decanting directly from the barrel into the filtering device.				
12.3.2.5.3.1.3 After decanting the liquid from around the liner, remove the Kason screen and open liner. Proceed with dewatering the slurry.									
12.3.2.5.4 Using a hose, flush solids into the filtering vat from the liner insuring all material has been removed.		Sample loss.			Care must be taken to eliminate splashing out over the vat's side.				
12.3.2.5.5 Dry the container, weigh and record weight on the data sheet.									
12.3.2.5.6 Repeat sections 12.3.2.5 through 12.3.2.5.3.1.3 for all containers until the sample is completely dewatered.									

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SEQUENCE OF JOB STEPS	POTENTIAL PROBLEMS OR HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED PRACTICES	
<p>12.4 Transfer the sample and filter(s) onto drying trays. Dry the sample as per Method HCL-201, "Gross Air Dry Loss".</p> <p>12.5 Return dry material to the original containers and weigh. Record weight on data sheet.</p> <p>12.6 Seal sample in an airtight container to await further analyses.</p> <p>12.7 Enter data into computer system.</p>	<p>Incorrect dry weights.</p>	<p>Samples that have had their filter(s) weight recorded need the filter(s) included in the dry coal and container weights.</p>	

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**1****13.0**     **CALCULATIONS**

- 13.1**     Calculate the percent suspended solids of a gross sample as follows:

$$A = \frac{(R - F) - WC}{WT - WC} \times 100$$

Where A = % suspended solids

R = weight of residue, container and filter(s)

F = weight of filter(s)

WT = weight of container and initial slurry

WC = weight of dry container

- 13.2**     The computer program for calculating percent suspended solids of a gross sample is in the PAMCON subsystem, and can be accessed by requesting program 204 (reference Method HCL-1003, section 4.5, page IV-18).

**14.0**     **ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA**

- 14.1**     The percent suspended solids cannot be greater than 99.9% or less than 0.1%.

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**APPENDIX I**

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTRIC COMPANY  
HOMER CITY LABORATORY  
% SUSPENDED SOLIDS

LINE NO.	SAMPLE NUMBER	LAP NO.	CONTAINER ID.	WEIGHT OF CONTENTS (WT)	WEIGHT OF CONTAINER (WC)	WEIGHT OF RESIDUE FILTER PAPER (F)	WEIGHT OF FILTER PAPER (F)	VALUE
1	340300355	4	1073	18425.0	929.4	15616.0	6.2	74.0
2			0674	22827.0	987.5	15698.0	6.5	
3			2072					
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								

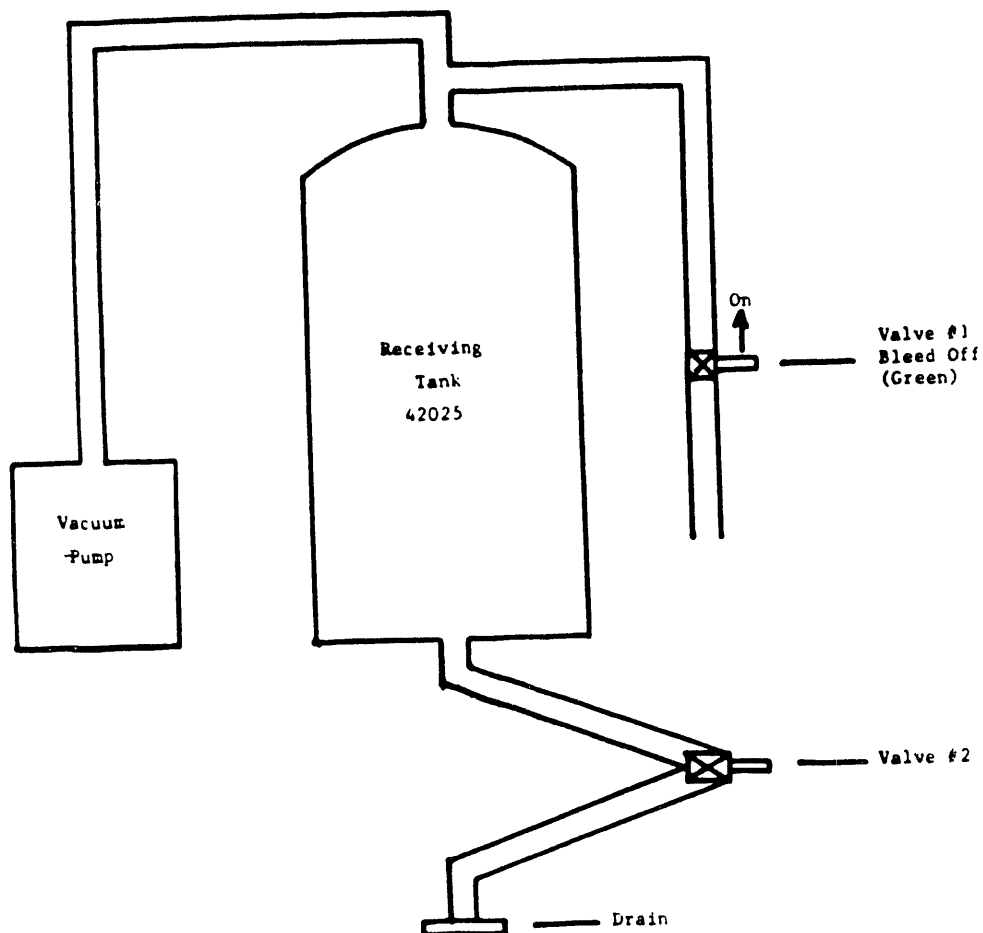
ANALYST: Enteral DATE:

OPERATOR NO:

PROCEDURE NO:  
**HCL-204**REVISIO. DATE:  
**9/21/84**PAGE **16** OF **19**REVISIO. NO:  
**1****APPENDIX II****Denver Filtering Apparatus****90-7420****90-7420 FILTER—Laboratory, Vacuum, Denver****Heavy-Duty Sidearm  
Flasks**

PROCEDURE NO:  
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1APPENDIX III



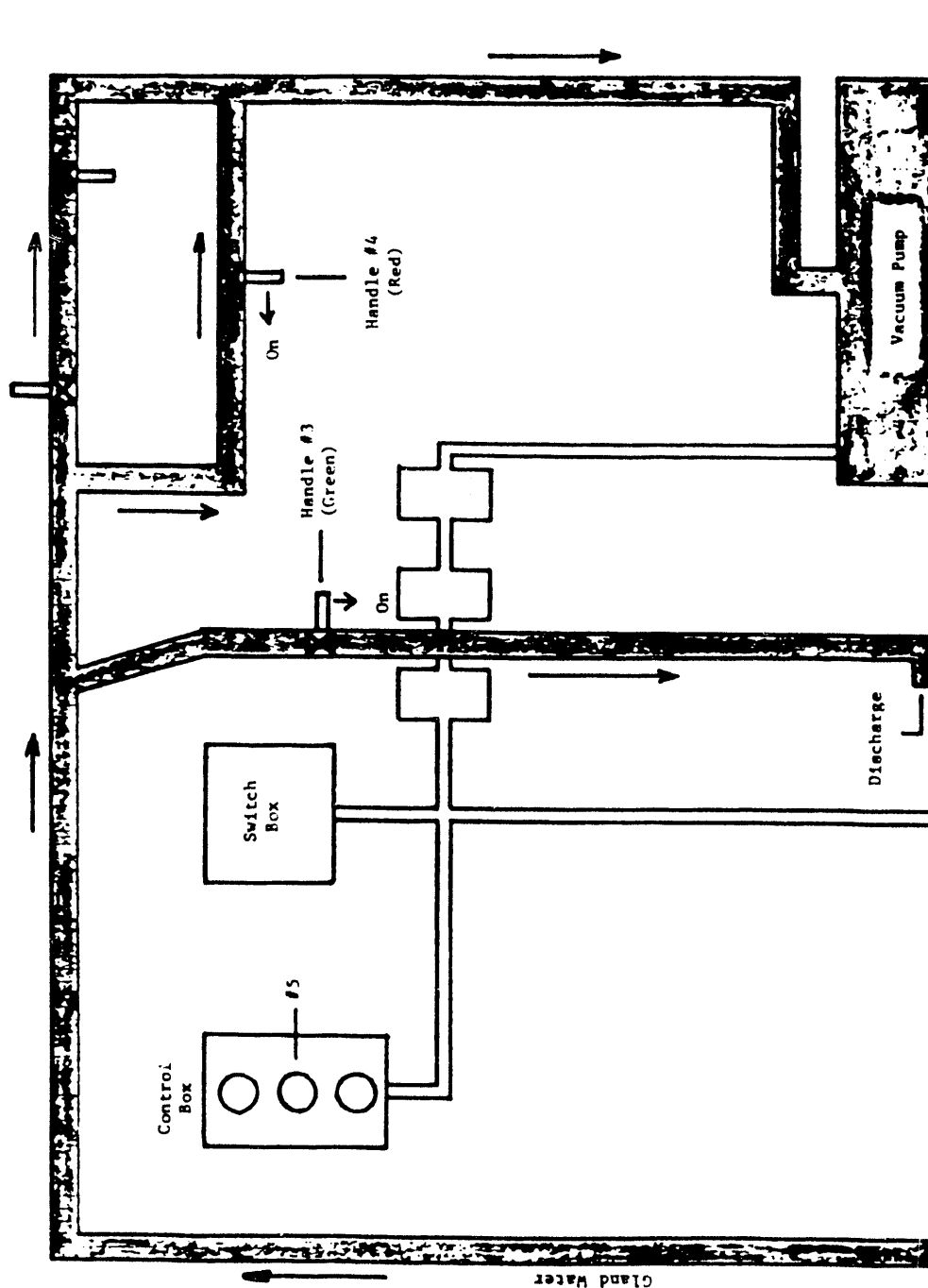
PROCEDURE NO: HCL-204

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APPENDIX IV



PROCEDURE NO: HCL-204

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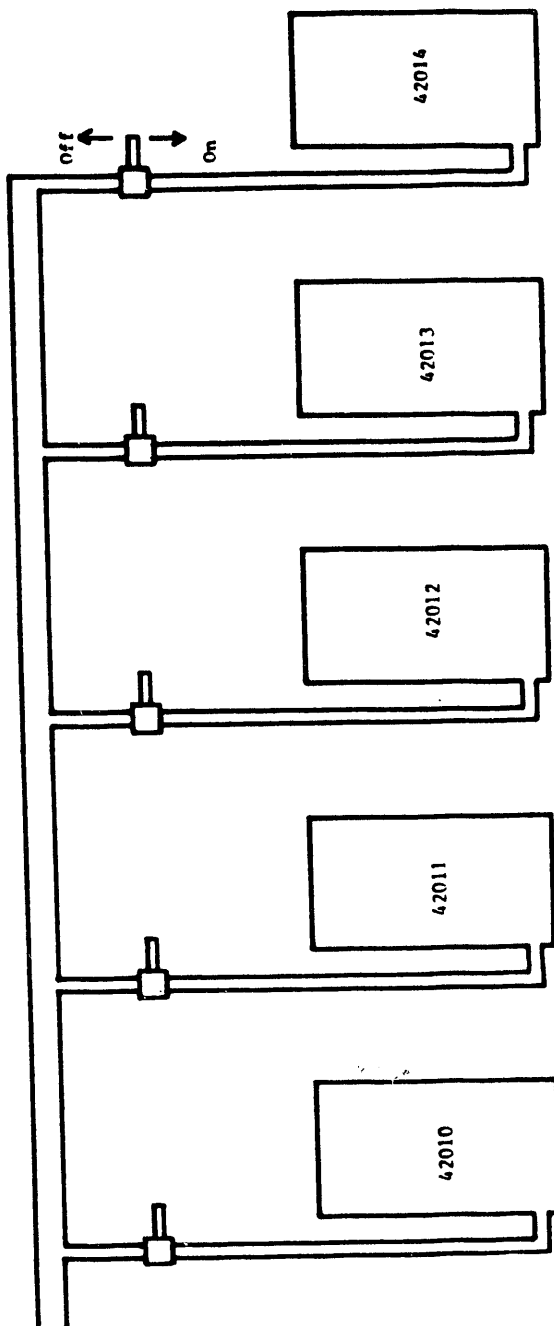
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APPENDIX V

SAMPLE DEWATERING DEVICES

IMPORTANT: The vacuum gauge is located on the wall to the left of the dewatering devices, above the soda vending machine.



APPENDIX I  
ANALYZER SYSTEM SOFTWARE LISTING

```

/*****
/*
/*      CalSA.C
/*      DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
/*****

```

```

#include      < StdIo.H >
#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < ConIo.H >
#include      < Keys.H >
#include      < String.H >
#include      < CType.H >
#include      < Time.H >
#include      < Math.H >

```

```

int          Calc_H4_Slope_Offset( float _v_hi, float _v_lo );

```

```

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

```

```

#define      N_M2_STRINGS 6

```

```

_BOX m2 =    { N_M2_STRINGS,
               {
                   "      Peristaltic Pump P4      ",
                   "      Metering Pump P3       ",
                   "      Opacity Meter        ",
                   "      Opacity Meter (Auto) ",
                   "      Pressure Sensor      ",
                   "      Return to Main Menu  " },
               _Black, _White,
               ( "Calibration Subroutines:" ),
               _Light_Cyan, -1,
               0, 12, (80-(58-26))/2, 0
           };

```

```

#define _FILL_TUBES_P4      30.0
#define _FILL_BEAKER_P4    ( 1.0 * 60.0 )

```

```

#define _FILL_TUBES_P3      30.0
#define _FILL_BEAKER_P3    ( 1.0 * 60.0 )

```

```

int          Calibrate()
{
    _CALMENU:

    SBC(_Blue); STC(_White); CLS; Start_Up_Message();

    switch( PrintBox(&m2) ){

        case 0:      Calibrate_P4();

```

```

        goto _CALMENU;

    case 1:    Calibrate_P3();
               goto _CALMENU;

    case 2:    Calibrate_Opacity_Probe();
               goto _CALMENU;

    case 3:    AutoOpacCal();
               goto _CALMENU;

    case 4:    /* Calibrate_Pressure_Sensor(); */
               Cal_PS();
               goto _CALMENU;

    case 5:    break;

    default:   goto _CALMENU;

}

SBC(_Blue);
CLS;
return(-1);

}

int Calibrate_P4()
{

    int    _i, _r, _c;
    float  _old_rp4_max;
    char    _buff[128];

    _BOX p4box = { 3,
                   {
                       "    Calibrate pump at 5 volts    ",
                       "    Set value of flow at 5 volts  ",
                       "                Exit                ",
                       _Black, _White,
                       { "" },
                       -1, -1,
                       0, 1, (80-(67-34))/2, 0
                   }
    };

    static char *_s0[4] = {

        "        Set or Calibrate Peristaltic Pump (P4)",

        "Since 0 Volts is zero flow and 5 volts is maximum flow, It",
        "is only necessary to set (or calibrate) the point at 5 volts.",

        "Do you want to:"
    };

    /* ----- */

```

```

/*      Display calibrate P4 options      */
/* ----- */

_DISPP4OPTIONS:

SBC(_Blue); CLS;

_r=2, _c=10;

STC(_Bright_White);
LOC(_r,_c); _outtext(_s0[0]);

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC(_r+2,_c); _outtext(_s0[1]);
LOC(_r+3,_c); _outtext(_s0[2]);
LOC(_r+5,_c); _outtext(_s0[3]);

p4box.row = _r+7;
p4box.col = _c;

/* ----- */
/*      Switch option      */
/* ----- */

_CALP4:

switch( PrintBox(&p4box) ){

    case 0:      _old_rp4_max = rp4_max;
                  Set_P4_Max();
                  sprintf( _buff, "RP4_MAX changed from %.3f to %.
                  _old_rp4_max, rp4_max );
                  LogSA( _buff );
                  Write_P4_File();
                  goto _DISPP4OPTIONS;;

    case 1:      _old_rp4_max = rp4_max;
                  _r = p4box.row + p4box.nstrings + 4;
                  STC(_Bright_White); SBC(_Blue);
                  LOC(_r,_c); _outtext("Input the value of the flo
                  LOC(_r+1,_c); _outtext("rate at 5 volts:");

                  LOC(_r+3,_c); STC(_Black); SBC(_Light_Cyan);

                  while(-1){

                      switch(GetFloat(&rp4_max,10,_NEW)){

                          case 0:      sprintf( _buff,
                          "RP4_MAX changed from %.3f to %.
                          _old_rp4_max, rp4_max );
                          LogSA( _buff );
                          Write_P4_File();
                          goto _CALP4;

```

```

                                case ESC:    goto _CALP4;
                                }
                                }

    case 2:      break;

    default:     goto _CALP4;

    }

    return(-1);
}

int Set_P4_Max()
{

    int          _r, _c, _i, _seconds, _minutes;
    time_t       _init_t, _end_t, _current_t;
    char         _buff[128];
    static char  *_s0[4] = {

        "          Calibrate Peristaltic Pump",

        "Prepare either a graduated cylinder or a \"tared\" beaker on a
        \"Hit \\x11\\xc4\\xd9 once and direct the pump outlet to a drain.\",
        \"The pump will be activated for 30 seconds to fill the tubes.\"

    };

    static char *_s1[2] = {

        "Direct the outlet of the pump to the graduated cylinder or beak
        \"Hit \\x11\\xc4\\xd9 once and allow cylinder or beaker to fill for
        );

        /* ----- */
        /*      Display calibration instructions      */
        /* ----- */

        SBC(_Blue); CLS;          _r=2, _c=2;

        STC(_Bright_White);
        LOC(_r,_c); _outtext( _s0[0] );

        STC(_Light_Green);
        LOC(_r+=2,_c); _outtext( _s0[1] );
        LOC(++_r,_c);  _outtext( _s0[2] );
        LOC(++_r,_c);  _outtext( _s0[3] );
        LOC(_r+=2,_c);

        /* ----- */
        /*      Wait for CR                          */
        /* ----- */

```

```

do
    _i=gc();
while
    (_i!=CR);

/* ----- */
/*      Fill tubes for 60 seconds      */
/* ----- */

time( &_init_t );
_init_t += 4;
_end_t = _init_t + (time_t)_FILL_TUBES_P4;

_displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);
STC(_Light_Cyan);

do{
    time( &_current_t );
    LOC(_r,_c);
    _outtext( (_current_t & 1) ? "*" : " " );
}

while
    (_current_t != _init_t );

SetP4( rp4_max );

do{
    LOC(_r,_c);
    sprintf( _buff, " 0:%02ld", _end_t-time( &_current_t ) );
    _outtext(_buff);
}

while
    (_end_t != _current_t );

SetP4( 0.0 );

_displaycursor(_GCURSORON);

/* ----- */
/*      Display instructions for filling the beaker      */
/* ----- */

_r+=2;

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC(_r,_c); _outtext( _s1[0] );
LOC(++_r,_c); _outtext( _s1[1] );

/* ----- */
/*      Wait for CR      */
/* ----- */

do

```



```

    _i=gc();
    while
        (_i!=CR);

    /* ----- */
    /*      Wait 4 seconds before starting      */
    /* ----- */

    _r+=2;  STC(_Light_Cyan);

    time( &_init_t );
    _init_t += 4;

    _end_t = _init_t + (time_t)_FILL_BEAKER_P4;

    _displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);

    do{
        time( &_current_t );
        LOC(_r,_c);
        _outtext( (_current_t & 1) ? "*" : " " );
    }
    while
        ( _init_t != _current_t );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Start      */
    /* ----- */

    SetP4( rp4_max );

    do{
        _seconds = _end_t - time( &_current_t );
        _minutes = _seconds / 60;
        _seconds -= _minutes * 60;
        LOC(_r,_c);
        sprintf( _buff, "%2d:%02d", _minutes, _seconds );
        _outtext(_buff);
    }

    while
        ( _current_t != _end_t );

    SetP4( 0.0 );

    _displaycursor(_GCURSORON);

    /* ----- */
    /*      Ask how much fluid was pumped      */
    /* ----- */

    _r+=2;

    STC(_Light_Green);
    LOC(_r++,_c);

```

```
_outtext( "How much fluid was pumped (ml) ?:" );
```

```
_VP4:
LOC(_r,_c); STC(_Black); SBC(_Light_Cyan);
switch( GetFloat( &p4_vol, 10, _NEW ) ){
    case 0:      break;
    case ESC:    break;
    default:     goto _VP4;
}
```

```
/* ----- */
/*      Calculate rp4_max      */
/* ----- */
```

```
rp4_max = ( p4_vol * 60.0 ) / _FILL_BEAKER_P4;
```

```
SBC(_Blue);
```

```
LOC(_r+=2,_c); STC(_Bright_White); _outtext("RP4_MAX changed to:");
sprintf(_buff, "%.3f", rp4_max );
STC(_Light_Cyan); _outtext(_buff);
```

```
while(kbhit());
gc();
return(-1);
```

```
}
```

```
int Calibrate_P3()
{
```

```
int      _i, _r, _c;
float    _old_rp3_max;
char     _buff[128];
```

```
_BOX p3box = { 3,
               {
                   "      Calibrate pump at 20 mA      ",
                   "      Set value of flow at 20 mA      ",
                   "                  Exit                  " },
               _Black, _White,
               { "" },
               -1, -1,
               0, 1, (80-(76-34))/2, 0
               };
```

```
static char *_s0[4] = {
```

```
    "      Set or Calibrate Metering Pump (P3)",
```

```
"Since 4 mA is zero flow and 20 mA is maximum flow, It is",
"only necessary to set (or calibrate) the point at 20 mA.",
```

```
"Do you want to:"      );
```

```

/* ----- */
/*      Display calibrate P3 options      */
/* ----- */

_DISPP3OPTIONS:

SBC(_Blue); CLS;

_r=2, _c=10;

STC(_Bright_White);
LOC(_r,_c); _outtext(_s0[0]);

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC(_r+2,_c); _outtext(_s0[1]);
LOC(_r+3,_c); _outtext(_s0[2]);
LOC(_r+5,_c); _outtext(_s0[3]);

p3box.row = _r+7;
p3box.col = _c;

/* ----- */
/*      Switch option      */
/* ----- */

_CALP3:

switch( PrintBox(&p3box) ){

    case 0:      _old_rp3_max = rp3_max;
                  Set_P3_Max();
                  sprintf( _buff, "RP3_MAX changed from %.3f to %.
                  _old_rp3_max, rp3_max );
                  LogSA( _buff );
                  Write_P3_File();
                  goto _DISPP3OPTIONS;;

    case 1:      _old_rp3_max = rp3_max;
                  _r = p3box.row + p3box.nstrings + 4;
                  STC(_Bright_White); SBC(_Blue);
                  LOC(_r,_c); _outtext("Input the value of the flo
                  LOC(_r+1,_c); _outtext("rate at 20 mA:");

                  LOC(_r+3,_c); STC(_Black); SBC(_Light_Cyan);

                  while(-1){

                      switch(GetFloat(&rp3_max,10,_NEW)){

                          case 0:      sprintf( _buff,
                                      "RP3_MAX changed from %.3f to %.
                                      _old_rp3_max, rp3_max );
                                      LogSA( _buff );
                                      Write_P3_File();

```

```

                                goto _CALP3;
                                case ESC: goto _CALP3;
                                }
                                }

    case 2: break;
    default: goto _CALP3;
}

return(-1);
}

int Set_P3_Max()
{
    int _r, _c, _i, _seconds, _minutes;
    time_t _init_t, _end_t, _current_t;
    char _buff[128];
    static char *_s0[4] = {

        "Calibrate Metering Pump",

        "Prepare either a graduated cylinder or a \"tared\" beaker on a
        \"Hit \\x11\\xc4\\xd9 once and direct the pump outlet to a drain.\",
        \"The pump will be activated for 30 seconds to fill the tubes.\"

    };

    static char *_s1[2] = {

        "Direct the outlet of the pump to the graduated cylinder or beak
        \"Hit \\x11\\xc4\\xd9 once and then what ???\"

    };

    /* ----- */
    /* Display calibration instructions */
    /* ----- */

    SBC(_Blue); CLS; _r=2, _c=2;

    STC(_Bright_White);
    LOC(_r,_c); _outtext( _s0[0] );

    STC(_Light_Green);
    LOC(_r+=2,_c); _outtext( _s0[1] );
    LOC(++_r,_c); _outtext( _s0[2] );
    LOC(++_r,_c); _outtext( _s0[3] );
    LOC(_r+=2,_c);

    /* ----- */
    /* Wait for CR */
    /* ----- */

```

```

/* ----- */
do
    _i=gc();
while
    (_i!=CR);

/* ----- */
/*      Fill tubes for 30 seconds      */
/* ----- */

time( &_init_t );
_init_t += 4;
_end_t = _init_t + (time_t)_FILL_TUBES_P3;

_displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);
STC(_Light_Cyan);

do{
    time( &_current_t );
    LOC(_r,_c);
    _outtext( (_current_t & 1) ? "*" : " " );
}

while
    ( (_current_t != _init_t) && !kbhit() );

SetP3( rp3_max );

do{
    LOC(_r,_c);
    sprintf( _buff, " 0:%02ld", _end_t-time( &_current_t ) );
    _outtext(_buff);
}

while
    ( (_end_t != _current_t) && !kbhit() );

SetP3( 0.0 );

_displaycursor(_GCURSORON);

/* ----- */
/*      Display instructions for filling the beaker      */
/* ----- */

_r+=2;

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC(_r,_c); _outtext( _s1[0] );
LOC(++_r,_c); _outtext( _s1[1] );

/* ----- */
/*      Wait for CR      */
/* ----- */

```

```

do
    _i=gc();
while
    (_i!=CR);

/* ----- */
/*      Wait 4 seconds before starting      */
/* ----- */

_r+=2;  STC(_Light_Cyan);

time( &_init_t );
_init_t += 4;

_end_t = _init_t + (time_t)_FILL_BEAKER_P3;

_displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);

do{
    time( &_current_t );
    LOC(_r,_c);
    _outtext( (_current_t & 1) ? "*" : " " );
}

while
    ( (_init_t != _current_t) && !kbhit() );

/* ----- */
/*      Start      */
/* ----- */

SetP3( rp3_max );

do{
    _seconds = _end_t - time( &_current_t );
    _minutes = _seconds / 60;
    _seconds -= _minutes * 60;
    LOC(_r,_c);
    sprintf( _buff, "%2d:%02d", _minutes, _seconds );
    _outtext(_buff);
}

while
    ( (_current_t != _end_t) && !kbhit() );

SetP3( 0.0 );

_displaycursor(_GCURSORON);

/* ----- */
/*      Ask how much fluid was pumped      */
/* ----- */

_r+=2;

```

```

    STC(_Light_Green);
    LOC(_r++,_c);
    _outtext( "How much fluid was pumped (ml) ?:" );

    _VP3:
    LOC(_r,_c); STC(_Black); SBC(_Light_Cyan);
    switch( GetFloat( &p3_vol, 10, _NEW ) ){
        case 0:          break;
        case ESC:        break;
        default:         goto _VP3;
    }

    /* ----- */
    /*      Calculate rp3_max      */
    /* ----- */

    rp3_max = ( p3_vol * 60.0 ) / _FILL_BEAKER_P3;

    SBC(_Blue);

    LOC(_r+=2,_c); STC(_Bright_White); _outtext("RP3_MAX changed to:");
    sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", rp3_max );
    STC(_Light_Cyan); _outtext(_buff);

    while(kbhit());
    gc();
    return(-1);

}

float  _h4[1000];

int    Cal_PS()
{

    int      _i, _j, _x, _y, _plot;
    char      _buff[128];
    time_t    _t0, _t1;
    float      _new_h4, _old_h4, _delta_h4;
    FILE      *_fp;
    struct videoconfig _vc;

    /*
    printf( "video mode: ");
    scanf( "%d", &_i );
    */

    /*
    for( _i=32; ; --_i){
        _setvideomode(_i);
        _getvideoconfig(&_vc);
    }
    */

```

```

        if( (_vc.numtextcols != 0) && (_vc.numxpixels != 0) )
            break;
    }
*/

_setvideomode(16);
_getvideoconfig(&_vc);

SBC(_Blue); CLS;
_setcolor((short)_Bright_White);

h4adc.n = 5000;
_displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);

SetP4( rp4_max );
time( &_t1 );
_t1 += 1;

/* ----- */
/*      Restart Here      */
/* ----- */

RESTART_X:

/*
_plot=-1;
_x=0;
_setcolor(_Blue);
CLS;
_floodfill( 10, 10, _Bright_White );
STC( _Light_Green );
LOC( 25, 1 );
_outtext( "<F1=Restart> <F2=Save to File> <Esc=Quit>" );
_setcolor(_Bright_White);
*/

for( _plot=0, _x=0, _i=0; _i != -1; ){

    /* ----- */
    /*      Wait for Timer      */
    /* ----- */

    do
        time( &_t0 );

    while
        (_t0 != _t1);

    _t1 = _t0 + 1;

    /* ----- */
    /*      Collect Data      */
    /* ----- */

    ReadADC( &h4adc );

```



```

_old_h4 = _new_h4;
_new_h4 = ( h4adc.volts - .996 ) * 5.0 / 3.984;
_delta_h4 = _new_h4 - _old_h4;

/* ----- */
/*   Print to Screen   */
/* ----- */

if( !_plot ){

    LOC( 10, 5 );
    sprintf( _buff, "New H4:      %10.3f", _new_h4 );
    _outtext( _buff );

    LOC( 11, 5 );
    sprintf( _buff, "Old H4:      %10.3f", _old_h4 );
    _outtext( _buff );

    LOC( 12, 5 );
    sprintf( _buff, "Delta H4:  %10.3f", _delta_h4 );
    _outtext( _buff );

}

/* ----- */
/*   Plot to Screen   */
/* ----- */

if( _plot && ( _i < _vc.numxpixels ) ){

    _h4[_i++] = _new_h4;

    _y = ( ( 4.0 - _new_h4 ) / 4.0 ) * (float)_vc.numypixels;

    if( _y > _vc.numypixels )
        _y = _vc.numypixels;

    if( _y < 0 )
        _y = 0;

    if( _plot == -2 )
        _lineto( _x++, _y );

    else{
        _moveto( _x++, _y );
        _plot = -2;
    }

}

/* ----- */
/*   Check for KB Hit   */
/* ----- */

```

```

if( kbhit() ){
    switch( gc() ){
        case CR:  _plot=-1;
                  _x=0;
                  _setcolor((short)_Blue);
                  CLS;
                  _floodfill( 10, 10, (short)_Bright_White );
                  STC( _Light_Green );
                  SBC(_Blue);
                  LOC( 25, 1 );
                  _outtext( "<F1=Restart> <F2=Save to File> <Esc"
                  _setcolor((short)_Bright_White);
                  break;

        case ESC: _fp = fopen( "h4.dat", "wt" );

                  for( _j=0; _j<_i; ++_j ){
                      fprintf( _fp, "%d, %f\n", _j, _h4[_j] );
                  }

                  fclose( _fp );

                  _i = -1;

                  break;

        default:  break;
    }
}

_setvideomode( _DEFAULTMODE );

_displaycursor(_GCURSORON);
return( -1 );

}

int Calibrate_Pressure_Sensor()
{
    int      _i, _r, _c;
    float     _v_hi, _v_lo;
    struct    rccoord _rc;
    char      _buff[128];

    static char  *_s0[9] = {

```

```

"      Pressure Sensor Calibration",

"  The pressure sensor may be calibrated by letting the tube",
"section just above the sensor fill with slurry while pump P4",
"is stopped.  Once the tube is full, the slurry flow into the",
"tube should be diverted to a drain.  Then striking [\x11\x04\x0d",
"activate pump P4 at maximum speed.  As the level H4 drops, the",
"user should strike [\x11\x04\x0d] twice more.  The first time w",
"the level passes the 4\" mark of H4 and the second when it pass",
"the 1\" mark of h4.\"    );

static char    *_s1[3] = {

"  When the H4 tube is full and flow into it",
"has been diverted, strike [\x11\x04\x0d] to start pump",
"P4 and begin the calibration process.\" );

static char    *_s2[2] = {

"  Strike [\x11\x04\x0d] when the slurry level",
"passes th 4\" mark. \" );

static char    *_s3[2] = {

"  Now strike [\x11\x04\x0d] when the slurry level",
"passes the 1\" mark. \" );

_BOX pressbox = { 2,

                {      "      Calibrate Pressure Sensor      ",
                      "      Exit      " },
                _Black, _White,
                { "" },
                -1, -1,
                0, 1, (80-(67-34))/2, 0
                };

/* ----- */
/*      Display calibrate Pressure Sensor Options      */
/* ----- */

_DISPPSOPTIONS:

SBC(_Blue); CLS;

_r=2, _c=10;

STC(_Bright_White);
LOC(_r,_c); _outtext(_s0[0]);

STC(_Light_Green);
for(_i=1, _r+=2; _i<=8; ++_i ){
    LOC(_r++, _c );
    _outtext( _s0[_i] );
}

```

```

    }

    pressbox.row = ++_r;
    pressbox.col = _c;

    /* ----- */
    /*      Switch option      */
    /* ----- */

    _CALPS:

    switch( PrintBox( &pressbox ) ){

        case 0:          _r = pressbox.row + pressbox.nstrings + 4;

                        STC(_Bright_White);
                        for(_i=0; _i<=2; ++_i ){
                            LOC(_r+_i,_c);
                            _outtext(_s1[_i]);
                        }

                        /* ----- */
                        /*      Wait for First CR      */
                        /* ----- */

                        while( gc() != CR );

                        SetP4( rp4_max );

                        STC(_Blue);
                        for(_i=0; _i<=2; ++_i ){
                            LOC(_r+_i,_c);
                            _outtext(_s1[_i]);
                        }

                        STC(_Bright_White);
                        for(_i=0; _i<=1; ++_i ){
                            LOC(_r+_i,_c);
                            _outtext(_s2[_i]);
                        }

                        /* ----- */
                        /*      Wait for CR at 4" mark      */
                        /* ----- */

                        _rc = _gettextposition();
                        _rc.col += 7;

                        h4adc.n = 1000;
                        ReadADC( &h4adc );

                        while( !kbhit() ){
                            ReadADC( &h4adc ); _v_hi = h4adc.volts;
                            LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );
                            STC( _Light_Cyan );
                        }
    }

```

```

        sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", h4adc.volts );
        _outtext( _buff );
    }

    gc();

    STC( _Blue );
    for( _i=0; _i<=1; ++_i ){
        LOC( _r+_i, _c );
        _outtext( _s2[_i] );
    }

    STC( _Bright_White );
    for( _i=0; _i<=1; ++_i ){
        LOC( _r+_i, _c );
        _outtext( _s3[_i] );
    }

    /* ----- */
    /*      Wait for CR at 1" mark      */
    /* ----- */

    while( gc() != CR );

    ReadADC( &h4adc ); _v_lo = h4adc.volts;

    STC( _Blue );
    for( _i=0; _i<=1; ++_i ){
        LOC( _r+_i, _c );
        _outtext( _s3[_i] );
    }

    SetP4( 0.0 );
    Calc_H4_Slope_Offset( _v_hi, _v_lo );
    goto _CALPS;

    case 1:      break;

    }

return(-1);

}

int Calc_H4_Slope_Offset( float _v_hi, float _v_lo )
{

    char    _buff[128];
    float   _old_mh4, _old_bh4;

    /* ----- */
    /*      Calculate Calibration Constants      */
    /* ----- */

```

```

_old_mh4 = mh4;
_old_bh4 = bh4;

mh4 = ( 4.0 - 1.0 ) / ( _v_hi - _v_lo );
bh4 = 1.0 - _v_lo * mh4;

STC(_Bright_White); CLS;
sprintf( _buff,
        "_v_lo: %.3f    _v_hi: %.3f    mh4: %.3f    bh4: %.3f",
        _v_lo, _v_hi, mh4, bh4 );
LOC(1,1);
_outtext( _buff );
gc();

Write_H4_File();

sprintf( _buff, "mh4 changed from %.3f to %.3f", _old_mh4, mh4 )
LogSA(_buff);
sprintf( _buff, "bh4 changed from %.3f to %.3f", _old_bh4, bh4 )
LogSA(_buff);

return(-1);

}

int Calibrate_Opacity_Probe()
{

int          _i, _r, _c, _stat;
int          _row[16], _col[16], _valid[16];
char         _buff[128];
float        _entries[16];

_BOX calopacbox = { 2,

                    {
                        "    Calibrate Opacity Meter    ",
                        "                Exit                ",
                        _Black, _White,
                        { "" },
                        -1, -1,
                        0, 1, (80-(65-34))/2, 0
                    }
                };

/* ----- */
/*      Initialize Arrays      */
/* ----- */

for( _i=0; _i<=15; _i+=2 ){
    _row[_i] = 7 + _i;
    _row[_i+1] = 7 + _i;
    _col[_i] = 10;
    _col[_i+1] = 32;
}

```

```

for( _i=0; _i<16; _i+=2 ){
    _entries[_i] = xsolids[_i/2];
    _entries[_i+1] = ysignal[_i/2];
    _valid[_i] = TRUE;
    _valid[_i+1] = TRUE;
}

/* ----- */
/*      Display Screen Text      */
/* ----- */

SBC( _Blue );      CLS;

calopacbox.row = 2;
calopacbox.col = 10;

_CALOPACOPTION:

switch( PrintBox( &calopacbox ) ){

    case 0:          break;

    case 1:          return(0);

    default:         goto _CALOPACOPTION;

}

/* ----- */
/*      Print Headers      */
/* ----- */

SBC( _Blue ); CLS;

STC( _Light_Cyan );
LOC( _r=2, _c=10 );
_outtext( "Input 8 pairs of X, Y data:" );

STC( _Bright_White );
LOC( _r+=2, _c ); _outtext( "      X      " );
LOC( _r, _c+22 ); _outtext( "      Y      " );

STC( _Light_Green );
LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "Percent Solids" );
LOC( _r, _c+22 ); _outtext( "Log Ratio Volts" );

/* ----- */
/*      Display Active Keys      */
/* ----- */

LOC( 23, _col[0] );
STC( _Bright_White ); SBC( _Blue );
_outtext( "< TAB = Next Cell > < SHIFT_TAB = Previous Cell > " );
LOC( 24, _col[0] );

```

```

_outtext( "< CR = Accept >          < F1 = Accept All > " );

SetActiveKeys( TAB, SHIFT_TAB, FKEY1 );

/* ----- */
/*      Display Current X, Y Values      */
/* ----- */

SBC( _Light_Cyan );
STC( _Black );

for( _i=0; _i<16; ++_i ){
    LOC( _row[_i], _col[_i] );
    if( _valid[_i] == TRUE )
        sprintf( _buff, "%-10f", _entries[_i] );
    else
        sprintf( _buff, "          " );
    _outtext(_buff);
}

/* ----- */
/*      Get X, Y Data                    */
/* ----- */

for( _i=0; ; ){
    _NEXTENTRY:

    LOC( _row[_i], _col[_i] );

    _stat = GetFloat( &_entries[_i], 10,
        ( _valid[_i] == TRUE ) ? _REPLACE : _NEW );

    switch( _stat ){
        case ESC:
            SBC(_Blue);
            CLS;
            return(-1);

        case 0:
            _valid[_i] = TRUE;

            if( ++_i == 16 )
                _i=0;

            goto _NEXTENTRY;

        case TAB:
            if( ++_i == 16 )
                _i=0;

            goto _NEXTENTRY;

        case SHIFT_TAB:
            if( --_i == -1 )
                _i=15;

            goto _NEXTENTRY;
    }
}

```



```

case FKEY1:      for( _i=0; _i<=7; ++_i ){
                  xsolids[_i] = _entries[_i*2];
                  ysignal[_i] = _entries[_i*2+1];
                  }

                  Write_Opacity_File();
                  LogSA( "Opacity Meter X, Y Table Entered

                  SBC(_Blue);
                  CLS;
                  return(-1);

default:         goto _NEXTENTRY;

                }

            }

```



```

/* *****
/*  Files.C DOE S&ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
/*  *****

#include      < Stdio.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < String.H >
#include      < StdLib.H >
#include      < Ctype.H >
#include      < Dos.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

#define      N_RESERVED_FILES 8

char      *reserved_file_name[N_RESERVED_FILES] = { "H4.",
                                                    "P3.",
                                                    "P4.",
                                                    "OP.",
                                                    "LOG.",
                                                    "SA.EXE",
                                                    "OPACCAL.PRN",
                                                    "CALDATA.PRN"

int      Read_Files()
{
    Read_H4_File();
    Read_P3_File();
    Read_P4_File();
    Read_Opacity_File();

    return(-1);
}

int      Write_Files()
{
    Write_H4_File();
    Write_P3_File();
    Write_P4_File();
    Write_Opacity_File();

    return(-1);
}

int      LogSA( char *_s )
{
    char      _buff[128], _file[128];
    struct    dosdate_t _date;
    struct    dostime_t _time;

```

```

FILE      *_lg;

/* ***** */
/*      return(-1);      */
/* ***** */

/* ----- */
/*      Form File Name from Date      */
/* ----- */

_dos_getdate( &_date );

sprintf( _file, "%02d%02d%02d.Log", _date.month, _date.day, ( _d

/* ----- */
/*      If it doesn't exist, initialize      */
/* ----- */

if( access( _file, 0 ) != 0 ){
    _lg = fopen( _file, "at" );

    if( _lg == NULL ){
        SBC(_Blue); STC(_Bright_White);
        LOC(1,1);
        _outtext( "Cannot Open \"%s\"", _file );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    DateTimeString( _buff );

    fprintf( _lg, "DOE Sulfur & Ash\n" );
    fprintf( _lg, "Log File < %s >\n", _file );
    fprintf( _lg, "%s\n\n", _buff );

}

/* ----- */
/*      Else open for "Append Text"      */
/* ----- */

else{
    _lg = fopen( _file, "at" );

    if( _lg == NULL ){
        SBC(_Blue); STC(_Bright_White);
        LOC(1,1);
        _outtext( "Cannot Open \"%s\"", _file );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

}

```

```

    _dos_gettime( &_time );
    sprintf( _buff, "%02d:%02d:%02d - ",      _time.hour,
                                                    _time.minute,
                                                    _time.second );

    fprintf( _lg, "%s%s\n", _buff, _s );
    fclose(_lg);

    return(-1);
}

int Read_H4_File()
{
    FILE      *_h4;
    char      _strng[83];
    int       _i;

    _h4 = fopen( "H4.", "rt" );

    if( _h4 == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"H4.\"" );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    while( !feof(_h4) ){

        fgets( _strng, 80, _h4 );

        /*
        for( _i=0; _strng[_i] != 0x0a; ++_i );
        _strng[_i] = '\0';

        printf( "\n<%s>\t", _strng );
        */

        if( strncmp( _strng, "MH4", 3 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &mh4 );
            /* printf( "MH4 = %f", mh4 ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strncmp( _strng, "BH4", 3 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &bh4 );
            /* printf( "BH4 = %f", bh4 ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strncmp( _strng, "LH4_LO_LIMIT", 10 ) == 0 ){

```

```

        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &lh4_lo_limit );
        /* printf( "LH4_LO_LIMIT = %f", lh4_lo_limit ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "LH4_HI_LIMIT", 12 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &lh4_hi_limit );
        /* printf( "LH4_HI_LIMIT = %f", lh4_hi_limit ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "LH4_TARGET", 10 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &lh4_target );
        /* printf( "LH4_TARGET = %f", lh4_target ); */
        continue;
    }

    }

    lh4_lo_limit = lh4_target - 0.1;
    lh4_hi_limit = lh4_target + 0.1;

    fclose(_h4);

    return(-1);

}

int Write_H4_File()
{
    FILE      *_h4;

    _h4 = fopen( "H4.", "wt" );

    if( _h4 == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"H4.\"");
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    fprintf( _h4, "MH4                %f\n", mh4                );
    fprintf( _h4, "BH4                %f\n", bh4                );
    /*
    fprintf( _h4, "LH4_LO_LIMIT        %f\n", lh4_lo_limit        );
    fprintf( _h4, "LH4_HI_LIMIT        %f\n", lh4_hi_limit        );
    */
    fprintf( _h4, "LH4_TARGET            %f\n", lh4_target            );

    fclose(_h4);

    return(-1);
}

```

```

}

int Read_P3_File()
{
    FILE      *_p3;
    char      _strng[83];
    int       _i;

    _p3 = fopen( "P3.", "rt" );

    if( _p3 == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"P3.\"\" );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    while( !feof(_p3) ){

        fgets( _strng, 80, _p3 );

        /*
        for( _i=0; _strng[_i] != 0x0a; ++_i );
        _strng[_i] = '\0';

        printf( "\n<%s>\t", _strng );
        */

        if( strcmp( _strng, "MP3", 3 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &mp3 );
            /* printf( "MP3 = %f", mp3 ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strcmp( _strng, "BP3", 3 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &bp3 );
            /* printf( "BP3 = %f", bp3 ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strcmp( _strng, "RP3_MAX", 7 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &rp3_max );
            /* printf( "RP3_MAX = %f", rp3_max ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strcmp( _strng, "RP3_LO_SET", 10 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &rp3_lo_set );
            /* printf( "RP3_LO_SET = %f", rp3_lo_set ); */
            continue;
        }

        if( strcmp( _strng, "RP3_HI_SET", 10 ) == 0 ){

```

```

        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &rp3_hi_set );
        /* printf( "RP3_HI_SET = %f", rp3_hi_set ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "RP3_FLUSH_BITS", 14 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &rp3_flush_bits );
        /* printf( "RP3_FLUSH_BITS = %d", rp3_flush_bits ); */
        continue;
    }

    }

fclose(_p3);

return(-1);

}

int Write_P3_File()
{

    FILE      *_p3;

    _p3 = fopen( "P3.", "wt" );

    if( _p3 == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"P3.\"" );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    fprintf( _p3, "MP3                %f\n", mp3                );
    fprintf( _p3, "BP3                %f\n", bp3                );
    fprintf( _p3, "RP3_MAX              %f\n", rp3_max            );
    fprintf( _p3, "RP3_LO_SET            %f\n", rp3_lo_set            );
    fprintf( _p3, "RP3_HI_SET            %f\n", rp3_hi_set            );
    fprintf( _p3, "RP3_FLUSH_BITS        %d\n", rp3_flush_bits        );

    fclose(_p3);

    return(-1);

}

int Read_P4_File()
{

    FILE      *_p4;
    char      _strng[83];
    int       _i;

    _p4 = fopen( "P4.", "rt" );

```



```

if( _p4 == NULL ){
    CLS;
    STC(_Bright_White);
    _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"P4.\"");
    gc();
    LeaveSa(1);
}

while( !feof(_p4) ){

    fgets( _strng, 80, _p4 );

    /*
    for( _i=0; _strng[_i] != 0x0a; ++_i );
    _strng[_i] = '\0';

    printf( "\n<%s>\t", _strng );
    */

    if( strncmp( _strng, "MP4", 3 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &mp4 );
        /* printf( "MP4 = %f", mp4 ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "BP4", 3 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &bp4 );
        /* printf( "BP4 = %f", bp4 ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "RP4_MAX", 7 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &rp4_max );
        /* printf( "RP4_MAX = %f", rp4_max ); */
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "RP4_TARGET", 10 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &rp4_target );
        /* printf( "RP4_TARGET = %f", rp4_target ); */
        continue;
    }

}

fclose(_p4);

return(-1);

}

int Write_P4_File()
{

```

```

FILE      *_p4;

_p4 = fopen( "P4.", "wt" );

if( _p4 == NULL ){
    CLS;
    STC(_Bright_White);
    _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"P4.\"\" );
    gc();
    LeaveSa(1);
}

fprintf( _p4, "MP4          %f\n", mp4          );
fprintf( _p4, "BP4          %f\n", bp4          );
fprintf( _p4, "RP4_MAX      %f\n", rp4_max       );
fprintf( _p4, "RP4_TARGET  %f\n", rp4_target    );

fclose(_p4);

return(-1);
}

int Read_Opacity_File()
{
    FILE      *_op;
    char      _strng[83];
    int       _i;

    _op = fopen( "Op.", "rt" );

    if( _op == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"Op.\"\" );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    while( !feof(_op) ){

        fgets( _strng, 80, _op );

        if( strncmp( _strng, "XY", 2 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( &_strng[2], "%d ", &_i );
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f %f ", &xsolids[_i], &ysignal[_i] );
            continue;
        }

        if( strncmp( _strng, "INCREASE_P3", 11 ) == 0 ){
            sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &increase_p3_t );
            continue;
        }

        if( strncmp( _strng, "READ_BACKGROUND", 15 ) == 0 ){

```

```

        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &background_t );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "READ_OPACITY", 12 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &read_opacity_t );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "FLUSH", 5 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &flush_t );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "DECREASE_P3", 11 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %d ", &decrease_p3_t );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "OPACITY_WEIGHT", 14 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &opacity_weight );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "PERCENT_SOLIDS", 14 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &percent_solids );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "P4_CAL_RATE", 11 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &p4_cal_rate );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "B0", 2 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &b0 );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "B1", 2 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &b1 );
        continue;
    }

    if( strncmp( _strng, "B2", 2 ) == 0 ){
        sscanf( _strng, "%*s %f ", &b2 );
        continue;
    }

}

fclose(_op);
return(-1);
}

```

```

int Write_Opacity_File()
{
    FILE      *_op;
    int        _i;

    _op = fopen( "Op.", "wt" );

    if( _op == NULL ){
        CLS;
        STC(_Bright_White);
        _outtext( "ERROR Opening \"Op.\"" );
        gc();
        LeaveSa(1);
    }

    for( _i=0; _i<8; ++_i )
        fprintf( _op, "XY%d %f %f\n", _i, xsolids[_i], ysignal[_i] );

    fprintf( _op, "INCREASE_P3           %d\n", increase_p3_t );
    fprintf( _op, "READ_BACKGROUND      %d\n", background_t );
    fprintf( _op, "READ_OPACITY          %d\n", read_opacity_t );
    fprintf( _op, "FLUSH                 %d\n", flush_t );
    fprintf( _op, "DECREASE_P3          %d\n", decrease_p3_t );
    fprintf( _op, "OPACITY_WEIGHT       %f\n", opacity_weight );
    fprintf( _op, "PERCENT_SOLIDS       %f\n", percent_solids );
    fprintf( _op, "P4_CAL_RATE          %f\n", p4_cal_rate );
    fprintf( _op, "B0                   %f\n", b0 );
    fprintf( _op, "B1                   %f\n", b1 );
    fprintf( _op, "B2                   %f\n", b2 );

    fclose(_op);

    return(-1);
}

int Is_Reserved_File( char *_f )
{

```

```

    int        _i;

    char        _fdrive[_MAX_DRIVE], _fdir[_MAX_DIR];
    char        _fname[_MAX_FNAME], _fext[_MAX_EXT];

    char        _rdrive[_MAX_DRIVE], _rdir[_MAX_DIR];
    char        _rname[_MAX_FNAME], _rext[_MAX_EXT];

    _splitpath( _f, _fdrive, _fdir, _fname, _fext );

    for( _i=0; (_fext[_i]!='\0'); ++_i ){
        if( _isspace( _fext[_i] ) ){
            _fext[_i] = '\0';
            break;
        }
    }

```

```

    }
}

if( strlen( _fext ) == 0 )
    strcpy( _fext, "." );

for( _i=0; ( _fname[_i]!='\0' ); ++_i ){
    if( isspace( _fname[_i] ) ){
        _fname[_i] = '\0';
        break;
    }
}

for( _i=0; _i<N_RESERVED_FILES; ++_i ){
    _splitpath( reserved_file_name[_i], _rdrive, _rdir, _rname, _r
    if( (strcmp( _fname, _rname )==0) && (strcmp( _fext, _r
        return(-1);
    }
}

return(0);
}

```



```

/*****
/*
/*      GRAPHS.C
/*      DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
*****/
#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Keys.H >
#include      < Malloc.H >
#include      < ConIo.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

int      Scope( _ADC *_b );

      _BOX _plotbox =          { 4,
                                {
                                    "      Pressure Sensor      ",
                                    "      Opacity Meter      ",
                                    "      Aux.              ",
                                    "      Return to Main Menu  "
                                },
                                _Black, _White,
                                { "Plots:" },
                                _Light_Cyan, -1,
                                0, 12, ( 80 - ( 65 - 42 ) ) / 2.0, 0

int      Plot()
{
    while( -1 ){
        _setvideomode( _DEFAULTMODE );
        SBC(_Blue); STC(_White); CLS; Start_Up_Message();
        SetActiveKeys(0);
        switch( PrintBox( &_plotbox ) ){
            case 0:      Scope( &h4adc );
                        break;

            case 1:      Scope( &opadc );
                        break;

            case 2:      Scope( &aux );
                        break;

            case ESC:
            case 3:      CLS;
                        return(-1);

```

```

        default:    break;

    }

}

int Scope( _ADC *_b )
{

    struct videoconfig    _vc;
    int                    _i, _j, _k, _n, _key, *_points, *_lookup

    /* ----- */
    /*      Set video mode to highest possible      */
    /* ----- */

    _vc.mode = 64;

    while( !_setvideomode( --_vc.mode ) );

    _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );

    _getvideoconfig( &_vc );

    _setcolor( (short)_Blue );
    _floodfill( 1, 1, (short)_Bright_White );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Allocate Memory                          */
    /* ----- */

    _points = malloc( sizeof(int) * _vc.numxpixels * 8 );
    _lookup = malloc( sizeof(int) * 4096 );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Fill in Lookup Table                    */
    /* ----- */

    for( _i=0; _i<4096; ++_i ){
        _lookup[_i] = (4095.0 - (float)_i) * ((float)_vc.numypixels /

    /* ----- */
    /*      Draw Y Scale                            */
    /* ----- */

    /*
    _setcolor( _Light_Green );

    for( _i = _vc.numypixels - 1; _i > 0; --_i ){

```



```

    _setpixel(0,_i);
    _setpixel(_vc.numxpixels-1,_i);

    if( (_i%8) == 0 ){

        for( _j=1; _j<10; ++_j ){
            _setpixel( _j, _i );
            _setpixel( _vc.numxpixels-10+_j, _i );
        }

    }

}

*/

/* ----- */
/*      Select Gain & Channel for FastReadADC()      */
/* ----- */

#ifdef ADC_INSTALLED
    outp( ADC_CONTROL, _b->channel );
    outp( ADC_GAIN_CONTROL, _b->gain );
#endif

/* ----- */
/*      Loop      */
/* ----- */

for( _key = CR-1, _n = 1; _key != CR; ){

    /*-----*/
    for( _i=0; _i<_vc.numxpixels; ++_i ){
        _setcolor(_Blue);
        _setpixel(_i,_points[_i]);
        _points[_i] = _lookup[ FastReadADC() ];
        _setcolor(_Bright_White);
        _setpixel(_i,_points[_i]);
    }
    /*-----*/

    /*
    _i      0 to x      inc 1      */
    /*
    _j      0 to 4      inc 1      */
    /*
    _k      0 to 4 * x  inc 4      */

    for( _i=0, _k=0; _i<_vc.numxpixels; ++_i, _k += _n ){
        for( _j=0; _j<_n; ++_j ){
            _setcolor((short)_Blue);
            _setpixel( _i, _points[ _k + _j ] );

            _points[ _k + _j ] = _lookup[ FastReadADC() ];

            _setcolor((short)_Bright_White);
            _setpixel( _i, _points[ _k + _j ] );
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    }

    if( kbhit() ){
        switch( _key = gc() ){

            case FKEY3:
            case FKEY4:
                for( _i=0, _k=0, _setcolor((short)_Blue)
                    for( _j=0; _j<_n; ++_j ){
                        _setpixel( _i, _points[ _k + _j ] );
                    }

                if( ( _key == FKEY3 ) && ( _n > 1 ) ){
                    --_n;
                    break;
                }

                if( ( _key == FKEY4 ) && ( _n < 8 ) ){
                    ++_n;
                    break;
                }

            case CR:
                break;

        }
    }

    }

    /* ----- */
    /*      Return      */
    /* ----- */

    _setvideomode(_DEFAULTMODE);
    _displaycursor( _G_CURSORON );

    SBC(_Blue);
    CLS;

    free( _points );
    free( _lookup );

    return(-1);

}

```



```

/* *****
/*
/*      Operate.C
/*      DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
/* *****

#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Keys.H >
#include      < StdIo.H >
#include      < Conio.H >
#include      < String.H >
#include      < CType.H >
#include      < Dos.H >
#include      < Math.H >
#include      < Time.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

#define _P4_WEIGHT 10.0
#define _P4_UPDATE_RATE 2.0
#define _P4_UPDATE_PERCENT 0.75
#define _P4_TOLERANCE 0.16
#define _CONE_RADIUS 1.0
#define _DELTA_H4_M 0.1884
#define _H4_WEIGHT 25.0

#define _READ_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE 8
#define _WRITE_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE 9
#define _CURRENT_VIDEO_STATE 15
#define _VIDEO_INT 0x10
#define _BLACK_ON_WHITE 0x70
#define _WHITE_ON_BLACK 0xf

extern char    test_title[];

#define _BARGR_MIN 1
#define _BARGR_MAX 75
#define _BARGR_LO_SET 18
#define _BARGR_TARGET 38
#define _BARGR_HI_SET 56

#define _BARGR_WIDTH 77

#ifndef YES
#define YES -1
#endif

#ifndef NO
#define NO 0
#endif

int    Read_Opacity(    int    _volts_row,

```



```

static char      *_s0[6] = {

    " The sampling system should be operating and the level of the"
    "fluid at \"H4\" should be between the limits of min and max val"
    "of H4 printed above.  If it is not, please bring it within thes"
    "limits by diverting the supply tube and/or opening the hand ope"
    "drain, Then hit [\x11\xc4\xd9] - The computer now believes the"
    "of H4 to be: " );

/* ----- */
/*      Write to Log File      */
/* ----- */

LogSA( "Operate Mode -----" );

sprintf( _buff, " P3 Max.          = %.3f mL/min.", rp3_max );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " P3 High          = %.3f mL/min.", rp3_hi_set );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " P3 Low           = %.3f mL/min.", rp3_lo_set );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " P4 Max.          = %.3f mL/min.", rp4_max );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " Inc. P3           = %d sec.", increase_p3_t );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " Read Bckgrnd = %d sec.", background_t );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " Read Opacity = %d sec.", read_opacity_t );
LogSA( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, " Flush              = %d sec.", flush_t );
LogSA( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Print Start Up Message      */
/* ----- */

SBC(_Blue); STC(_White); CLS; Start_Up_Message();
_rc[0] = _gettextposition(); _r=_rc[0].row; _c=_rc[0].col;

/* ----- */
/*      Print Test Title, Date & Time      */
/* ----- */

STC(_Light_Cyan);
LOC( _r, ( 80 - strlen( test_title ) ) / 2 );
_outtext(test_title);

```

```

DateTimeString( _buff );
STC(_Light_Cyan);
LOC(_r+1, ( 80 - strlen( _buff ) ) / 2 ); _outtext( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Print Parameters      */
/* ----- */

_r+=3;
_c=10;

STC(_Bright_White);
LOC(_r++,_c+2);
_outtext( "Parameters have been set to: " );

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC(_r++,_c);
_outtext( "Metering pump P3 background flow rate: " );
sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", rp3_lo_set );
STC(_Bright_White); _outtext(_buff);
STC(_Light_Green); _outtext( " ml/min. " );

LOC(_r++,_c);
_outtext( "Metering pump P3 opacity reading flow rate: " );
sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", rp3_hi_set );
STC(_Bright_White); _outtext(_buff);
STC(_Light_Green); _outtext( " ml/min." );

LOC(_r++,_c);
_outtext( "Peristaltic pump P4 expected average flow rate: " );
sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", rp4_target );
STC(_Bright_White); _outtext(_buff);
STC(_Light_Green); _outtext( " ml/min." );

LOC(_r++,_c);
_outtext( "Minimum value of H4: " );
sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", lh4_lo_limit );
STC(_Bright_White); _outtext(_buff);
STC(_Light_Green); _outtext( " inches" );

LOC(_r++,_c);
_outtext( "Maximum value of H4: " );
sprintf( _buff, "%.3f", lh4_hi_limit );
STC(_Bright_White); _outtext(_buff);
STC(_Light_Green); _outtext( " inches" );

LOC(++_r,_c);
STC(_Bright_White);
_outtext( "< Press any key to continue >" );

gc();

/* ----- */
/*      Adjust H4 fluid level      */
/* ----- */

```

```

STC(_Light_Green);

for( _i=0; _i<6; ++_i ){
    LOC(_r++,_c);
    _outtext(_s0[_i]);
}

_rc[0] = _gettextposition();
_outtext("          Inches          ");

_rc[1] = _gettextposition();
_outtext("          Volts" );

SBC(_Blue); STC(_Bright_White);
_displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF);

/* ----- */
/*      Display real-time level      */
/* ----- */

h4adc.n = 1000;

_DISPLREALTIME:

while( !kbhit() ){
    ReadADC( &h4adc );
    /* h4_level = h4adc.volts * mh4 + bh4; */
    h4_level = ( h4adc.volts - .996 ) * ( 5.0 / 3.984 );
    LOC(_rc[0].row,_rc[0].col);
    sprintf( _buff, "%10f", h4_level );
    _outtext( _buff );
    LOC(_rc[1].row,_rc[1].col);
    sprintf( _buff, "%10f", h4adc.volts );
    _outtext( _buff );
}

if( gc() != CR )
    goto _DISPLREALTIME;

/* ===== */
/*      Operate Loop      */
/* ===== */

/* ----- */
/*      Print Header & Labels      */
/* ----- */

SBC(_Blue); STC(_Light_Cyan); CLS; Start_Up_Message();

_rc[0] = _gettextposition();

DateTimeString( _buff );
_rc[3].row = _rc[0].row;
_rc[3].col = ( ( 80.0 - (float)strlen(_buff) ) / 2.0 );

```



```

_r = _rc[3].row + 2;
_c = 5;

_reg.h.ah = _CURRENT_VIDEO_STATE;
int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );
_display_page = _reg.h.bh & 0xff;

STC(_Bright_White);
LOC( _r, _c ); _outtext( "[\x11\x04\xd9] Take an opacity reading
LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "[ESC] Exit" );
_rc[4].row = _r+1; _rc[4].col = _c;
_rc[5].row = _r+1; _rc[5].col = _c+26;

STC(_Light_Green);

LOC( --_r, _c=45 ); _outtext( "H4 Level:      " );
_rc[0] = _gettextposition();
_outtext( "          inches" );

LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "Pump P4 speed: " );
_rc[1] = _gettextposition();
_outtext( "          ml/min" );

LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "Opacity Meter: " );
_rc[2] = _gettextposition();
_outtext( "          volts" );

LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "Solids:      " );
_rc[6] = _gettextposition();

LOC( ++_r, _c ); _outtext( "Valve V1:      " );
_rc[7] = _gettextposition();

SBC(_White); STC(_Black);
for( _i=0, _bargr_row = 16, _bargr_col=((80-_BARGR_WIDTH)/2+1);
    LOC( _bargr_row + _i, _bargr_col ); _outtext( _bargr[_i] );
}

SBC(_Blue); STC(_Light_Magenta);
LOC( _bargr_row - 2, _bargr_col + _BARGR_LO_SET - 7 );
sprintf( _buff, "Lo Set: %.3f\\", lh4_lo_limit );
_outtext( _buff );

LOC( _bargr_row - 2, _bargr_col + _BARGR_TARGET - 7 );
sprintf( _buff, "Target: %.3f\\", lh4_target );
_outtext( _buff );

LOC( _bargr_row - 2, _bargr_col + _BARGR_HI_SET - 7 );
sprintf( _buff, "Hi Set: %.3f\\", lh4_hi_limit );
_outtext( _buff );

STC(_Yellow);
LOC( _bargr_row - 1, _bargr_col + _BARGR_LO_SET );
sprintf( _buff, "%c", 25 );

```

```

_outtext( _buff );

LOC( _bargr_row - 1, _bargr_col + _BARGR_TARGET );
sprintf( _buff, "%c", 25 );
_outtext( _buff );

LOC( _bargr_row - 1, _bargr_col + _BARGR_HI_SET );
sprintf( _buff, "%c", 25 );
_outtext( _buff );

SetP3( rp3_lo_set );
_bar = rp3_lo_set / rp3_max;
_bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_bar += _BARGR_MIN.0;
UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+5, _bargr_col, _bar );

_p4_rate = rp4_target;
_p4_avg = _p4_rate;

SetP4( _p4_rate );

_bar = _p4_rate / rp4_max;
_bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_bar += _BARGR_MIN.0;
UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+3, _bargr_col, _bar );
time( &_last_p4_update );
_next_p4_update = _last_p4_update + (time_t)_P4_UPDATE_RATE;

h4adc.n = 1000;
ReadADC( &h4adc );
/* _h4_old = h4adc.volts * mh4 + bh4; */
_h4_old = ( h4adc.volts - .996 ) * ( 5.0 / 3.984 );

/* ***** */
/*          START OF CONTINUOUS LOOP          */
/* ***** */

_ADJUSTP4:

SBC(_Blue);
STC(_Bright_White);
time( &_loop_start_t );

for( _operate = 0; _operate != ESC; ){

    /* ----- */
    /*          Display Time & Date          */
    /* ----- */

    LOC( _rc[3].row, _rc[3].col );
    STC(_Light_Green); SBC(_Blue);
    DateTimeString( _buff );
    _outtext( _buff );

    /* ----- */

```

```

/*          Read H4          */
/* ----- */

ReadADC( &h4adc );
_h4_new = ( h4adc.volts - .996 ) * ( 5.0 / 3.984 );
h4_level = _h4_new;

/* ----- */
/*          Adjust P4          */
/* ----- */

time( &_current_t );

/*
LOC( 5, 1 ); printf( "current_t: %10ld", _current_t );
LOC( 6, 1 ); printf( "next_p4:    %10ld", _next_p4_update );
*/

if( _current_t == _next_p4_update ){

    /* ----- */
    /*          If H4 is outside limits          */
    /* ----- */

    if( (h4_level > lh4_hi_limit) || (h4_level < lh4_lo_limit) )

        if( h4_level > lh4_hi_limit )
            SetP4( rp4_max );

        else
            SetP4( 0.0 );

    }

    /* ----- */
    /*          If H4 is within limits          */
    /* ----- */

    else{

        GetP4( &_p4_rate );

        /*
        LOC( 1, 1 ); printf( "Old: %10.3f", _h4_old );
        LOC( 2, 1 ); printf( "New: %10.3f", _h4_new );
        */

        /*
        _delta_p4_rate = 2.54 * 60.0 * ( _h4_new - _h4_old ) * 3.1417
        _delta_p4_rate /= ( 3.0 * _P4_UPDATE_RATE );
        _p4_rate += ( _P4_UPDATE_PERCENT * _delta_p4_rate );
        */

        _delta_p4_rate = ( _h4_new - _h4_old ) * 5.0 / _DELTA_H4_M;
        _p4_rate += ( _P4_UPDATE_PERCENT * _delta_p4_rate );
    }
}

```

```

/*
LOC( 5, 1 ); printf( "Corr:%10.3f", _correction );

LOC( 3, 1 ); printf( "P4:  %10.3f", _p4_rate );
LOC( 4, 1 ); printf( "dP4: %10.3f", _delta_p4_rate );
*/

SetP4( _p4_rate );

_p4_avg *= ( _P4_WEIGHT - 1.0 );
_p4_avg += _p4_rate;
_p4_avg /= _P4_WEIGHT;

}

_next_p4_update      = _current_t + (time_t)_P4_UPDATE_RATE;
_last_p4_update      = _current_t;

_h4_old = _h4_new;

}

/* ----- */
/*           Update Screen Data                      */
/* ----- */

STC(_Bright_White); SBC(_Blue);

sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", h4_level );
LOC( _rc[0].row, _rc[0].col );
_outtext( _buff );

GetP4( &_p4_rate );

sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _p4_rate );
LOC( _rc[1].row, _rc[1].col );
_outtext( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*           Update H4 Bar Graph                      */
/* ----- */

_h4_bar = (h4_level - lh4_lo_limit);
_h4_bar *= ( _BARGR_HI_SET.0 - _BARGR_LO_SET.0 );
_h4_bar /= (lh4_hi_limit - lh4_lo_limit);
_h4_bar += _BARGR_LO_SET.0;

if( _h4_bar > _BARGR_MAX )
    _h4_bar = _BARGR_MAX;

if( _h4_bar < _BARGR_MIN )
    _h4_bar = _BARGR_MIN;

UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+1, _bargr_col, _h4_bar );

```

```

/* ----- */
/*           Update P4 Bar Graph           */
/* ----- */

GetP4( &_p4_rate );

_p4_x = _p4_rate / rp4_max;
_p4_x *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_p4_x += _BARGR_MIN.0;

UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+3, _bargr_col, _p4_x );

/* ----- */
/*           Update Opacity Bar Graph       */
/* ----- */

opadc.n = 1000;
ReadADC( &opadc );

opadc.bits -= opadcbk.bits;
opadc.volts -= opadcbk.volts;

_bar = opadc.bits / opadc.fs_bits;
_bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_bar += _BARGR_MIN;

UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+7, _bargr_col, _bar );

LOC( _rc[2].row, _rc[2].col );
sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", opadc.volts );
STC(_Bright_White);
SBC(_Blue);
_outtext(_buff);

/* ----- */
/*           If Keyboard Hit                */
/* ----- */

if( kbhit() ){
    switch( _operate = gc() ){

        case ESC:
            SetP4( _p4_avg );
            _displaycursor(_GCURSORON);
            STC(_Light_Green);
            SBC(_Blue);
            CLS;
            return(-1);

        case CR:
            LogSA( "Reading Opacity -----"

/* ----- */
/*           Set P4 to _p4_avg              */
/* ----- */

```

```

_p4_rate = _p4_avg;
SetP4( _p4_rate );

sprintf( _buff, " P4 set to %.3f mL/min
LogSA( _buff );

_p4_x = _p4_rate / rp4_max;
_p4_x *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 )
_p4_x += _BARGR_MIN.0;

UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+3, _bargr_col

sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _p4_rate );
LOC( _rc[1].row, _rc[1].col );
_outtext( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Increase P3 Flow      */
/* ----- */

SetP3( rp3_hi_set );
_bar = rp3_hi_set / rp3_max;
_bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_bar += _BARGR_MIN.0;
UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+5, _bargr_col

Read_Opacity(      _rc[2].row, _rc[2].col,
                   _rc[3].row, _rc[3].col,
                   _rc[4].row, _rc[4].col,
                   _rc[5].row, _rc[5].col,
                   _bargr_row+7, _bargr_col
                   " P3 flow rate increased
                   increase_p3_t,
                   &opadc );

/* ----- */
/*      Take Background Reading      */
/* ----- */

Read_Opacity(      _rc[2].row, _rc[2].col,
                   _rc[3].row, _rc[3].col,
                   _rc[4].row, _rc[4].col,
                   _rc[5].row, _rc[5].col,
                   _bargr_row+7, _bargr_col
                   " Reading background ",
                   background_t,
                   &opadcbk );

sprintf( _buff, " Background: %.4f",
opadcbk.volts );
LogSA( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Open Valve V1      */
/* ----- */

```

```

/* ----- */
SetV1( _V1_OPEN );
LOC(_rc[7].row,_rc[7].col);
STC(_Yellow); SBC(_Blue);
_outtext( "      Meter" );

/* -----
/*      Read Opacity for 60 Seconds
/* -----

Read_Opacity(    _rc[2].row, _rc[2].col,
                 _rc[3].row, _rc[3].col,
                 _rc[4].row, _rc[4].col,
                 _rc[5].row, _rc[5].col,
                 bargr_row+7, bargr_col,
                 " Reading Opacity ",
                 read_opacity_t,
                 &opadc );

sprintf( _buff, "  Opacity: %.4f", opadc
LogSA( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Calculate Solids      */
/* ----- */

_slds = Opacity_To_Solids( &rp3_hi_set,
                          &p4_rate,
                          &opadc.volts

LOC(_rc[6].row,_rc[6].col);
sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _slds );
_outtext( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Close Valve V1      */
/* ----- */

SetV1( _V1_CLOSE );
LOC(_rc[7].row,_rc[7].col);
STC(_Yellow); SBC(_Blue);
_outtext( "      Drain" );

/* ----- */
/*      Flush for 120 Seconds */
/* ----- */

Read_Opacity(    _rc[2].row, _rc[2].col,
                 _rc[3].row, _rc[3].col,
                 _rc[4].row, _rc[4].col,
                 _rc[5].row, _rc[5].col,
                 bargr_row+7, bargr_col,
                 " Flushing ",
                 flush_t,

```

```

                                &opadc );

/* ----- */
/*      Decrease P3 Flow,      */
/* ----- */

SetP3( rp3_lo_set );

_bar = rp3_lo_set / rp3_max;
_bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
_bar += _BARGR_MIN.0;
UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row+5, _bargr_col

time( &next_p4_update );
_next_p4_update += 1;

break;

default:      break;

    }
}

goto _ADJUSTP4;

}

}

int  Read_Opacity(  int    _volts_row,
                   int    _volts_col,
                   int    _date_row,
                   int    _date_col,
                   int    _msg_row,
                   int    _msg_col,
                   int    _et_row,
                   int    _et_col,
                   int    _bargr_row,
                   int    _bargr_col,
                   char    *_msg,
                   int    _t,
                   _ADC    *_adc
                   )

{

time_t  _end_t, _current_t;
int     _min, _sec;
int     _i;
float   _bar;
char    _buff[128];

/* ----- */
/*      Print Message      */
/* ----- */

```



```

STC( _Bright_White );
SBC( _Red );
LOC( _msg_row, _msg_col );
_outtext( _msg );

time( &_current_t );
_end_t = _current_t + _t;

while( (_end_t - _current_t) > 0 ){

    /* ----- */
    /*   Print Date & Time   */
    /* ----- */

    DateTimeString( _buff );
    STC( _Light_Green );
    SBC( _Blue );
    LOC( _date_row, _date_col );
    _outtext( _buff );

    /* ----- */
    /*   Print Elapsed Time   */
    /* ----- */

    time( &_current_t );

    _min = ( _end_t - _current_t ) / 60.0;
    _sec = ( _end_t - _current_t ) - ( _min * 60 );

    LOC( _et_row, _et_col );
    sprintf( _buff, "%2d:%02d", _min, _sec );
    _outtext( _buff );

    /* ----- */
    /*   Read Opacity         */
    /* ----- */

    _adc -> n = 1000;
    ReadADC( _adc );

    if( _adc != &opadcbk ){
        _adc -> bits -= opadcbk.bits;
        _adc -> volts -= opadcbk.volts;
    }

    _bar = _adc -> bits / _adc -> fs_bits;
    _bar *= ( _BARGR_MAX.0 - _BARGR_MIN.0 );
    _bar += _BARGR_MIN;
    UpdateBarGraph( _bargr_row, _bargr_col, _bar );

    LOC( _volts_row, _volts_col );
    sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _adc->volts );
    STC( _Bright_White );
    SBC( _Blue );
    _outtext( _buff );
}

```

```

        if( kbhit() ){
            gc();
            break;
        }

    }

/* ----- */
/*      Clear Message & Elapsed Time      */
/* ----- */

_i = ( _et_col - _msg_col ) + 5;
_buff[_i--] = '\0';

for( ; _i>=0; --_i )
    _buff[_i] = ' ';

LOC( _msg_row, _msg_col );
SBC( _Blue );
_outtext( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Return                          */
/* ----- */

return(-1);

}

int DateTimeString( char *_s )
{

    struct dosdate_t    _date;
    struct dostime_t    _time;

    static char        *_months[12] = {

        "January", "February", "March", "April",
        "May", "June", "July", "August",
        "September", "October", "November", "December"

    };

    static char        *_day[7] = {

        "Sunday", "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday",
        "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"    };

    _dos_getdate( &_date ); _dos_gettime( &_time );

    sprintf( _s, "%s - %s %d, %d      %02d:%02d:%02d",

                                                    _day[_date.dayofweek],
                                                    _months[_date.month-1],
                                                    _date.day,
                                                    _date.year,

```

```

                                _time.hour,
                                _time.minute,
                                _time.second );

    return(-1);

}

UpdateBarGraph( int _row, int _col, float _p4_x )
{
    union REGS  _reg;
    int         _i, _display_page;

    _reg.h.ah = _CURRENT_VIDEO_STATE;
    int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );
    _display_page = _reg.h.bh & 0xff;

    for( _i = _BARGR_MIN; _i < _p4_x; ++_i ){
        LOC( _row, _col+_i );

        _reg.h.ah = _READ_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE;
        _reg.h.bh = _display_page;
        int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );

        _reg.h.ah = _WRITE_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE;
        _reg.h.bh = _display_page;
        _reg.h.bl = _WHITE_ON_BLACK;
        _reg.x.cx = 1;
        int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );
    }

    for( ; _i <= _BARGR_MAX; ++_i ){
        LOC( _row, _col+_i );

        _reg.h.ah = _READ_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE;
        _reg.h.bh = _display_page;
        int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );

        _reg.h.ah = _WRITE_CHAR_ATTRIBUTE;
        _reg.h.bh = _display_page;
        _reg.h.bl = _BLACK_ON_WHITE;
        _reg.x.cx = 1;
        int86( _VIDEO_INT, &_reg, &_reg );
    }
}

float  Opacity_To_Solids(      float *_P3_rate,
                                float *_P4_rate,
                                float *_opacity      )

```

```

double  _d0, _d1;
float   _solids_f;

/*****

EQUATION 1:


$$Y = A0 + A1 * X + A2 * X^2$$

Y (Opacity) AS A FUNCTION
OF X (% Solids).

EQUATION 2:


$$Y = B0 + B1 * (X - B2)^2$$

SAME EQUATION, DIFFERENT FORM.

EQUATION 3:


$$X = B2 \pm ((Y - B0) / B1)^{0.5}$$

FORM USED TO CALCULATE
Solids AS A FUNCTION
OF Opacity.

*****/

_d0 = ( *_opacity - b0 ) / b1;
if( _d0 < +0.0 )
    return( _solids_f = +0.0 );
_d1 = ( sqrt( _d0 ) * -1.0 ) + b2;
_d1 *= ( ( *_P3_rate + *_P4_rate ) / *_P4_rate );
_solids_f = _d1;
return( _solids_f );

```



```

/* *****
/*      SA.C, DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, RDD 4554
/* *****

#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Stdio.H >
#include      < StdLib.H >
#include      < ConIo.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Keys.H >
#include      < String.H >
#include      < CType.H >
#include      < Math.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

int           i, _row, _col;

short         default_textcolor;
long          default_bkcolor;

int           active_key[8] = {-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1};

/* ----- */
/*      Metering Pump P3      */
/* ----- */

float         rp3_lo_set;      /* Background Flow Rate */
float         rp3_hi_set;      /* Opacity Reading Flow Rate */
float         mp3;
float         bp3;
float         rp3_max;
float         p3_vol;

/* ----- */
/*      Peristaltic Pump P4    */
/* ----- */

float         rp4_target;      /* Expected Avg. Flow Rate */
float         rp4_max;          /* Maximum Flow Rate */
float         p4_vol;          /* Temporary Volume Variable */
float         mp4;
float         bp4;

/* ----- */
/*      Pressure Sensor        */
/* ----- */

float         lh4_hi_limit;
float         lh4_target;
float         lh4_lo_limit;
float         mh4;              /* Slope of V to P Equation */
float         bh4;              /* Offset of V to P Equation */
float         h4_sig;           /* Raw signal */

```

```

float      h4_level;          /* Level */
_ADC      h4adc;              /* Data Acquisition Structure */

/* ----- */
/*      Opacity Meter      */
/* ----- */

float      xsolids[8];
float      ysignal[8];

float      opacity_weight, b0 = 1.0, b1 = 1.0, b2 = 1.0;

_ADC      opadc;
_ADC      opadcbk;            /* Data Acquisition Structures */

_BOX m1 =      { 6, { "      Setup      ",
                     "      Calibrate   ",
                     "      Operate    ",
                     "      Plot       ",
                     "      DAC Out    ",
                     "      Exit       ",
                     _Black, _White,
                     { "Main Menu:" },
                     _Light_Cyan, -1,
                     0, 12, 26, 0
                   }
};

_ADC      aux;

main()
{
    default_textcolor = STC(_White);
    default_bkcolor   = SBC(_Blue);
    CLS;

    LogSA( "Enter Program" );
    Read_Files();
    Init_ADC();
    InitPIO24();

    MAIN_MENU:

    STC(_White); SBC(_Blue); Start_Up_Message();

    switch( PrintBox( &m1 ) ){

        case 0:      SetUp();
                     goto MAIN_MENU;

        case 1:      Calibrate();
                     goto MAIN_MENU;

        case 2:      Operate();

```

```

                                goto MAIN_MENU;

case 3:                        Plot();
                                goto MAIN_MENU;

case 4:                        OutDAC();
                                /* OutX(); */
                                goto MAIN_MENU;

case 5:                        LeaveSa(0);

                                }

}

int LeaveSa( int _ret_code )
{

    LogSA( "Leave Program\n" );
    Write_Files();
    SetP3( 0.0 );
    SetP4( 0.0 );
    InitPIO24();
    STC( default_textcolor );
    SBC( default_bkcolor );
    CURSOR_ON;
    CLS;
    exit(_ret_code);

}

int PrintBox( _BOX *_b )
{

    short    _i, _tc, _box_width, _sel;
    long     _bk;
    char     _buff[80];

    _box_width = strlen( _b->s[0] ) + 4;

    _tc = _gettextcolor();
    _bk = _getbkcolor();

    if( _b->mtcolor != -1 )
        STC(_b->mtcolor);

    if( _b->mbkcolor != -1 )
        SBC(_b->mbkcolor);

    LOC( _b->row-1, _b->col+((_box_width-strlen(_b->mname))/2) );
    OTXT( _b->mname );

    STC( _b->tcolor );
    SBC( _b->bkcolor );

```



```

_sel = _b->sel;

CURSOR_OFF;

/* ----- */
/*      Top      */
/* ----- */

for( _i=2; _i<_box_width-2; _buff[_i++] = 'D' );
_buff[0] = ' ' ; _buff[1] = 'Z';
_buff[_box_width-2] = '?'; _buff[_box_width-1] = ' ' ;
_buff[_box_width] = '\0';

LOC( _b->row, _b->col );
OTXT( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Sides      */
/* ----- */

for( _i=2; _i<_box_width-2; _buff[_i++] = ' ' );
_buff[1] = '3'; _buff[_box_width-2] = '3';

for( _i=1; _i<=_b->nstrings; ++_i ){
    LOC( _b->row+_i, _b->col );
    OTXT( _buff );
}

/* ----- */
/*      Bottom      */
/* ----- */

for( _i=2; _i<_box_width-2; _buff[_i++] = 'D' );
_buff[0] = ' ' ; _buff[1] = '@';
_buff[_box_width-2] = 'Y'; _buff[_box_width-1] = ' ' ;
_buff[_box_width] = '\0';
LOC( _b->row+_b->nstrings+1, _b->col );
OTXT( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Strings      */
/* ----- */

for( _i=0; _i<_b->nstrings; ++_i ){
    LOC( _b->row+_i+1, _b->col+2 );
    OTXT( _b->s[_i] );
}

/* ----- */
/*      Highlight      */
/* ----- */

STC( _b->bkcolor );
SBC( _b->tcolor );

```

```

LOC( _b->row+_b->sel+1, _b->col+2 );
OTXT( _b->s[_b->sel] );

/* ----- */
/*      SWITCH character      */
/* ----- */

SWITCH_AGAIN:

switch( gc() ){

    case UP_ARROW:          STC( _b->tcolor );
                           SBC( _b->bkcolor );
                           LOC( _b->row+_sel+1, _b->col+2 );
                           OTXT( _b->s[_sel] );

                           if( _sel == 0 )
                               _sel = _b->nstrings - 1;

                           else
                               --_sel;

                           STC( _b->bkcolor );
                           SBC( _b->tcolor );
                           LOC( _b->row+_sel+1, _b->col+2 );
                           OTXT( _b->s[_sel] );

                           goto SWITCH_AGAIN;

    case DOWN_ARROW:        STC( _b->tcolor );
                           SBC( _b->bkcolor );
                           LOC( _b->row+_sel+1, _b->col+2 );
                           OTXT( _b->s[_sel] );

                           if( _sel == _b->nstrings - 1 )
                               _sel = 0;

                           else
                               ++_sel;

                           STC( _b->bkcolor );
                           SBC( _b->tcolor );
                           LOC( _b->row+_sel+1, _b->col+2 );
                           OTXT( _b->s[_sel] );

                           goto SWITCH_AGAIN;

    case CR:                _b->sel = _sel;
                           break;

    case ESC:               _b->sel = _b->nstrings-1;
                           break;

    default:                goto SWITCH_AGAIN;
}

```

```

    }

    STC( _b->tcolor );
    SBC( _b->bkcolor );
    LOC( _b->row+_sel+1, _b->col+2 );
    OTXT( _b->s[_sel] );

    STC( _tc );
    SBC( _bk );

    CURSOR_ON;

    return(_b->sel);
}

int gc()
{
    int _k;

    _k = getch();

    if( _k != 0 )
        return( _k );

    else{

        _k = getch();
        _k <= 8;

        /*
        if( _k == FKEY9 ){
            SetP3(0.0);
            SetP4(0.0);
            SetV1(_V1_DEFAULT);
        }
        */

        return(_k);
    }
}

#define _GS_WIDTH 256
#define _OVERWRITE 1
#define _INSERT 2

int GetString( char *_s, int _field_width )
{
    char _sbuff[_GS_WIDTH], _sdisp[_GS_WIDTH];
    struct rccoord _rc;
    int _i, _j, _k, _insert_mode, _pbuff, _pdisp, _ps;

```

```

/* ----- */
/*      Initialize Variables      */
/* ----- */

_rc    = _getttextposition();

_ps    = 0;      /* _s[] index      */
_pbuff = 0;      /* _sbuff[] index */
_pdisp = 0;      /* _sdisp[] index  */

/* ----- */
/*      Set Cursor to Default     */
/* ----- */

_insert_mode = _OVERWRITE;
_settextcursor( 0x0007 );

/* ----- */
/*      Copy String to Local Buffer */
/* ----- */

_j = strlen( _s );
if( _j < _field_width ){
    do
        _s[_j] = ' ';
    while
        ( _j++ < _field_width );
    _s[_j] = '\0';
}

strncpy( _sbuff, _s, _GS_WIDTH );

/* ----- */
/*      Copy String to Print Buffer  */
/* ----- */

sprintf( _sdisp, "%.s", _field_width, _s );

/* ----- */
/*      Print String                 */
/* ----- */

OTXT( _sdisp );
LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

/* ----- */
/*      Get a Character              */
/* ----- */

_SWITCH_AGAIN:

CURSOR_ON;

switch( _k = gc() ){

```

```

CURSOR_OFF;

case INSERT:      if( _insert_mode == _INSERT ){
                   _insert_mode = _OVERWRITE;
                   _settextcursor( 0x0007 );
                   }

                   else{
                     _insert_mode = _INSERT;
                     _settextcursor( 0x0607 );
                   }

                   goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case DELETE:      if( _pdisp == _field_width )
                   goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

                   strcpy( &_sbuff[_pbuff], &_sbuff[_pbuff+
                   strcpy( &_sdisp[_pdisp], &_sdisp[_pdisp+

                   strcat( &_sbuff[_pbuff], " " );
                   strcat( &_sdisp[_pdisp], " " );

                   LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );
                   OTXT( &_sdisp[_pdisp] );
                   LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );

                   goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case ESC:         _settextcursor( 0x0607 );
                   strcpy( _sdisp, _s );
                   LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );
                   OTXT( _sdisp );
                   CURSOR_ON;
                   return( _k );

case CR:          _settextcursor( 0x0607 );
                   for( _i = 0; _sdisp[_i] == ' '; ++_i );
                   strcpy( _s, &_sdisp[_i] );
                   CURSOR_ON;
                   return( 0 );

case LEFT_ARROW:  if( _pbuff != 0 )
                   --_pbuff;

                   if( _pdisp != 0 )
                   --_pdisp;

                   else{
                     sprintf( _sdisp, "%.*s", _field_width,
                     OTXT( _sdisp );
                     }

                   LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );

```

```

goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case RIGHT_ARROW:
    if( _pbuff < (_GS_WIDTH-1) )
        ++_pbuff;

    if( _pdisp < _field_width )
        ++_pdisp;

    else(
        sprintf( _sdisp, "%.*s", _field_width,
            LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );
        strcat( &_sbuff[_pbuff-1], " " );
        strcat( &_sdisp[_pdisp-1], " " );
        OTXT( _sdisp );
    )

    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );

    goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case BACKSPACE:
    if( _pbuff > 0 ) --_pbuff;
    if( _pdisp > 0 ) --_pdisp;

    strcpy( &_sbuff[_pbuff], &_sbuff[_pbuff+
    strcpy( &_sdisp[_pdisp], &_sdisp[_pdisp+

    strcat( &_sbuff[_pbuff], " " );
    strcat( &_sdisp[_pdisp], " " );

    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );
    OTXT( &_sdisp[_pdisp] );
    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );

    goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case HOME:
    _pbuff -= _pdisp;
    _pdisp = 0;
    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

    goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case END:
    _pbuff += ( ( _field_width - 1 ) - _pdis
    _pdisp = _field_width - 1;
    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );

    goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

case CTRL_HOME:
    _pbuff = 0;
    _pdisp = 0;
    strncpy( _sdisp, _sbuff, _field_width );
    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );
    OTXT( _sdisp );

```

```

LOC(_rc.row, _rc.col);

goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

default:
for( _i=0; _i<8; ++_i ){
    if( _k == active_key[_i] ){
        _settextcursor( 0x0607 );

        /*** This was added
        for( _i = 0; _sdisp[_i] == ' '; ++_i
        strcpy( _s, &_sdisp[_i] );
        ***/

        /*** This was removed ***/
        strcpy( _sdisp, _s );

        LOC(_rc.row, _rc.col);
        OTXT( _sdisp );
        CURSOR_ON;
        return( _k );
    }
}

if( isprint( _k ) ){

    if( (_insert_mode == _OVERWRITE) && (
        _sbuff[_pbuff] = _k;
        _sdisp[_pdisp] = _k;
        _outchar( _k );
        if( _pdisp < (_field_width-1) ){
            ++_pdisp;
            ++_pbuff;
        }
        if( _pdisp == (_field_width-1) )
            LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col+(_field_widt
        )

    if( (_insert_mode == _INSERT) && (_pd
        _i = _pbuff;
        while( _sbuff[++_i] != '\0' );
        if( _i < (_GS_WIDTH-1) ){

            do{
                _sbuff[_i+1] = _sbuff[_i];
                --_i;
            }
            while
                ( _i >= _pbuff );

            _sbuff[_pbuff] = _k;

            sprintf( &_sdisp[_pdisp], "%.s",

            LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );
            OTXT( &_sdisp[_pdisp] );

```

```

        ++_pbuff;
        ++_pdisp;

        LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col + _pdisp );
    }
}

goto _SWITCH_AGAIN;

}

int GetInt( int *_int, int _n, int _mode )
{
    int          _i, _k, _d;
    char          _s[128];
    struct rccoord _rc;

    _rc = _gettextposition();

    /* ----- */
    /*      Convert Existing Integer to String      */
    /* ----- */

    if( (_mode == _REPLACE) || (_mode == _DISPLAY) )
        sprintf( _s, "%-*d", _n, *_int );

    else if( _mode == _NEW ){
        for( _k = 0; _k < _n; ++_k )
            _s[_k] = ' ';
        _s[_n] = '\0';
    }

    else return( -1 );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Get String      */
    /* ----- */

    _GS:

    LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

    if( _mode != _DISPLAY )
        _k = GetString( _s, _n );

    else
        _k = 0;

```



```

switch( _k ){
    case ESC:                return( _k );
    case 0:                  if( BlankString(_s) )
                            return(-1);
                            else{
                                _d = atoi( _s );
                                sprintf( _s, "%-*d", _n, _d );
                                _s[_n] = '\0';
                                *_int = _d;

                                LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col ); OTXT( _s );
                                LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

                                return( 0 );
                            }
    default:                 for( _i=0; _i<8; ++_i ){
                            if( _k == active_key[_i] )
                                return(_k);
                            }
                            goto _GS;
}

}

int GetFloat( float *_f, int _n, int _mode )
{

    int                _i, _k;
    char               _s[128];
    double             _d;
    struct rccoord     _rc;

    _rc = _gettextposition();

    /* -----
    /*      Convert Existing Float to String if _REPLACE_FLOAT
    /* -----

    if( (_mode == _REPLACE) || (_mode == _DISPLAY) )
        sprintf( _s, "%-*f", _n, *_f );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Create Blank String if _NEW_FLOAT          */
    /* ----- */

    if( _mode == _NEW ){
        for( _k = 0; _k < _n; ++_k )

```

```

    _s[_k] = ' ';
}

_s[_n] = '\\0';

/* ----- */
/*      Return -1 if Mode ERROR      */
/* ----- */

if( (_mode != _REPLACE) && (_mode != _NEW) && (_mode != _DISPLAY)
    return(-1);

/* ----- */
/*      Get String      */
/* ----- */

_GF:

LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

if( (_mode == _NEW) || (_mode == _REPLACE) )
    _k = GetString( _s, _n );

if( _mode == _DISPLAY )
    _k = 0;

switch( _k ){

    case ESC:                return( _k );

    case 0:                  if( BlankString(_s) )
                             return(-1);

                             else{
                                 _d = atof( _s );
                                 sprintf( _s, "%-*f", _n, _d );
                                 _s[_n] = '\\0';
                                 *_f = _d;

                                 LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col ); OTXT( _s );
                                 LOC( _rc.row, _rc.col );

                                 return( 0 );
                             }

    default:                  for( _i=0; _i<8; ++_i ){
                             if( _k == active_key[_i] )
                                 return(_k);
                             }

                             goto _GF;

}

)

```

```

int      SetActiveKeys(  int      _k0,
                        int      _k1,
                        int      _k2,
                        int      _k3,
                        int      _k4,
                        int      _k5,
                        int      _k6,
                        int      _k7      )
{
    int      _i;

    for( _i=0; _i<7; ++_i )
        active_key[_i] = -1;

    if( _k0 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[0] = _k0;

    if( _k1 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[1] = _k1;

    if( _k2 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[2] = _k2;

    if( _k3 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[3] = _k3;

    if( _k4 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[4] = _k4;

    if( _k5 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[5] = _k5;

    if( _k6 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[6] = _k6;

    if( _k7 == 0 )
        return(-1);
    else
        active_key[7] = _k7;

```

```

    return(-1);

}

int    _outchar( int _k )
{
    char    _s[2];

    _s[0] = _k;
    _s[1] = '\0';
    OTXT( _s );

}

int    Start_Up_Message()
{
    int            _i, _r, _c;
    static char    *start_up_msg[4] = {
        "                Babcock & Wilcox                ",
        "    AMTEC - Applied Measurement Technologies    ",
        "                Sulfur and Ash Analyzer                ",
        "    Copyright (C) 1990, The Babcock & Wilcox Company    "
    };

    for( _i=0, _r=2, _c=(80-strlen(start_up_msg[0]))/2; _i<4; ++_i )
        LOC( _r++, _c );
        OTXT( start_up_msg[_i] );
    }

    LOC( ++_r, _c );

    return(-1);

}

int    BlankString( char *_s )
{
    int    _i;

    _i=0;

    while( isspace( _s[_i++] ) );

    return ( _s[--_i] == '\0' ) ? -1 : 0;

}

```



```

/* =====
/*      SA.H, DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
/*      =====

struct _adc      {          float    v_range;
                        float    v_offset;
                        float    fs_bits;
                        float    b_offset;
                        float    volts;
                        int       bits;
                        int       channel;
                        int       gain;
                        int       n;
                    };

#define           _ADC      struct _adc

extern short      default_textcolor;
extern long       default_bkcolor;

extern _ADC       opadc, opadcbk, h4adc, aux;

extern float      rp3_lo_set, rp3_hi_set, mp3, bp3, rp3_max, p3_vol;
extern float      rp4_target, rp4_max, mp4, bp4, p4_vol;
extern float      lh4_lo_limit, lh4_hi_limit, lh4_target, h4_sig, h4_level
extern float      xsolids[], ysignal[], opacity_weight;
extern int        increase_p3_t;
extern int        background_t;
extern int        read_opacity_t;
extern int        flush_t;
extern int        decrease_p3_t;
extern int        rp3_flush_bits;
extern float      percent_solids, p4_cal_rate;
extern float      b0, b1, b2;

#define           _DEBUG   -1

#define           TRUE      -1
#define           FALSE     0

#define           _BOX_STRING_MAX 16

#define           _BOX      struct box

_BOX             {          int       nstrings;
                        char        *s[24];
                        short       tcolor;
                        long        bkcolor;
                        char        *mname;
                        short       mtcolor;
                        long        mbkcolor;
                        int         sel;
                        int         row;
                        int         col;
                        int         mode;
                    }

```

```

);

#define      _REPLACE      1
#define      _NEW          2
#define      _DISPLAY      4

#define      CURSOR_ON      _displaycursor(_GCURSORON)
#define      CURSOR_OFF    _displaycursor(_GCURSOROFF)

#define      LOC(a,b)      _settextposition(a,b)
#define      STC(c)        _settextcolor((short)c)
#define      SBC(c)        _setbkcolor((long)c)
#define      OTXT(t)       _outtext(t)
#define      CLS            _clearscreen(0)

#define      CRS            \x11\x04\x09

/* -----( PIO-24 Parallel Port )-----

#define      PIO_INSTALLED  1

#define      PIO_BASE      0x348
#define      PA            PIO_BASE
#define      PB            PIO_BASE+1
#define      PC            PIO_BASE+2
#define      PIO_CONTROL   PIO_BASE+3

#define      _V1_OPEN      1
#define      _V1_CLOSE     0
#define      _V1_DEFAULT   0

/* -----( DDA-06 D/A Converter )-----

#define      DAC_INSTALLED      1

#define      DDA06_BASE        0x350

#define      P3DAC_L8          DDA06_BASE
#define      P3DAC_H4          DDA06_BASE+1

#define      P4DAC_L8          DDA06_BASE+2
#define      P4DAC_H4          DDA06_BASE+3

#define      STRIP_CHART_L8     DDA06_BASE+6
#define      STRIP_CHART_H4     DDA06_BASE+7

#define      P3_LO              19
#define      P3_HI              18

#define      P4_LO              17
#define      P4_HI              16

/* -----( DAS8-PGA A/D Converter )-----

```

```

#define ADC_INSTALLED 1

#define DAS8PGA_BASE 0x340

#define ADC_L4 DAS8PGA_BASE
#define ADC_H8 DAS8PGA_BASE+1
#define ADC_STATUS DAS8PGA_BASE+2
#define ADC_STATUS_AND_GAIN DAS8PGA_BASE+3 /* Read

#define ADC_START_8_BIT DAS8PGA_BASE
#define ADC_START_12_BIT DAS8PGA_BASE+1
#define ADC_CONTROL DAS8PGA_BASE+2
#define ADC_GAIN_CONTROL DAS8PGA_BASE+3 /* Write

#define ADC_BITS 4096.0
#define ADC_RANGE 10.0
#define ADC_OFFSET 2048.0

#define ADC_GAIN_CONTROL_BYTE 0 /* 5 Volts Bipol

#define BIPOLAR_5V 0
#define BIPOLAR_10V 8
#define UNIPOLAR_10V 9

#define GAIN_1 0xff
#define GAIN_10 0xef
#define GAIN_100 0xdf
#define GAIN_500 0xcf

#define ADC_H4_PRESSURE_SENSOR 0
#define ADC_AUX 1
#define ADC_OPACITY_METER 2

```





```

/*****
/*
/*      SAIO.C
/*      DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
*****/

#include      < StdIo.H >
#include      < Conio.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Keys.H >
#include      < Time.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

int      StripChartOut( float _volts );

extern char      name_out[], test_title[];

int      rp3_flush_bits;
int      strip_bits;
float     strip_volts;

char      *_cb = " Value out of range Calibration Boy ";
char      *_bl = " ";

float      _$p3_rate;
float      _$p4_rate;
int         _$v1;

float      percent_solids;
float      p4_cal_rate;
int         _nfmi;
int         _fmi_bits[100];
float      _fmi_rate[100];
float      _solids[100];

#define TIME_COL 0
#define FMI_RATE_COL 5
#define SOLIDS_COL 15
#define BKGRND_COL 25
#define OPAC_COL 35

int      AutoOpacCal()
{

    FILE      *_aoc, *_df;

    int         _i, _j, _r, _c, _fmi, _nfmi, _graphics_mode;
    int         _gx1, _gx2, _gy1, _gy2, _x1, _y1;
    time_t      _start_t, _current_t, _prev_t;
    float       _new_bk, _old_bk, _new_opac, _old_opac, _max_opacity;
    char        _buff[128];

```

```

struct videoconfig _vc, _vc_sav;

_getvideoconfig( &_vc_sav );

if( _setvideomode( _ERESCOLOR ) ){
    _getvideoconfig( &_vc );
    _graphics_mode = _ERESCOLOR;

    _gx1 = 2 * ( _vc.numxpixels / 3 ) - 64;
    _gx2 = _vc.numxpixels - 1;
    _gy1 = 0;
    _gy2 = _vc.numypixels - 1;

}

else(
    _graphics_mode = 0;
)

/*
printf( "Mode:           %d\n", _graphics_mode );
printf( "Text Rows:      %d\n", _vc.numtextrows );
printf( "Text Columns:     %d\n", _vc.numtextcols );
printf( "X Pixels:          %d\n", _vc.numxpixels );
printf( "Y Pixels:          %d\n", _vc.numypixels );
gc();
*/

SBC(_Blue);
CLS;
CURSOR_OFF;

_new_bk = 0.0;
_old_bk = 0.0;
_new_opac = 0.0;
_old_opac = 0.0;

/* ----- */
/*      Print Header      */
/* ----- */

STC(_Light_Green);
LOC( _r=1, _c=1 );
/*          1          2          3          4          5
/*      12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567
OTXT( "Time  FMI rate  Solids  Bkgrnd  Opacity" );

++_r;

if( _graphics_mode == _ERESCOLOR ){

    /*
    CLS;

    for( _i=0, _gx1=10, _gx2=10, _gy1=10, _gy2=100;

```

```

        _i < _vc.numcolors;
        ++_i, _gx1+=10, _gx2+=10 ){

        _setcolor(_i);
        _moveto( _gx1, _gy1 );
        _lineto( _gx2, _gy2 );

    }

gc();
*/

    _moveto( _gx1, _gy1 );
    _lineto( _gx2, _gy1 );
    _lineto( _gx2, _gy2 );
    _lineto( _gx1, _gy2 );
    _lineto( _gx1, _gy1 );
    _moveto( _gx1, _gy2 );
    _setcolor( _Blue );
    _floodfill( (_gx1+1), (_gy1+1), _Bright_White );
    _setcliprgn( _gx1, _gy1, _gx2, _gy2 );
}

/* ----- */
/*      Open Data File      */
/* ----- */

if( BlankString( name_out ) ){
    strcpy( name_out, "CalData.Prn" );
    strcpy( test_title, "Default Test Data" );
}

_df = fopen( name_out, "wt" );

if( _df == NULL ){
    _setvideomode( _vc_sav.mode );
    return(0);
}

fprintf( _df, "\"%s\"\n\n", test_title );

fprintf( _df, "\"      Bits\", \" FMI Rate\", \"      Solids\", \"      Bk

/* ----- */
/*      Read FMI Pump rates from file      */
/* ----- */

_aoc = fopen( "OpacCal.Prn", "rt" );

if( _aoc == NULL ){
    _setvideomode( _vc_sav.mode );
    return(0);
}

/* fscanf( _aoc, "%f %f ", &percent_solids, &p4_cal_rate ); */

```

```

for( _fmi = 0; (!feof(_aoc)) && (_fmi<100); ++_fmi ){
    fscanf( _aoc, "%d %f", &_fmi_bits[_fmi], &_fmi_rate[_fmi] );
}

fclose(_aoc);

_nfmi = _fmi;

/* ----- */
/*      Calculate Solids Array      */
/* ----- */

/*
sprintf( _buff, "Percent Solids: %10.3f", percent_solids );
LOC( ++_r, _c=10 );
OTXT( _buff );

sprintf( _buff, "P4 Rate:          %10.3f", p4_cal_rate      );
LOC( ++_r, _c=10 );
OTXT( _buff );
*/

for( _fmi=0, ++_r, _c=10; _fmi < _nfmi; ++_fmi ){

    _solids[_fmi] = p4_cal_rate / ( p4_cal_rate + _fmi_rate[_fmi] );
    _solids[_fmi] *= percent_solids;

    sprintf( _buff, "%10d", _fmi_bits[_fmi] );
    LOC( _r + _fmi, FMI_RATE_COL );
    OTXT( _buff );

    sprintf( _buff, "%10.4f", _solids[_fmi] );
    LOC( _r + _fmi, SOLIDS_COL );
    OTXT( _buff );

}

/*
CURSOR_ON;
gc();
return(-1);
*/

_fmi = 0;

/* _settextwindow( 2, 1, 5, 46 ); */

START_CAL_CYCLE:
STC(_Bright_White);

/* ----- */
/*      Set FMI Pump to rp3_flush_bits      */
/*      Set Peristaltic Pump to 0            */
/*      Close Valve                          */
/* ----- */

```

```

/* ----- */
SetP3( ( (float)rp3_flush_bits/4095.0 ) * rp3_max );
SetP4(0.0);
SetV1(_V1_CLOSE);

LOC(_r, FMI_RATE_COL );
sprintf( _buff, "%10d", rp3_flush_bits );
OTXT( _buff );

LOC(_r, SOLIDS_COL );
sprintf( _buff, "%10.4f", _solids[_fmi] );
OTXT( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Wait for flush_t      */
/* ----- */

time( &_start_t );
_prev_t = _start_t - 1L;

do{

    time( &_current_t);

    LOC( _r, TIME_COL );
    sprintf( _buff, "%4Ld", flush_t - (_current_t-_start_t) );
    OTXT( _buff );

    if( _current_t != _prev_t ){
        _prev_t = _current_t;
    }

    if(kbhit()){
        gc();
        break;
    }

}

while
    ( (_current_t - _start_t) < flush_t );

/* ----- */
/*      Read Background for background_t      */
/* ----- */

SetP3( ( (float)_fmi_bits[_fmi]/4095.0) * rp3_max );

LOC(_r, FMI_RATE_COL );
sprintf( _buff, "%10d", _fmi_bits[_fmi] );
OTXT( _buff );

opadcbk.n = 10;

```

```

time( &_start_t );
_prev_t = _start_t - 1L;

do{

    time( &_current_t);

    ReadADC( &opadcbk );

    /*
    #ifndef ADC_INSTALLED
        opadcbk.volts = (short)( (_current_t-_start_t) * 5.0 );
    #endif
    */

    _new_bk = opadcbk.volts;
    _new_bk += _old_bk * ( opacity_weight - 1.0 );
    _new_bk /= opacity_weight;

    _old_bk = _new_bk;

    LOC( _r, TIME_COL );
    sprintf( _buff, "%4Ld", background_t - (_current_t-_start_t) )
    OTXT( _buff );

    LOC( _r, BKGRND_COL );
    sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _new_bk );
    OTXT( _buff );

    strip_volts = (_new_bk + 10.0) * 4095.0 / 20.0;
    StripChartOut( strip_volts );

    if( _current_t != _prev_t ){
        _prev_t = _current_t;
    }

    if(kbhit()){
        gc();
        break;
    }

}

while
    ( (_current_t - _start_t) < background_t );

/* ----- */
/*      Set FMI Pump to _fmi_bits[]      */
/*      Set Peristaltic Pump to p4_cal_rate      */
/*      Open Valve      */
/* ----- */

SetP3( ( (float)_fmi_bits[_fmi] / 4095.0 ) * rp3_max );
SetP4( p4_cal_rate );
SetV1(_V1_OPEN);

```

```

LOC( _r, FMI_RATE_COL );
sprintf( _buff, "%10d", _fmi_bits[_fmi] );
OTXT( _buff );

/* ----- */
/*      Read Opacity for read_opacity_t      */
/* ----- */

STC( _Bright_White );

opadc.n = 10;

time( &_start_t );
_prev_t = _start_t - 1L;

do{

    time( &_current_t );

    ReadADC( &opadc );

    /*
    #ifndef ADC_INSTALLED
        opadc.volts = (short)( (_current_t-_start_t) * 5.0 );
    #endif
    */

    _new_opac = opadc.volts;
    _new_opac += _old_opac * ( opacity_weight - 1.0 );
    _new_opac /= opacity_weight;

    _old_opac = _new_opac;

    LOC( _r, TIME_COL );
    sprintf( _buff, "%4Ld", read_opacity_t - (_current_t-_start_t) );
    OTXT( _buff );

    LOC( _r, OPAC_COL );
    sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", (_new_opac - _new_bk) );
    OTXT( _buff );

    strip_volts = (_new_opac - _new_bk + 10.0) * 4095.0 / 20.0;
    StripChartOut( strip_volts );

    if( _current_t != _prev_t ){
        _prev_t = _current_t;
    }

    if( kbhit() ){
        break;
    }

}

```



```

while
    ( (_current_t - _start_t) < read_opacity_t );

/* ----- */
/*      Store to file      */
/* ----- */

fprintf( _df,
        "%d, %.3f, %.4f, %.3f, %.3f\n",
        _fmi_bits[_fmi],
        _fmi_rate[_fmi],
        _solids[_fmi],
        _new_bk,
        (_new_opac-_new_bk) );

/* ----- */
/*      Plot      */
/* ----- */

if( _graphics_mode == _ERESCOLOR ){
    if( _fmi == 0 ){
        _max_opacity = 1.25 * ( _new_opac - _new_bk );

        if( _max_opacity < 0.0 )
            _max_opacity = 1.0;
    }

    _x1 = (float)_gx1 + ( ( (float)_fmi + 1.0 ) / ((float)_nfmi +
    _y1 = (float)_gy2 - (_new_opac-_new_bk) * ( (float)_gy2 - (flc

#ifdef ADC_INSTALLED
        _y1 = ( _gy2 - _gy1 ) / ( (float)(_nfmi - _fmi) + 1.25 );
#endif

    _setcolor( _Light_Cyan );

    if( _fmi == 0 )
        _moveto( _x1, _y1 );

    else
        _lineto( _x1, _y1 );

    _setcolor( _Bright_White );
    _ellipse( _GBORDER, (_x1-3), (_y1-3), (_x1+3), (_y1+3) );
}

/* ----- */
/*      Finished / Kb Hit ?      */
/* ----- */

```

```

if( kbhit() ){
    SetP3( 0.0 );
    SetP4( 0.0 );
    SetV1( _V1_DEFAULT );

    while( kbhit() )
        gc();

    LOC( 25, 1 );
    CURSOR_ON;
    sprintf( _buff, "Exit Auto-Calibration (Y/N) " );
    OTXT( _buff );

    _j = gc();

    CURSOR_OFF;

    if( (_j=='y') || (_j=='Y') )
        goto KB_EXIT;
    else{
        LOC(25, 1);
        OTXT( " " );
    }
}

if( ++_fmi < _nfmi ){
    ++_r;
    goto START_CAL_CYCLE;
}

KB_EXIT:

fflush( _df );
fclose(_df);

SetP3( 0.0 );
SetP4( 0.0 );
SetV1( _V1_DEFAULT );

LOC(25,79);
CURSOR_ON;

gc();

_setvideomode( _vc_sav.mode );

return(-1);

}

xoutp( unsigned _port, int _databyte )
{

```

```

struct rccoord  _rc;
static short    _tc;
long            _bk;
int             _r, _c, _b;
char            _buff[16];

_rc = _gettextposition();
_tc = _gettextcolor();
_bk = _getbkcolor();

if( (_port >= DDA06_BASE) && (_port <= DDA06_BASE+0xf) ){
    _r = _port - DDA06_BASE;
    _r >>= 1;
}

else(
    _r = 16;
    sprintf( _buff, "0x%04x", _port & 0xfffe );
    LOC(_r,60);
    OTXT( _buff );
)

#ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( _port, _databyte );
#endif

_b = (_port & 1) << 1;
_c = 70 - _b;

LOC( _r, _c );
STC( _Yellow );
sprintf( _buff, "%02x", _databyte );
OTXT( _buff );

LOC(_rc.row,_rc.col);
STC(_tc);
SBC(_bk);

CURSOR_ON;
gc();
return(-1);
}

int OutX()
{
    int    _i;
    int    _chan, _bits;
    float  _volts[6];
    char   _buff[256];

    STC(default_textcolor);

```

```
SBC(default_bkcolor);
CLS;
```

```
while(-1){
    printf( "\nChannel: ");    scanf( "%d", &_chan );

    if( _chan == -1 )
        break;

    printf( "Output Value: "); scanf( "%d", &_bits );

    if( _bits == -1 )
        break;

    _chan &= 0x7;
    _bits &= 0xffff;

    #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( (unsigned)(DDA06_BASE + 2 * _chan), (_bits & 0xff) );
    outp( (unsigned)(DDA06_BASE + 2 * _chan + 1), (_bits & 0xf00) );
    #endif

}

SBC(_Blue);
CLS;
return(-1);
```

```
}
```

```
int OutDAC()
{
    int _i;
    int _chan, _bits, _op_bk;
    float _volts[6];
    char _buff[256];
    int _p3_bits, _p4_bits;
    float _p3_ma, _p4_volts;
    float _p3_ml, _p4_ml;
    float _temp_f;
    int _valve_toggle;
    float _new_opac, _old_opac, _opac_bk, _old_bk, _temp_opacity_w

    /* ----- */
    /* Initialize */
    /* ----- */

    _p3_bits = 0;
    _p4_bits = 0;
    _valve_toggle = 0;

    _new_opac = 0.0;
```



```

/* ----- */
ENTER_V:
SetActiveKeys( FKEY2, FKEY3, UP_ARROW, DOWN_ARROW, ESC, 0 );

/* ----- */
/*      Peristaltic Pump Rate      */
/* ----- */

XXX1:  LOC(10,30);

      _i = GetInt( &_p4_bits, 7, _REPLACE );

      if( (_i==0) && ( (_p4_bits<0) || (_p4_bits>4095) ) ){
          LOC(15,10);
          SBC(_Red);
          OTXT( _cb );
          SBC(_Blue);
          goto XXX1;
      }

      else{
          LOC(15,10);
          SBC(_Blue);
          OTXT( _bl );
      }

      switch(_i){
          case 0:
              if( _p4_bits > 4095 )
                  _p4_bits = 4095;

              if( _p4_bits < 0 )
                  _p4_bits = 0;

              LOC(10,30);
              GetInt( &_p4_bits, 7, _DISPLAY );

              /*
              #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
                  outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_L8, _p4_bits & 0
                  outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_H4, (_p4_bits &
              #endif
              */

              break;

          case ESC:
              goto _DAC_OUT_EXIT;
          case UP_ARROW:
              goto XXX4;
          case FKEY2:
              _op_bk = 1;
              goto DISP_OP;
          case FKEY3:
              _op_bk = 0;
              goto DISP_OP;

      }

```

```

/* ----- */
/*      FMI Pump Rate      */
/* ----- */

XXX2:   LOC(11,30);

        _i = GetInt( &_p3_bits, 7, _REPLACE );

        if( (_i==0) && ( (_p3_bits<0) || (_p3_bits>4095) ) ){
            LOC(15,10);
            SBC(_Red);
            OTXT( _cb );
            SBC(_Blue);
            goto XXX2;
        }

        else{
            LOC(15,10);
            SBC(_Blue);
            OTXT( _b1 );
        }

        switch(_i){
            case 0:
                if( _p3_bits > 4095 )
                    _p3_bits = 4095;

                if( _p3_bits < 0 )
                    _p3_bits = 0;

                LOC(11,30);
                GetInt( &_p3_bits, 7, _DISPLAY );

                /*
                #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
                    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_L8, _p3_bits & 0
                    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_H4, (_p3_bits &
                #endif
                */

                break;

            case ESC:
                goto _DAC_OUT_EXIT;
            case UP_ARROW:
                goto XXX1;
            case FKEY2:
                _op_bk = 1;
                goto DISP_OP;
            case FKEY3:
                _op_bk = 0;
                goto DISP_OP;
        }

/* ----- */
/*      Valve Toggle      */
/* ----- */

XXX3:   LOC(12,30);

```

```

_i = GetInt( &_valve_toggle, 7, _REPLACE );

if( _valve_toggle != 0 ){
    _valve_toggle = 1;
    LOC(12,30);
    GetInt( &_valve_toggle, 7, _DISPLAY );
}

SetV1( _valve_toggle );

switch( _i ){
    case ESC:                goto _DAC_OUT_EXIT;
    case UP_ARROW:           goto XXX2;
    case FKEY2:               _op_bk = 1;
                             goto DISP_OP;
    case FKEY3:               _op_bk = 0;
                             goto DISP_OP;
}

/* ----- */
/*      Opacity Weight      */
/* ----- */

XXX4:  LOC(13,30);

_i = GetFloat( &opacity_weight, 7, _REPLACE );

if( (_i==0) && ( (opacity_weight<0) || (opacity_weight>1
    LOC(15,10);
    SBC(_Red);
    OTXT( _cb );
    SBC(_Blue);
    goto XXX4;
}

else{
    LOC(15,10);
    SBC(_Blue);
    OTXT( _bl );
}

switch( _i ){
    case 0:                   break;
    case ESC:                 goto _DAC_OUT_EXIT;
    case UP_ARROW:           goto XXX3;
    case FKEY2:               _op_bk = 1;
                             goto DISP_OP;
    case FKEY3:               _op_bk = 0;
                             goto DISP_OP;
}

goto XXX1;

```



```

/* ----- */
/*      Read Opacity      */
/* ----- */

DISP_OP:

CURSOR_OFF;

STC(_Bright_White);

LOC(19,10); OTXT( " Voltage:" );
LOC(19,30); OTXT( " Bckgrnd:" );
LOC(19,50); OTXT( " Opacity:" );

SetActiveKeys( FKEY1, FKEY2, FKEY3, ESC, 0 );

opadc.n = 10;
opadchk.n = 10;

/* ----- */
/*      Metering Pump ON      */
/* ----- */

LOC(11,30);
GetInt( &_p3_bits, 7, _DISPLAY );

#ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_L8, _p3_bits & 0xff );
    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_H4, (_p3_bits & 0xf00) >> 8 );
#endif

/* ===== */
/*      Set up for Read Background      */
/* ===== */

if( _op_bk == 0 ){

    /* ----- */
    /*      Valve V1 to Drain      */
    /* ----- */

    _valve_toggle = 0;
    LOC(12,30);
    GetInt( &_valve_toggle, 7, _DISPLAY );
    SetV1( _valve_toggle );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Peristaltic Pump OFF      */
    /* ----- */

    _i = 0;

    LOC(10,30);
    GetInt( &_i, 7, _DISPLAY );

```

```

#ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_L8, _i & 0xff );
    outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_H4, (_i & 0xf00) >> 8 );
#endif

}

/* ===== */
/*      Set up for Read Opacity      */
/* ===== */

else{

    /* ----- */
    /*      Valve V1 to Mixer      */
    /* ----- */

    _valve_toggle = 1;
    LOC(12,30);
    GetInt( &_valve_toggle, 7, _DISPLAY );
    SetV1( _valve_toggle );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Peristaltic Pump ON      */
    /* ----- */

    LOC(10,30);
    GetInt( &_p4_bits, 7, _DISPLAY );

    #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
        outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_L8, _p4_bits & 0xff );
        outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_H4, (_p4_bits & 0xf00) >> 8 );
    #endif

}

/* ===== */
/*      Read Loop      */
/* ===== */

while( !kbhit() ){

    if( _op_bk == 1 ){

        ReadADC( &opadc );

        _old_opac = _new_opac;
        _new_opac = opadc.volts;
        _new_opac += ( opacity_weight - 1.0 ) * _old_opac;
        _new_opac /= opacity_weight;

        LOC( 20, 10 );
        sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _new_opac );
        OTXT( _buff );
    }
}

```

```

    LOC( 20, 50 );
    sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _new_opac - _opac_bk );
    OTXT( _buff );

    strip_volts = ( _new_opac - _opac_bk + 10.0 ) * 4095.0 / 20.0;

    StripChartOut( strip_volts );

}

if( _op_bk == 0 ){
    ReadADC( &opadcbk );

    _old_bk    = _opac_bk;
    _opac_bk   = opadcbk.volts;
    _opac_bk += ( opacity_weight - 1.0 ) * _old_bk;
    _opac_bk /= opacity_weight;

    LOC( 20, 30 );
    sprintf( _buff, "%10.3f", _opac_bk );
    OTXT( _buff );
}

}

CURSOR_ON;

switch( gc() ){

    case ESC:      goto _DAC_OUT_EXIT;

    case FKEY1:    goto ENTER_V;

    case FKEY2:    _op_bk = 1;
                  goto DISP_OP;

    case FKEY3:    _op_bk = 0;
                  goto DISP_OP;

    default:       goto DISP_OP;
}

/* ----- */
/*      Return      */
/* ----- */

_DAC_OUT_EXIT:

SetV1( _V1_DEFAULT );

#ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_L8, 0 );
    outp( (unsigned)P3DAC_H4, 0 );

```

```

        outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_L8, 0 );
        outp( (unsigned)P4DAC_H4, 0 );
    #endif

    if( opacity_weight != _temp_opacity_weight )
        Write_Opacity_File();

    CLS;
    return(-1);

}

int SetP3( float _rate )
{

    /* ----- */
    /*      Set Metering Pump Flow Rate      */
    /* ----- */

    int      _bits, _l8, _h4;

    if( _rate > rp3_max )
        return(0);

    if( _rate < 0.0 )
        return(0);

    _$p3_rate = _rate;

    _bits = ( _rate / rp3_max ) * 4095.0;

    /*
    LOC(25,1);
    printf( "P3:%4d", (_bits & 0xffff) );
    */

    _l8 = (_bits & 0xff);
    _h4 = ( (_bits & 0xf00) >> 8 );

    #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
        outp( P3DAC_L8, _l8 );
        outp( P3DAC_H4, _h4 );
    #endif

    return(-1);

}

int InitPIO24()
{

    #ifdef PIO_INSTALLED
        outp( PIO_CONTROL, 0 );
    #endif

```

```

        #endif

        return(-1);
    }

    int    SetV1( int _open_close )
    {

        #ifdef PIO_INSTALLED
            outp( PA, _$v1 = _open_close );
        #endif

        return(-1);
    }

    int    GetP3( float *_rate )
    {
        *_rate = _$p3_rate;
        return(-1);
    }

    int    GetP4( float *_rate )
    {
        *_rate = _$p4_rate;
        return(-1);
    }

    int    GetV1( )
    {

        return( _$v1 );
    }

    int    SetP4( float _rate )
    {

        /* ----- */
        /*      Set Peristaltic Pump Flow Rate      */
        /* ----- */
        /*      Note: Pump control voltage is      */
        /*      0-5 Volts DC.  D/A Converter must   */
        /*      be set to 5 Volt Unipolar Range.     */
        /* ----- */

        int    _bits, _l8, _h4;

        if( _rate > rp4_max )
            return(0);

        if( _rate < 0.0 )
            return(0);
    }

```

```

    _sp4_rate = _rate;

    _bits = ( _rate / rp4_max ) * 4095.0;

    /*
    LOC(25,10);
    printf( "P4:%4d", (_bits & 0xfff) );
    */

    _l8 = (_bits & 0xff);
    _h4 = ( (_bits & 0xf00) >> 8 );

#ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
    outp( P4DAC_L8, _l8 );
    outp( P4DAC_H4, _h4 );
#endif

    return(-1);

}

int Init_ADC()
{

    h4adc.v_range      = 10.0;
    h4adc.fs_bits      = 4096.0;
    h4adc.b_offset     = 0.0;
    h4adc.v_offset     = h4adc.b_offset * h4adc.v_range / h4adc.fs_bits
    h4adc.gain         = UNIPOLAR_10V;
    h4adc.channel      = ADC_H4_PRESSURE_SENSOR;
    h4adc.n            = 1;

    opadc.v_range      = 20.0;
    opadc.fs_bits      = 4096.0;
    opadc.b_offset     = 2048.0;
    opadc.v_offset     = opadc.b_offset * opadc.v_range / opadc.fs_bits
    opadc.gain         = BIPOLAR_10V;
    opadc.channel      = ADC_OPACITY_METER;
    opadc.n            = 1;

    opadcbk.v_range    = 20.0;
    opadcbk.fs_bits    = 4096.0;
    opadcbk.b_offset   = 2048.0;
    opadcbk.v_offset   = opadcbk.b_offset * opadcbk.v_range / opadcbk
    opadcbk.gain       = BIPOLAR_10V;
    opadcbk.channel    = ADC_OPACITY_METER;
    opadcbk.n          = 1;

    aux.v_range        = 10.0;
    aux.fs_bits        = 4096.0;
    aux.b_offset       = 2048.0;
    aux.v_offset       = aux.b_offset * aux.v_range / aux.fs_bits;
    aux.gain           = BIPOLAR_5V;
    aux.channel        = ADC_AUX;

```

```

        aux.n          = 1;

        return(-1);

    }

int ReadADC( _ADC *_a )
{

    int      _h8, _l4, _bits, _stat, _i;
    long     _sum;

    /* ----- */
    /*      Select Gain and Channel      */
    /* ----- */

    #ifdef ADC_INSTALLED
        outp( ADC_GAIN_CONTROL, _a->gain );
        outp( ADC_CONTROL, _a->channel );
    #endif

    /* ----- */
    /*      Sum n conversions      */
    /* ----- */

    for( _i=_a->n, _sum=0; _i!=0; --_i ){

        #ifdef ADC_INSTALLED

            outp( ADC_START_12_BIT, 0 );

            do
                _stat = inp( ADC_STATUS );

            while
                ( _stat & 0x80 );

            _l4 = inp( ADC_L4 );
            _h8 = inp( ADC_H8 );

            #endif

            _sum += ( ( _l4 >> 4 ) | ( _h8 << 4 ) );

        }

        _a->volts      = _sum / (float)_a->n;
        _a->bits       = _a->volts;

        _a->volts      -= _a->b_offset;
        _a->volts      *= (_a->v_range / _a->fs_bits);

        return(-1);

    }

```

```

int      FastReadADC()
{
    /* ----- */
    /*      FastReadADC assumes that channel & gain      */
    /*      have been selected by caller.                */
    /* ----- */

    int      _h8, _l4, _bits, _stat;

    #ifdef ADC_INSTALLED

    outp( ADC_START_12_BIT, 0 );

    do
        _stat = inp( ADC_STATUS );
    while
        ( _stat & 0x80 );

    _l4 = inp( ADC_L4 );
    _h8 = inp( ADC_H8 );

    #endif

    return( ( _l4 >> 4 ) | ( _h8 << 4 ) );

}

int      StripChartOut( float _volts ){
    int _bits;

    _bits = _volts;

    if( _bits > 4095 )
        _bits = 4095;

    if( _bits < 0 )
        _bits = 0;

    #ifdef DAC_INSTALLED
        outp( STRIP_CHART_L8, (_bits & 0xff) );
        outp( STRIP_CHART_H4, (_bits & 0xf00) >> 8 );
    #endif

    return(-1);

}

```





```

/* *****
/*      Setup.C, DOE S & ASH ANALYZER, B&W RDD 4554
/* *****

#include      < Graph.H >
#include      < Colors.H >
#include      < Stdio.H >
#include      < StdLib.H >
#include      < String.H >
#include      < Dos.H >
#include      < Io.H >
#include      < Keys.H >

#include      "Sa.H"
#include      "Proto.H"

#define       TEST_TITLE_LENGTH 32
#define       NAME_OUT_LENGTH 32

char         test_title[TEST_TITLE_LENGTH];
char         name_out[NAME_OUT_LENGTH];

Setup()
{
    int             _r, _c, _i, _j, _k;
    unsigned        _ui;
    char            _str[80], _buff[80];
    struct rccoord  _rcgofn;
    char            _drive[_MAX_DRIVE], _dir[_MAX_DIR];
    char            _fname[_MAX_FNAME], _ext[_MAX_EXT];

    _r = 2;
    _c = 5;

    CURSOR_ON;

    SBC(_Blue);
    CLS;

    STC(_Bright_White);
    LOC(_r, _c); _outtext( "Setup Routine: " );
    STC(_Light_Green);
    LOC(++_r, _c); _outtext( "Set operating paramaters" );
    LOC(++_r, _c); _outtext( "and name files." );

    /* ----- */
    /*      Get output file name      */
    /* ----- */

    SetActiveKeys( 0 );

    _rcgofn.row = _r;
    _rcgofn.col = _c;

```

GOFN:

STC( \_Light\_Green );

LOC( \_r+=2, \_c+2 ); \_outtext( "Name the output file to" );  
LOC( ++\_r, \_c+2 ); \_outtext( "which data will be stored: " );

STC( \_Black ); SBC( \_Light\_Cyan );  
GetString( name\_out, NAME\_OUT\_LENGTH-2 );

for( \_i = NAME\_OUT\_LENGTH - 3; name\_out[\_i] == ' '; --\_i );  
name\_out[++\_i] = '\\0';

\_splitpath( name\_out, \_drive, \_dir, \_fname, \_ext );

if( \_drive[0] == '\\0' ){  
    \_dos\_getdrive( &\_ui );  
    switch( \_ui ){  
        case 1: strcpy( \_drive, "A:" ); break;  
        case 2: strcpy( \_drive, "B:" ); break;  
        case 3: strcpy( \_drive, "C:" ); break;  
        case 4: strcpy( \_drive, "D:" ); break;  
        case 5: strcpy( \_drive, "E:" ); break;  
        default: break;  
    }  
}

\_makepath( name\_out, \_drive, \_dir, \_fname, \_ext );

LOC( \_r+=2, \_c );  
SBC( \_Blue );

/\* ----- \*/  
/\*       Check for RESERVED FILE NAME       \*/  
/\* ----- \*/

if( Is\_Reserved\_File( name\_out ) ){

    STC( \_Bright\_White );  
    sprintf( \_buff, "\\\"%s\" is a reserved file name.", name\_out );  
    \_outtext( \_buff );

gc();

\_j=0;

while( \_buff[\_j] != '\\0' )  
    \_buff[\_j++] = ' ';

LOC( \_r, \_c );  
\_outtext( \_buff );

strcpy( name\_out, "" );

```

    _r = _rcgofn.row;
    _c = _rcgofn.col;

    goto GOFN;

}

/* ----- */
/*      If output file exists, overwrite ?      */
/* ----- */

if( access( name_out, 00 ) == 0 ){

    STC( _Bright_White );
    sprintf( _buff, "\"%s\" Already Exists, Overwrite (Y/N) ? ", n
    _outtext( _buff );

    _i = gc();

    _j=0;

    while( _buff[_j] != '\0' )
        _buff[_j++] = ' ';

    LOC( _r, _c );
    _outtext( _buff );

    if( (_i=='n') || (_i=='N') ){

        strcpy( name_out, "" );

        _r = _rcgofn.row;
        _c = _rcgofn.col;

        goto GOFN;

    }

}

/* ----- */
/*      Display output filename      */
/* ----- */

STC( _Bright_White );
LOC( _r, _c ); _outtext( "Output filename: " );

STC( _Light_Cyan );
LOC( _r, _c+18 ); _outtext( name_out );

/* ----- */
/*      Input Title of Test      */
/* ----- */

LOC( _r+=2, _c+2 ); STC( _Light_Green );
sprintf( _buff, "Title of Test: " );

```

```

_outtext( _buff );

STC( _Black ); SBC( _Light_Cyan );
GetString( test_title, TEST_TITLE_LENGTH-2 );

/* ----- */
/*      Print Variable Descriptions      */
/* ----- */

STC( _Light_Green ); SBC( _Blue ); CLS;

/*      1          2          3          4          5
/*      456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678
LOC( 2,4 ); OTXT("Rate at which dilution pump will be operated
LOC( 3,4 ); OTXT(" when not taking opacity measurments: 000.00 mL/min.

LOC( 5,4 ); OTXT("Rate at which dilution pump will be operated during opa
LOC( 6,4 ); OTXT(" measurments and second flush period: 000.00 mL/min.

LOC( 8,4 ); OTXT("Rate at which dilution pump will be operated during opa
LOC( 9,4 ); OTXT(" sensor auto-calibrate flush period: 3240 bits.");

LOC(11,4); OTXT("Length of time (seconds) for each opacity reading
LOC(12,4); OTXT(" period:

LOC(14,4); OTXT(" Increase P3      0000 seconds");
LOC(15,4); OTXT(" Read Background  0000 seconds");
LOC(16,4); OTXT(" Read Opacity     0000 seconds");
LOC(17,4); OTXT(" Flush           0000 seconds");
LOC(18,4); OTXT(" Decrease P3      0000 seconds");

LOC(20,4); OTXT(" Solids          0.000 \%" );
LOC(21,4); OTXT(" P4 Cal. Rate    0.000 mL/min." );

LOC(14,40); OTXT( "Solids Equation Coefficients:" );
LOC(15,40); OTXT( " B0" );
LOC(16,40); OTXT( " B1" );
LOC(17,40); OTXT( " B2" );

/* ----- */
/*      Print Active Keys      */
/* ----- */

STC( _Bright_White ); SBC( _Blue );

LOC( 24, 2 ); _outtext(
"< DownArrow = Next Cell >    < UpArrow = Previous Cell >" );

LOC( 25, 2 ); _outtext(
"< CR = Enter >                < F1 = Accept All >" );

SetActiveKeys( UP_ARROW, DOWN_ARROW, FKEY1 );

/* ----- */
/*      Print Variables to screen      */
/* ----- */

```

```

/* ----- */
STC( _Black ); SBC( _Light_Cyan );

LOC( 3, 42 );   GetFloat( &rp3_lo_set, 6, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 6, 42 );   GetFloat( &rp3_hi_set, 6, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 9, 42 );   GetInt( &rp3_flush_bits, 5, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 14, 23 );  GetInt( &increase_p3_t, 4, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 15, 23 );  GetInt( &background_t, 4, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 16, 23 );  GetInt( &read_opacity_t, 4, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 17, 23 );  GetInt( &flush_t, 4, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 18, 23 );  GetInt( &decrease_p3_t, 4, _DISPLAY );

LOC( 20, 22 );  GetFloat( &percent_solids, 5, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 21, 22 );  GetFloat( &p4_cal_rate, 5, _DISPLAY );

LOC( 15, 45 );  GetFloat( &b0, 10, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 16, 45 );  GetFloat( &b1, 10, _DISPLAY );
LOC( 17, 45 );  GetFloat( &b2, 10, _DISPLAY );

XX1:   LOC( 3, 42 );
       switch( GetFloat( &rp3_lo_set, 6, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX13;
       }

XX2:   LOC( 6, 42 );
       switch( GetFloat( &rp3_hi_set, 6, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX1;
       }

XX3:   LOC( 9, 42 );
       switch( GetInt( &rp3_flush_bits, 5, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX2;
       }

XX4:   LOC( 14, 23 );
       switch( GetInt( &increase_p3_t, 4, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX3;
       }

XX5:   LOC( 15, 23 );
       switch( GetInt( &background_t, 4, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX4;
       }

XX6:   LOC( 16, 23 );
       switch( GetInt( &read_opacity_t, 4, _REPLACE ) ){
           case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
           case UP_ARROW:   goto XX5;
       }

```

```

XX7:    LOC( 17, 23 );
        switch( GetInt( &flush_t, 4, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX6;
        }

XX8:    LOC( 18, 23 );
        switch( GetInt( &decrease_p3_t, 4, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX7;
        }

XX9:    LOC( 20, 22 );
        switch( GetFloat( &percent_solids, 5, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX8;
        }

XX10:   LOC( 21, 22 );
        switch( GetFloat( &p4_cal_rate, 5, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX9;
        }

XX11:   LOC( 15, 45 );
        switch( GetFloat( &b0, 10, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX10;
        }

XX12:   LOC( 16, 45 );
        switch( GetFloat( &b1, 10, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX11;
        }

XX13:   LOC( 17, 45 );
        switch( GetFloat( &b2, 10, _REPLACE ) ){
            case FKEY1:      goto ACCEPT_ALL;
            case UP_ARROW:   goto XX12;
        }

```

goto XX1;

```

/* ----- */
/*      Return      */
/* ----- */

```

ACCEPT\_ALL:

```

Write_P3_File();
Write_P4_File();
Write_H4_File();
Write_Opacity_File();

```

```
SBC(_Blue);  
CLS;  
  
return(-1);
```

```
}
```



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